

(210915-U)
INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA

# ANNUAL REPORT 2012



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# **Notice of Annual General Meeting**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Twenty-second Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Dewan Persidangan, Tingkat 4, Wisma Wan Mohamed, Jalan Panglima Bukit Gantang Wahab, 30000 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan on **Wednesday, 26 June 2013** at **11:00 a.m.** to transact the following businesses:

#### **AGENDA**

- To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended Resolution 1
   December 2012 together with the Report of the Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To approve the payment of a first and final dividend of 8.5 sen per share less **Resolution 2** income tax and a special tax exempt dividend of 1.1 sen per share for the year ended 31 December 2012.
- 3. To approve the increase in Directors' fees for the year ended 31 December 2012 **Resolution 3** and the payment of Directors' fees thereon.
- 4. To re-elect the following Directors who retire in accordance with Article 80 of the Company's Articles of Association:
  - a) Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed
     b) Dato' Abd Karim bin Ahmad Tarmizi
     Resolution 5
- 5. To re-elect Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa who retires in accordance with Article **Resolution 6** 87 of the Company's Articles of Association.
- 6. To re-appoint Messrs Ernst & Young as Auditors of the Company and to authorise **Resolution 7** the Directors to fix their remuneration.

As special business to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:

7. A Ordinary Resolution – Proposed Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Resolution 8 Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature

"THAT approval be and is hereby given pursuant to Paragraph 10.09, Part E of Chapter 10 of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Main Market Listing Requirements for the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into the Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a revenue or trading nature which are necessary for day-to-day operations with the Related Parties, as detailed in Section 2.1.2 of the Circular to Shareholders of the Company dated 31 May 2013, subject to the following:

 (a) the transactions are carried out in the ordinary course of business on terms not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and not detrimental to minority shareholders of the Company; and

#### **Notice of Annual General Meeting (Continued)**

- (b) disclosure is made in the annual report of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the shareholders' mandate during the financial year based on the following information:
  - (i) the type of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions made; and
  - (ii) the names of the Related Parties involved in each type of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions made and their relationship with the Company.

**THAT** the approval given in the paragraph above shall only continue to be in force until:

- (a) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the said AGM, the authority is renewed;
- (b) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM after the date it is required to be held pursuant to section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 ("the Act"), but must not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to section 143(2) of the Act; or
- (c) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting;

whichever is the earlier.

**AND THAT** authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

# 7. B Special Resolution – Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association Resolution 9 of the Company

"**THAT** the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company as set out in Appendix II of the Circular to Shareholders of the Company dated 31 May 2013 be and are hereby approved."

8. To transact any other business appropriate to an AGM of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Act and the Company's Articles of Association.

By order of the Board

#### Cheai Weng Hoong Chan May Yoke

**Company Secretaries** 

Ipoh 31 May 2013

#### NOTICE OF FIRST AND FINAL DIVIDEND PAYMENT AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER

Subject to the approval of the shareholders, a first and final dividend of 8.5 sen per share less 25% income tax and a special tax exempt dividend of 1.1 sen per share will be paid on 17 July 2013.

Notice is hereby given that the Register of Members of the Company will be closed on 28 June 2013, to determine shareholders' entitlement to the dividend payment.

A depositor will qualify for entitlement only in respect of:

- a) Shares transferred into the Depositors' Securities account before 4:00 p.m. on 28 June 2013 in respect of ordinary transfers; and
- b) Shares bought on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### Notes:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy/proxies who may but need not be a member/members of the Company to attend and vote in his/her stead and Section 149 (1)(b) of the Act shall not apply.
- 2. When a member appoints more than one proxy the appointments shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her shareholding to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his/her attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at D-3-7, Greentown Square, Jalan Dato' Seri Ahmad Said, 30450 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM or at any adjournment thereof.
- 6. Only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 19 June 2013 will be entitled to attend and vote at the above Meeting.
- 7. The registration for the above Meeting will commence on Wednesday, 26 June 2013 at 10:30 a.m.

#### STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

#### Resolutions 4 to 6

The profiles of the Directors standing for re-election are disclosed on pages 9 and 11 of the Annual Report and the details of their interest in the securities of the Company are disclosed under Analysis of Shareholdings on page 39 of the Annual Report.

# **Explanatory Note Resolutions 8 and 9**

Please refer to the Circular to Shareholders dated 31 May 2013 which is enclosed together with the Annual Report of the Company.

# PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

# **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

**YB Dato' Nasarudin bin Hashim** DIMP, AMP, BPC, BCM *Chairman, Non-Independent Non-Executive* 

**Dato' Wan Hashimi Albakri bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri** DIMP Non-Independent Non-Executive

Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed

Senior Independent Non-Executive

**Dato' Abd Karim bin Ahmad Tarmizi DPMP** 

Independent Non-Executive

Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai DPMP

Independent Non-Executive

Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin DPSM, PMP

Independent Non-Executive

Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa DSDK

Non-Independent

#### **GROUP OFFICERS**

Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa DSDK

Group Chief Executive Officer Perak Corporation Berhad

Mr Harbhajan Singh a/l Ujagar Singh AMP, PPT

Group Chief Financial Officer
Perak Corporation Berhad

Hajah Sharifah Nor Hashimah bt Syed Kamaruddin AMP, PPT

Group GM, Land and Property Perak Corporation Berhad

Tuan Haji Ibrahim bin Yaacob AMP, PPT

Chief Executive Officer
PCB Development Sdn Bhd

**Encik Amin bin Halim Rasip** 

Chief Executive Officer Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn Bhd

**Encik Izudin bin Ismail** 

Chief Operating Officer
Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn Bhd

Ms Chow Mun Lan

General Manager cum Company Secretary Casuarina Hotel Management Sdn Bhd

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

2nd Floor, Wisma Wan Mohamed Jalan Panglima Bukit Gantang Wahab 30000 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan

Tel : +6 (05) 242 7277, 242 7279

Fax : +6 (05) 242 7290 Email : pcb@pkcorp.com.my Website : www.pkcorp.com.my

#### **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Mr Cheai Weng Hoong (LS 05624) Ms Chan May Yoke (MAICSA 7019010)

#### **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young (AF: 0039) Chartered Accountants

#### **SOLICITORS**

Rusnah Loh Ng & Co. Koh & C H Tay

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

CIMB Bank Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

D-3-7, Greentown Square Jalan Dato' Seri Ahmad Said 30450 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan

Tel : +6 (05) 241 7762, 253 0760

Fax : +6 (05) 241 6761

#### REGISTRAR

Shared Services & Resources Sdn Bhd D-3-7, Greentown Square Jalan Dato' Seri Ahmad Said 30450 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan

Tel : +6 (05) 241 7762, 253 0760

Fax : +6 (05) 241 6761

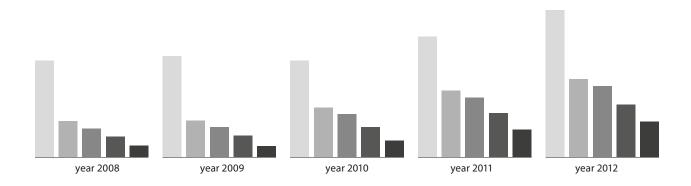
#### STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market,

Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Name : PRKCORP Stock Code : 8346

# Financial Highlights 31 December

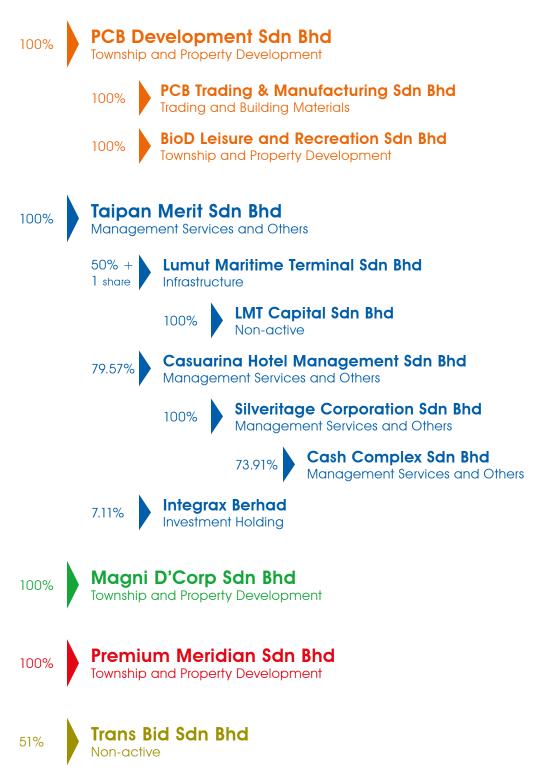


	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	RM '000				
Revenue	103,578	108,069	103,498	128,908	157,383
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation	38,763	39,355	53,029	71,400	83,356
Profit before tax	30,656	32,249	46,177	63,640	75,896
Profit after tax	21,846	22,899	32,346	47,383	56,593
Net profit attributable to equity holders	12,490	11,807	17,755	29,598	38,056

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Total assets	RM '000	631,127	633,426	655,847	675,258	736,902
Shareholders' equity	RM '000	457,620	467,394	491,312	520,417	561,034
Owners' equity	RM '000	381,277	391,209	410,043	431,363	468,443
Total borrowings	RM '000	115,794	110,648	117,646	112,782	107,643
Paid-up capital	RM '000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
Net assets per share	RM	3.81	3.91	4.10	4.31	4.66
Share price as at fiscal year-end	RM	0.56	0.83	1.62	1.12	1.26
Return on total assets	%	4.86	5.09	7.04	9.42	10.30
Return on equity	%	3.28	3.02	4.33	6.86	8.12
Gross dividend per share	%	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	3.00
Gross dividend yield per share	%	4.50	3.00	1.50	2.20	2.40
Earnings per share	sen	12.49	11.81	17.76	29.60	38.06
Price-earnings ratio	times	4.5	7.0	9.1	3.8	3.3
Gearing ratio	%	18.0	6.0	2.0	0.0	0.0

### Corporate Structure as at 31 December 2012





#### **Profile of Directors**

#### YB DATO' NASARUDIN BIN HASHIM DIMP, AMP, BPC, BCM

Non-Independent Non-Executive Director, Malaysian, aged 62 years

YB Dato' Nasarudin bin Hashim was first appointed to the Board on 25 August 2009 and thereafter as the Chairman of the Board and also Chairman of the Finance and Business Development Committee on 26 August 2009.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Arts with Honours from University of Malaya. He also holds a Certificate in Urban and Rural Planning, United Kingdom.



He sits on the Board on behalf of Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak, the ultimate holding corporation of the Company. He has previously served as an Administrative and Diplomatic Services Officer for 23 years at state and federal level. He was a member of Parliament (Parit) from 2004 to 2008 and has been elected as a member of the State Legislative Assembly (Bota, Perak) since 2008. He was previously the Chairman of FELCRA Bhd (2006-2008) and is currently the Chairman of Technology Park Malaysia Corporation Sdn Bhd. He is the Executive Director of PCB Development Sdn Bhd, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, since 1 September 2009.

He attended 8 out of 9 Board of Directors' meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2012. He does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years.

# **DATO' WAN HASHIMI ALBAKRI BIN WAN AHMAD AMIN JAFFRI DIMP** *Non Independent Non-Executive Director, Malaysian, aged 54 years*

Dato' Wan Hashimi Albakri bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri was first appointed to the Board on 18 June 2008. He was appointed as the Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee on 2 November 2009.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering. He sits on the Board on behalf of Sime Darby Property Berhad, a major shareholder of the Company where he is Head of Development Services. Previously, he has served as Geotechnical Design & Research Engineer with Public Works Department, Ikram Bangi, Regional Geotechnical Engineer with

Pengurusan Lebuhraya Bhd, Senior Project Manager with I & P Berhad, General Manager with General Lumber Construction Sdn Bhd, Executive Director with Irat Management Services Sdn Bhd, General Manager, Property Division with Putrajaya Holdings Sdn Bhd, Chief Operating Officer with Putrajaya Homes Sdn Bhd and Chief Executive Officer with Negara Properties (M) Bhd.

He attended 7 out of 9 Board of Directors' meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2012. He does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years.

#### TUAN HAJI AB RAHMAN BIN MOHAMMED

Senior Independent Non-Executive Director, Malaysian, aged 67 years

Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed was first appointed to the Board on 7 August 2007. He was appointed as a member and thereafter the Chairman of the Audit Committee on 29 August 2007 and 26 August 2009 respectively.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Economics with Honours from University of Malaya in 1969. He obtained Masters in Business Management from Asian Institute of Management, Philippines in 1997. He is a Chartered Member of the Institute of Internal Auditors, Malaysia.

Previously, he sat on the Board on behalf of Permodalan Nasional Berhad, then a major shareholder of the Company. He has been redesignated as an Independent Non Executive Director on 26 August 2009. He has served in various Government Departments for 30 years. He has served as Deputy Auditor General of Jabatan Audit Negara (1996-2000) and Chief Internal Auditor for Tenaga Nasional Berhad (2001-2005).

He attended all 9 out of 9 Board of Directors' meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2012. He does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years.

He has an indirect interest via his spouse's shareholding of 5,000 ordinary shares of the Company.



Independent Non-Executive Director, Malaysian, aged 63 years

Dato' Abd Karim bin Ahmad Tarmizi was first appointed to the Board and as a member of the Finance and Business Development Committee on 2 November 2009.

He graduated with a Bachelor of Economics from North Queensland University, Australia. An Australian trained Chartered Accountant, he is also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

In 1976-1980, he served the government in the Accountant General's Office in a senior position. He left for the private sector initially joining Paremba/Sime UEP Bhd. Thereafter, he held a few senior corporate positions in the Sime Darby Group. He ended his professional corporate career as the Group Managing Director of Land & General Berhad. In 2001, he initiated the management buyout of Industrial Resins (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd and spearheaded its operation and listing in 2005 as Chairman/CEO of IRM Group Berhad. He has previously served in the boards of Land and General Bhd, SPPK Bhd, RHB Bhd and as a Council member of the Malaysian Timber Council. He was active in the Petrochemical Industry as past President of the Plastic Resins Producers Group (PRPG) and Vice President of the Malaysian Petrochemical Association (MPA). He also laid the foundation as initial Chairman for the formation of the Malaysian Plastic Forum (MPF), a plastic advocacy group.

He attended 8 out of 9 Board of Directors' meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2012. He does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years.

#### DATUK DR WAN NORASHIKIN BINTI WAN NOORDIN DPSM, PMP

Independent Non-Executive Director, Malaysian, aged 40 years

Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin was first appointed to the Board, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of Nomination and Remuneration Committee on 2 November 2009.

She graduated with a Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS) from the University of Malaya in 1997. She had previously served in the Ministry of Health as a Government Dental Officer from 1997 before she became a private dental practitioner in 2005. She served as the Perak State Assemblywoman for Kampong Gajah from March 2008 to April 2013.

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She attended 7 out of 9 Board of Directors' meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2012. She does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. She has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years.

# **DATO' DR VASAN A/L SINNADURAI DPMP**Independent Non-Executive Director, Malaysian, aged 49 years

Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai was first appointed to the Board, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee on 2 November 2009.

He graduated with Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery from University of Madras, India in 1991. He received the M. MED Orthopaedic from University Science Malaysia (USM) in 2001. He also holds various fellowships, among others, Fellowship in Foot and Ankle Reconstruction (Australia), Fellowship in Sport and Shoulder (Korea), American Orthopaedic Travelling (USA) and is a Certified Medical Independent Assessor (CMIA).

He is currently the Consultant of Orthopaedic and Adult Reconstruction Surgeon at Pantai Hospital Ipoh. He has provided medical services for 19 years. He was the Head of Orthopaedic Department, Taiping Hospital for 4 years before he left for the private sector.

He attended all 9 out of 9 Board of Directors' meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2012. He does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years.

He holds 30,000 ordinary shares of the Company.

#### DATO' AMINUDDIN BIN MD DESA DSDK

Non-Independent Director, Malaysian, aged 51 years Group Chief Executive Officer

Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa was appointed to the Board and as a member of the Finance and Business Development Committee on 27 February 2013, following his appointment as the Group Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 1 February 2013.

He graduated with an Advance Diploma in Business Studies (Insurance) and a Diploma in Accountancy from Universiti Teknologi MARA. He is also an Associate Member of the Chartered Insurance Institute, United Kingdom and of the Malaysian Insurance Institute.

He is the Chief Executive of Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak ("PKNP") where he was appointed on 1 February 2013. Previously, he has served as a Claims Executive of Talasco Insurance, Deputy General Manager of Syarikat Takaful Malaysia Bhd, General Manager of Arab Malaysian Assurance Bhd, Financial Consultant, IHFIM Consultancy Services Sdn Bhd, CEO of Takaful Nasional Sdn Bhd, Executive Director and CEO of Mayban Fortis Holdings Bhd, Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer of Malayan Banking Bhd and Advisor to Strategic Edge Holdings Sdn Bhd.

He sits on the board of UiTM Holdings Sdn Bhd. He has also served on the boards of Maybank Investment Bank Bhd, Etiqa Takaful Bhd, Etiqa Insurance Bhd, Pak-Kuwait Takaful Co. Ltd, Mayban Investment Management Bhd and a few offshore companies.

He is a member of the Board of Governors, Malay College Kuala Kangsar.

He does not have any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder and has no conflict of interest with the Company. He has no conviction for any offence within the past 10 years. He does not hold any ordinary shares of the Company.



# Chairman's Statement Penyata Pengerusi

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report and Financial Statements of PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD for the financial year ended 31 December 2012.

#### Bagi pihak Lembaga Pengarah, saya dengan sukacitanya membentangkan Laporan Tahunan dan Penyata Kewangan PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD bagi tahun kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2012.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Group activities in 2012 remained focus on its core businesses of township development of real property and ancillary services, and maritime services and sales of port related land.

The township and property development activities performed better as compared to the previous year and the consistent improved returns from maritime services have enabled the Group to achieve more than favourable results for the financial year under review as compared to the performance for the last four financial years. The Group will continue to build on its strengths in all of its business segments to remain competitive to achieve favourable results in the foreseeable future.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

For the financial year ended 31 December 2012, the Group's revenue increased by 22.08% to RM157.38 million (2011: RM128.91 million) mainly due to the infrastructure and the township development segments. Accordingly, the Group achieved a pretax profit of RM75.90 million (2011: RM63.64 million), an increase of 19.26%. Net profit attributable to shareholders was RM38.06 million in comparison to RM29.60 million earned in the previous year. Earnings per share and net assets per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent as at 31 December 2012 improved to 38.06 sen (2011: 29.60 sen) and RM4.68 (2011: RM4.31) respectively based on the ordinary shares in issue of RM1.00 each of 100 million (2011: 100 million) units.

#### RINGKASAN EKSEKUTIF

Bagi tahun 2012, aktiviti Kumpulan adalah tertumpu kepada teras perniagaan di dalam pembangunan bandar baru dan perkhidmatan sampingan bagi hartanah dan perkhidmatan maritim serta penjualan hartanah yang berkaitan dengan aktiviti pelabuhan.

Prestasi bagi aktiviti pembangunan bandar baru dan hartanah adalah lebih baik berbanding dengan tahun sebelumnya dan lebihan perolehan dari perkhidmatan maritim telah membolehkan kumpulan mencapai keputusan yang memberangsangkan berbanding prestasi untuk empat tahun kewangan sebelumnya. Kumpulan akan terus meningkatkan kekuatannya di dalam semua segmen perniagaan untuk kekal berdaya saing bagi mencapai keputusan yang menggalakkan bagi masa hadapan yang boleh dijangkakan.

#### TINJAUAN SEMULA KEWANGAN

Bagi tahun kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2012, perolehan pendapatan kumpulan telah meningkat sebanyak 22.08% ke RM157.38 juta (2011: RM128.91 juta) di mana kebanyakannya disumbangkan oleh segmen pembangunan bandar baru dan infrastruktur. Dengan itu, Kumpulan juga telah memperolehi keuntungan sebelum cukai yang berjumlah RM75.90 juta (2011: RM63.64 juta), peningkatan sebanyak 19.26%. Keuntungan bersih yang boleh diagihkan kepada pemegang-pemegang saham adalah sebanyak RM38.06 juta berbanding dengan RM29.60 juta diperolehi pada tahun sebelumnya. Perolehan sesaham dan agihan aset bersih sesaham kepada pemegang ekuiti biasa syarikat induk pada 31 Disember 2012 telah meningkat ke 38.06 sen (2011: 29.60 sen) dan RM4.68 (2011: RM4.31) masing-masing berasaskan syer biasa yang diterbitkan pada RM1.00 seunit untuk 100 iuta (2011: 100 juta) unit.

keuntungan sebelum cukai sebanyak RM9.64 juta berbanding dengan perolehan RM10.58 juta dengan keuntungan sebelum cukai RM8.30 juta yang tercatat bagi tahun 2011. Keuntungan selepas cukai tercatat ialah RM7.00 juta berbanding RM6.50 juta yang dicapai dalam tahun 2011. Peningkatan keuntungan adalah disumbangkan oleh penerimaan dividen daripada salah satu subsidiari bagi tahun yang dinilai.

TINJAUAN SEMULA AKTIVITI-AKTIVITI

Perkhidmatan Pengurusan dan Lain-Lain

Penyumbang utama segmen ini kepada Kumpulan

Bagi tahun yang dinilai, Syarikat telah mencapai perolehan sebanyak RM12.19 juta dengan hasil

Penyumbang utama segmen ini kepada Kumpulan adalah Syarikat, Taipan Merit Sdn Bhd ("TMSB") dan Casuarina Hotel Management Sdn Bhd ("CHM").

Syarikat memperolehi pendapatannya melalui penyewaan bangunan pejabat sembilan tingkat (dikenali sebagai Wisma Wan Mohamed, Ipoh), dividendividen dari anak syarikat serta jualan tanahnya di Bandar Meru Raya, Ipoh ("BMR") dan pendapatan faedah. Pada 31 Disember 2012, Syarikat masih mempunyai 149 ekar tanah di BMR untuk jualan selain daripada hartanah sebanyak 465 ekar di Ulu Behrang, Perak, bersebelahan Proton City, Behrang berhampiran Tanjung Malim yang tersedia untuk jualan dan pembangunan masa hadapan.

TMSB memperolehi pendapatan terutamanya daripada dividen-dividen keluaran anak syarikatnya, Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn Bhd ("LMTSB"), dan pelaburan dalam Integrax Bhd, berserta pendapatan daripada faedah bank. CHM memperolehi pendapatannya daripada faedah simpanan tetap hasil daripada pelupusan hotelnya pada tahun 2009 dan penjualan tanah yang dibeli daripada PCB Development Sdn Bhd.

For the year under review, the Company achieved revenue of RM12.19 million resulting in pretax profits of RM9.64 million as compared to revenue of RM10.58 million with pretax profits of RM8.30 million recorded in the year 2011. Profit after taxation was recorded at RM7.00 million as against RM6.50 million achieved in the year 2011. The increase in profits was largely attributable to dividends received from a subsidiary for the year under review.

#### **OPERATION REVIEW**

#### **Management Services and Others**

The Group's main contributors of this segment are the Company, Taipan Merit Sdn Bhd ("TMSB") and Casuarina Hotel Management Sdn Bhd ("CHM").

The Company derives its income from the rental of its nine-storey office tower (known as Wisma Wan Mohamed, Ipoh), dividends from its subsidiary companies, sale of its land in Bandar Meru Raya, Ipoh ("BMR") and interest income. As at 31 December 2012, it still has 149 acres of land at BMR for sale besides a land bank of 465 acres in Ulu Behrang, Perak, next to the Proton City at Behrang near Tanjung Malim for future sale and development.

TMSB mainly obtains income from dividends from its subsidiary company, Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn Bhd ("LMTSB"), and its investment in Integrax Berhad ("ITB"), and interest income. CHM obtained interest income from fixed deposit placements of the proceeds upon its disposal of its hotel in year 2009 and from disposal of land purchased from PCB Development Sdn Bhd.

CHM has not departed from the hospitality industry as it has begun the construction of a new hotel property in the township of Bandar Meru Raya with a 2,000 seater convention centre and two office towers. The hotel and convention centre which is currently 90% completed, is expected to be completed at the end of third quarter 2013.

This segment achieved a profit before tax (after eliminations for consolidation) of RM4.92 million as compared to a profit before tax of RM4.02 million in 2011.

#### **Township Development**

The Group's main contributor of this segment is its wholly owned subsidiary, PCB Development Sdn Bhd ("PCBD").

PCBD's township development known as Bandar Meru Raya ("BMR"), located in the north of the City of Ipoh, Perak, has received the MSC Malaysia Cybercentre Status Certificate for having fulfilled the necessary set of criteria towards the vision of MSC Malaysia, and is currently being actively developed. The construction of a 156-room hotel, 2 blocks of office towers and convention centre by CHM is currently in progress. Mydin Wholesale Cash & Carry Sdn Bhd which had purchased 16 acres of developed land for the construction of a hypermarket, distribution centre and related facilities, has begun operations in May 2012. In addition, Jabatan Ketua Pengarah Tanah dan Galian Persekutuan Negeri Perak, Arkib Negara, Pejabat Tanah dan Galian Negeri Perak and Yayasan Perak have purchased developed lands to site their administrative offices in BMR in readiness to commence construction. Apart from these, the construction of the intercity bus terminal has been completed which shall improve access to BMR either to/from the Ipoh City or other cities of Peninsular Malaysia. Also, various types of shophouses have been built and are in various stages of construction.

CHM masih mengekalkan perniagaan dalam industri perhotelan dengan bermulanya pembinaan bangunan hotel berserta pusat konvensyen dengan 2,000 tempat duduk di Bandar Meru Raya. Pembinaan bangunan hotel dan pusat konvensyen adalah pada tahap 90% siap dan dijangka siap pada akhir suku tahun ketiga 2013.

Segmen ini telah mencapai keuntungan sebelum cukai (selepas penyisihan penyatuan) sebanyak RM4.92 juta berbanding dengan keuntungan sebelum cukai RM4.02 juta bagi tahun 2011.

#### Pembangunan Bandar Baru

Bagi Kumpulan, penyumbang utama segmen ini ialah subsidiari milik penuh, PCB Development Sdn Bhd ("PCBD").

Pembangunan bandar baru PCBD yang dikenali sebagai Bandar Meru Raya ("BMR"), di utara Bandaraya Ipoh, Perak, telah menerima Sijil "MSC Malaysia Cybercentre Status" atas pencapaian menyempurnakan segala kriteria demi visi MSC Malaysia, dan sedang giat dibangunkan. Pembinaan sebuah hotel yang mempunyai 156 bilik, 2 blok menara pejabat dan pusat konvensyen oleh CHM sedang dalam pembinaan. Mydin Wholesale Cash & Carry Sdn Bhd yang telah membeli 16 ekar tanah pembangunan untuk pembinaan sebuah pasaraya, pusat agihan dan fasiliti berkaitan, telah bermula beroperasi pada bulan Mei 2012. Di samping itu, Jabatan Ketua Pengarah Tanah dan Galian Persekutuan Negeri Perak, Arkib Negara, Pejabat Tanah Dan Galian Negeri Perak dan Yayasan Perak telah membeli tanah pembangunan untuk mendirikan pejabat pentadbiran masing-masing di BMR, sebagai persediaan untuk bermula pembinaan. Selain itu, pembinaan terminal bas antara bandar telah siap dan akan menambahkan perhubungan BMR dari dan ke Bandaraya Ipoh serta lain-lain bandar di Semenanjung Malaysia. Terdapat juga pelbagai jenis rumah kedai yang telah dibina dan juga dalam pelbagai peringkat pembinaan.

Segmen ini telah mencapai peningkatan perolehan

This segment has achieved improved revenue of RM54.16 million (2011: RM26.17 million) with increased profit before taxation of RM23.80 million (2011: RM13.06 million) due to the higher sales of developed lands sold at the enhanced values for the year under review to Curah Bahagia (9 acres via CHM and 4.33 acres), Asiabina Land Sdn Bhd (12 acres), Lembaga Air Perak (5 acres), Jabatan Perikanan (2.4 acres) and Persatuan Kontraktor Melayu (4.24 acres).

#### Infrastructure

The Group's contributor in this segment is via its subsidiary LMTSB, which is a terminal owner, operator and land developer.

Lumut Maritime Terminal ("LMT") is a river port terminal located in Lumut's Dinding River capable of handling Handymax vessels up to 40,000 DWT. It provides total integrated port services and facilities and is capable of handling a whole range of cargoes from dry bulk, liquid bulk, break bulk and project cargoes.

The year 2012 saw a 1.1% reduction in cargo throughput at LMT of 3.1 million tons, as compared to 3.2 million tons in 2011. This is clearly reflected in the decrease in liquid bulk cargo type, mainly as a result of lower export palm oil from PGEO due to the higher Malaysia export duties vis-à-vis Indonesia. This reduction was partly offset by the increase in project cargo from TNB M4 project and Kencana HL for the year as reflected in the 12.3% increase in conventional/break bulk cargo.

#### Infrastruktur

melalui subsidiari LMTSB, yang juga sebuah pemilik terminal, operator dan pemaju hartanah.

Lumut Maritime Terminal ("LMT") adalah sebuah terminal pelabuhan sungai terletak di Sungai Dinding, Lumut yang mempunyai keupayaan mengendalikan kapal-kapal Handymax sehingga 40,000 DWT. LMT berupaya menyediakan perkhidmatan dan kemudahan pelabuhan bersepadu yang menyeluruh dan mampu mengendalikan berbagai jenis kargo dari pukal kering, pukal cecair, pukal terpisah dan kargo projek.

Pengendalian kargo di LMT bagi tahun 2012 mencatat pengurangan 1.1% iaitu 3.1 juta tan, berbanding dengan 3.2 juta tan tahun 2011. Ini disebabkan pengurangan dalam kendalian kargo cecair akibat daripada pengurangan eksport minyak kelapa sawit daripada PGEO kerana peningkatan duti eksport berbanding dengan Indonesia. Namun begitu, pengurangan ini dapat di atasi melalui peningkatan dalam kendalian kargo daripada projek TNB M4 dan Kencana HL seperti kelihatan dalam tahun dinilai dengan kadar 12.3% peningkatan dalam kendalian kargo konvensional dan terpisah.

LMTSB is also the operator and manager of Lekir Bulk Terminal ("LBT"), a deep water seaport located in the Malacca Straits with a natural draft of 20 metres. It is able to handle dry bulk cargoes in Handymax, Panamax and Capemax ships up to 200,000 DWT. LBT is a dedicated terminal to handle coal for the Janakuasa Sultan Azlan Shah (TNBJ) in Sri Manjung. In the year 2012, it handled 7.0 million tons (2011: 6.1 million tons) of coal imported by TNBJ due to the lower prices of coal, whereby larger shipments were being made by Capemax Vessels instead of Panamax Vessels.

#### **Port Operations Summary**

	2012 RM'000	2011 RM'000	%
Revenue	73,006	69,142	9.0
PBT	33,876	32,156	12.6

LBT Cargo	7,020,423	6,073,865	15.6
Throughput	MT	MT	
LMT Cargo	3,139,270	3,175,613	(1.1)
Throughput	MT	MT	

LMTSB's Lumut Port Industrial Park ("LPIP") is a 1,000 acre industrial estate located next to the LMT facilities. It develops and sells industrial land with a lease tenure for 89 years for heavy, medium and light industries at competitive prices. The selling price of the land depends on the location, total acreage purchased and, most importantly, the usage of port facilities. Currently, about 94% of the land has been sold with 62.27 acres of land remaining. Foreign ownership is permitted. Being located next to the LMT makes it a very attractive investment opportunity for investors.

LMTSB juga adalah operator dan pengurus Lekir Bulk Terminal ("LBT"), pelabuhan laut dalam yang terletak di perairan Selat Melaka dengan kedalaman semulajadi 20 meter. la mampu mengendalikan kargokargo pukal kering dalam kapal-kapal Handymax, Panamax dan Capemax sehingga 200,000 DWT. LBT ialah terminal khusus mengendalikan arang batu bagi Janakuasa Sultan Azlan Shah ("TNBJ") di Seri Manjung. Dalam tahun 2012, sebanyak 7.0 juta tan (2011: 6.1 juta tan) arang batu dikendalikan, diimport oleh TNBJ disebabkan harga yang lebih rendah untuk batu arang, di mana kendalian yang lebih besar ialah dengan kapal Capemax dan bukan Panamax.

#### Ringkasan Operasi Pelabuhan

	2012 RM'000	2011 RM'000	%
Perolehan	73,006	69,142	9.0
Keuntungan sebelum cukai	33,876	32,156	12.6

Kendalian	7,020,423	6,073,865	15.6
kargo LBT	MT	MT	
Kendalian	3,139,270	3,175,613	(1.1)
kargo LMT	MT	MT	

Lumut Port Industrial Park ("LPIP") adalah tanah estet perindustrian seluas 1,000 ekar yang terletak bersebelahan kemudahan LMT. Tanah industri ini telah dibangunkan dan dijual bagi tempoh pajakan 89 tahun bagi industri berat, sederhana dan ringan, pada harga yang kompetitif. Harga jualan tanah adalah berdasarkan lokasi, jumlah keluasan tanah yang dibeli dan, terpenting sekali, penggunaan kemudahan pelabuhan. Sehingga kini, 94% tanah telah dijual dengan baki keluasan sebanyak 62.27 ekar. Pemilikan asing dibenarkan. Lokasi yang bersebelahan dengan LMT menjadikannya satu tarikan kepada para pelabur.

#### **LPIP Summary**

	2012 RM'000	2011 RM'000	%
Revenue	22,992	28,075	(18.1)
PBT	14,018	15,211	(7.8)

Industrial	45.857	65.38	(29.9)
Land Sold	acres	acres	(29.9)

This infrastructure segment has contributed to the Group's revenue by achieving RM98.32 million (2011: RM97.22 million) with profit before taxation totalling RM47.93 million (2011: RM47.37 million) for the year under review.

#### **CORPORATE REVIEW**

The Company had on 28 February 2012 entered into a conditional Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement") with Perak Equity Sdn Bhd ("PESB") to partially settle the total debt of RM104.62 million (PESB debt) owing at 31 December 2011 by PESB to the Company by way of set-off against the total purchase consideration of RM70.27 million for two (2) properties to be acquired by the Company from PESB ("Proposed Settlement"). The resolutions with respect to the Proposed Settlement have been duly approved by the shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 26 July 2012. A request for an extension of time of 6 months from 28 February 2013 to 28 August 2013 has been received from PESB which has been duly agreed by the Company. The Settlement Agreement has yet to be completed since certain conditions precedent in connection therewith have not been fully met as at to-date.

#### Ringkasan LPIP

	2012 RM'000	2011 RM'000	%
Perolehan	22,992	28,075	(18.1)
Keuntungan sebelum cukai	14,018	15,211	(7.8)

Jualan tanah	45.857	65.38	(20.0)
industri	ekar	ekar	(29.9)

Segmen infrastruktur ini telah menyumbang kepada perolehan Kumpulan dengan pencapaian sebanyak RM98.32 juta (2011: RM97.22 juta) dan keuntungan sebelum cukai berjumlah RM47.93 juta (2011: RM47.37 juta) bagi tahun yang dinilai.

#### TINJAUAN KORPORAT

Pada 28 Februari 2012, Syarikat telah menandatangani satu Perjanjian Penyelesaian Hutang dengan Perak Equity Sdn Bhd ("PESB") bagi penyelesaian sebahagian hutang tertunggak berjumlah RM104.62 juta pada 31 Disember 2011 oleh PESB kepada Syarikat, dengan cadangan untuk hutang diimbangkan oleh jumlah hasil jualan sebanyak RM70.27 juta untuk dua (2) hartanah yang dibeli oleh Syarikat daripada PESB. Resolusiresolusi berkaitan dengan Cadangan Penyelesaian Hutang telah diluluskan oleh pemegang-pemegang saham Syarikat di Mesyuarat Agung Luarbiasa pada 26 Julai 2012. Syarikat telah menerima permohonan daripada PESB untuk perlanjutan tempoh selama 6 bulan, iaitu dari 28 Februari 2013 kepada 28 Ogos 2013 dan ini telah dipersetujui oleh Syarikat. Sehingga kini, Perjanjian Penyelesaian Hutang masih belum dianggap selesai memandangkan beberapa terma dan syarat yang masih belum lengkap dipenuhi.

On 27 November 2012, the Company had entered into a conditional Share Sale and Debt Settlement Agreement with PESB to acquire 25,300,543 Integrax Bhd shares representing 8.41% equity interest in Integrax Bhd ("ITB") from PESB for a total consideration of RM40.48 million to be settled by way of set off against the PESB debt (Proposed Final Debt Settlement). The PESB debt as at 31 December 2012 totalled RM107 million. On 22 January 2013, the Company received the approval of the shareholders for the Proposed Final Debt Settlement. On 27 February 2013, the transfer of the said shares to PCB's designated wholly owned subsidiary company, Taipan Merit Sdn Bhd ("TMSB") was completed. As at the date of this report, TMSB has an equity interest of 15.74% in ITB.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Board is committed in ensuring that good corporate governance compliance is practised throughout the Group. Compliance with the Code on Corporate Governance ("CGC") 2012 has been met on 20 December 2012 with inter alia, The Board Charter, The Code of Conduct, The Sustainability Policy and The Whistle Blowing Policy been placed on the Company website at www.pkcorp.com.my.

#### **PROSPECTS FOR THE YEAR 2013**

The Group may be able to achieve satisfactory results for the financial year ending 31 December 2013 though overall results may be affected by the global economic conditions. This confidence is due to the Group's long term strategies which shall hold good for the Group's future prospects and growth. The infrastructure segment shall expect a moderate growth of its port throughput to stabilise hereafter. The township development segment shall build on its increased business activities in Bandar Meru Raya resulting in the enhancement of the value of its land bank which shall provide higher profits upon future sales of development land.

Pada 27 November 2012, Syarikat telah menandatangani Perjanjian Jualbeli Saham dan Penyelesaian Hutang dengan PESB untuk pembelian daripada PESB sebanyak 25,300,543 saham Integrax Bhd ("ITB") yang terdiri daripada 8.41% kepentingan ekuiti dalam Integrax Bhd, berjumlah RM40.48 juta, sebagai penyelesaian mengimbangkan hutang PESB. Tunggakan hutang PESB pada 31 Disember 2012 berjumlah RM107 juta. Pada 22 Januari 2013, Syarikat telah mendapat persetujuan daripada pemegangpemegang saham bagi Cadangan Penyelesaian Hutang Muktamad tersebut. Pada 27 Februari 2013, pemindahan saham-saham berkenaan kepada Taipan Merit Sdn Bhd (TMSB), anak syarikat milik penuh PCB, telah selesai. Pada tarikh laporan ini, TMSB mempunyai kepentingan ekuiti 15.74% dalam ITB.

#### **URUS TADBIR KORPORAT**

Lembaga Pengarah adalah komited bagi memastikan pematuhan tadbir urus korporat yang baik dilaksanakan oleh kumpulan. Pematuhan Kod Urus Tadbir Korporat (CGC) 2012 telah digunapakai pada 20 Disember 2012, antaranya, "The Board Charter", "The Code of Conduct", "The Sustainability Policy" and "The Whistle Blowing Policy" telah dipaparkan di laman web Syarikat di www.pkcorp.com.my.

#### **PROSPEK BAGI TAHUN 2013**

Kumpulan dijangka memperolehi keputusan yang memuaskan bagi tahun kewangan yang akan berakhir 31 Disember 2013 walaupun prestasi keseluruhannya boleh dipengaruhi keadaan ekonomi global. Keyakinan ini berdasarkan perancangan strategi jangka panjang oleh Kumpulan bagi prospek dan pertumbuhan Kumpulan masa depan. Pertumbuhan segmen infrastruktur dijangka meningkat secara sederhana apabila kendalian kargo mencapai kestabilan selepas masa ini. Segmen pembangunan bandar baru akan terus dipertingkatkan berdasarkan penambahan aktiviti perniagaan di Bandar Meru Raya disebabkan nilai hartanah yang lebih tinggi untuk menyumbangkan keuntungan tambahan dalam jualan tanah pembangunan pada masa depan.

#### **DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors recommends a final dividend of 8.5 sen per share less 25% taxation (2011: 3.0 sen per share less 25% taxation) and tax exempt dividend of 1.1 sen (2011: nil) totalling RM7.475 million (2011: RM2.25 million) for the financial year ended 31 December 2012, for approval by shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

The recommended dividends shall be paid on 17 July 2013 upon approval by the shareholders.

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to take this opportunity to give a warm welcome to Dato' Aminuddin Md Desa as a Board member and Group Chief Executive Officer ("GCEO") of the Company since February 2013. I would also like to express my gratitude to our shareholders, clients, suppliers and business associates, bankers and various government authorities for their support and confidence in the Group. My appreciation is also extended to Dato' Samsudin Hashim, who vacated the office as GCEO on 30 November 2012, the Management and staff for all their dedication and commitment in their work which has resulted in the improved results by the Group for the year under review.

#### YB DATO' NASARUDIN BIN HASHIM

DIMP, AMP, BPC, BCM Chairman 31 May 2013

#### DIVIDEN

Ahli Lembaga Pengarah mencadangkan dividen akhir 8.5 sen sesaham ditolak 25% cukai (2011: 3.0 sen sesaham ditolak 25% cukai) dan dividen dikecualikan cukai 1.1 sen (2011: tiada) berjumlah RM7.475 juta (2011: RM2.25 juta) bagi tahun kewangan berakhir 31 Disember 2012, tertakluk kepada kelulusan para pemegang saham di Mesyuarat Agung Tahunan ("AGM") akan datang.

Dividen yang dicadangkan akan dibayar pada 17 Julai 2013 setelah kelulusan para pemegang saham diperolehi.

#### **PENGHARGAAN**

Saya bagi pihak Lembaga Pengarah, mengambil kesempatan ini untuk mengalu-alukan penyertaan Dato' Aminuddin Md Desa sebagai ahli Lembaga Pengarah dan Ketua Eksekutif Kumpulan ("KEK") Syarikat sejak Februari 2013. Saya juga ingin menyampaikan ucapan terima kasih kepada para pemegang saham, pelanggan, pembekal dan rakanrakan niaga, ahli-ahli perbankan dan pelbagai penguatkuasa kerajaan atas sokongan dan keyakinan yang diberi pada Kumpulan ini. Penghargaan juga dilanjutkan kepada Dato' Samsudin Hashim, yang telah mengosongkan jawatan KEK pada 30 November 2012, pihak pengurusan dan kakitangan atas dedikasi dan komitmen dalam menjalankan tugas dengan tercatatnya prestasi yang lebih baik oleh Kumpulan dalam tahun dinilai.

#### YB DATO' NASARUDIN BIN HASHIM

DIMP, AMP, BPC, BCM Pengerusi 31 Mei 2013

### **Business Overview** – New Developments

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE SEGMENT**

Lumut Maritime Terminal ("LMT") which is owned by Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn Bhd ("LMTSB") provides a total integrated service which is inclusive of tuggage, pilotage, berthing, stevedorage, cargo handling, storage and ancillary services. Its 480-metre linear berth with a 30-metre mooring dolphin is able to berth 40,000 DWT vessels and the 54-metre barge berth can handle barges up to 5,000 DWT.

LMTSB had entered into an agreement with TNB Fuel Services Sdn Bhd (TNBF) for LMTSB to provide related marine services to ships chartered or hired by TNBF for the carriage of coal that arrives and unloads at Lekir Bulk Terminal ("LBT") for the consumption of TNB Janamanjung Sdn Bhd's ("TNBJ") power plants. TNBF is the exclusive coal supplier to TNBJ for carriage of coal from various loading ports to LBT. The aforesaid marine services comprised vessel handling, tuggage, pilotage, towage, pushing, berthing, unberthing, shifting or warping at the berths through the provision of tugboats, pilot boat and/or mooring boats, equipment and personnel to perform such services. The future estimated earnings of PCB Group are likely to increase due to the new rates and the additional cargo throughput of 3.0 million metric tons annually to be consumed upon the commissioning of the fourth unit of a TNBJ power plant with effect from June 2014.

LBT is South-east Asia's largest dry bulk unloading facility, with high volume handling and storage capability and a natural depth of 20 metres, alongside. The port is capable of berthing an entire range of vessels up to Capemax size.

LMTSB and Lekir Bulk Terminal Sdn Bhd ("LBTSB") have entered into an Operation and Maintenance Agreement ("OMA") dated 30 June 2000 in which LMTSB is paid to run the terminal operations of LBT. The OMA runs on an initial term of 180 months up to 2017 and thereafter, two 5-year terms which are renewable until 2027.

On 27 July 2012, LBTSB entered into a new Jetty Terminal Usage Agreement ("JTUA-M4") with TNBJ for the provision of handling services for the import of coal for TNBJ's new 1,010 MW Manjung 4 Power Plant ("M4 Power Plant") located at Pulau Lekir 1, Telok Rubiah, District of Manjung in Perak for an initial period which will expire on 30 March 2040. The Lumut-Manjung corridor is expected to benefit from the M4 power plant projects and Vale's iron and steel investment in Teluk Rubiah.



Petronas Depot, LPIP





Lumut Maritime Terminal

# PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

#### **TOWNSHIP SEGMENT**



Hotel, Office and Convention Centre Complex



Mydin Hypermarket



The Group's township development known as Bandar



# **Statement of Corporate Governance**

The Board of Directors fully support the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012 (MCCG 2012) which sets out the broad principles and recommendations for good corporate governance that should apply towards achieving the optimal framework in the discharge of its responsibilities to protect and enhance shareholders' value and the financial performance of the Group.

The Company has formalised and placed information on the Company Website at www.pkcorp.com. my the following:-

- The Board Charter clearly set out the roles and responsibilities of the Board and Board Committees
  and the processes and procedures for convening their meeting. Its serves as a reference providing
  prospective and existing Board Members and Management insight into the fiduciary duties of
  Directors.
- The Code of Conduct is based on principles in relation to integrity, sincerity, honesty, responsibility, social responsibility and accountability in order to enhance the standard of corporate governance and behaviour.
- The Sustainability Policy formalises the Company's strategies on promoting sustainability by balancing the environmental, social and governance aspects of business with the interests of various stakeholders towards enhancing investor perception and public trust.
- The Whistle Blowing Policy is in place to improve the overall organisational effectiveness and to uphold the integrity of the Company which acts as a formal internal communication channel, where the staff may communicate in cases where the Company's business conduct is deemed to the contrary to the Company's common values.

The Board, shall review the above mentioned documents on a regular basis to keep them up to date with changes in regulation and best practices and ensure their effectiveness and relevance to Board's objectives.

In preparing this Statement, the Board has considered the manner in which it has applied the principles and recommendations of MCCG 2012 and the extent to which it has complied with MCCG 2012 up to the date of this Statement.

#### **SECTION 1: DIRECTORS**

#### **Composition of the Board**

The Board has seven (7) members as at the date of this Statement, comprising four (4) who are Independent and the rest are Non-Independent. No individual or group of individuals dominates the Board's decision making and the number of directors fairly reflects the nominees of each of the Company's major shareholders.

YB Dato' Nasarudin bin Hashim is the Non-Executive Chairman of the Board while Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa, the Group Chief Executive Officer ("GCEO") who is also a board member, leads the management team. There is a clear division of responsibility between these two roles and between the Non-Executive Board members and the GCEO together with his executive management team to ensure a balance of power and authority.

The Company considers that its complement of Non-Executive Directors provide an effective Board with a mix of industry-specific knowledge and business and commercial experience. This balance

enables the Board to provide clear and effective leadership to the Company and to bring informed and independent judgement to many aspects of the Company's strategy and performance so as to ensure that the Company maintains the highest standard of conduct and integrity. The profile of the Board members is set out on pages 8 to 11.

The majority of the Board members are Independent Directors since the Company recognises the contribution of Independent Directors as equal Board members in the development of the Company's strategy, the importance of representing the interest of public shareholders and providing a balanced and independent view to the Board. The Independent Directors are independent of management and free from any relationship that could interfere with their independent judgement. Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed is the appointed Senior Independent Non-Executive Director.

#### **Board Responsibilities**

The Board retains full and effective control of the Company. This includes responsibility for determining the Company's overall strategic direction as well as development and control of the Group. Key matters, such as approval of annual and interim results, material acquisitions and disposals, as well as material agreements are reserved for the Board. Functions reserved for the Board are clearly stated in the Board Charter besides the discharge of their fiduciary duties.

The Board has a minimum of four regularly scheduled meetings annually, with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions need to be taken between scheduled meetings. In 2012, the Board held nine (9) meetings on the following dates: 17 January, 28 February, 30 March, 2 May, 29 May, 25 July, 29 August, 17 October and 26 November. At each scheduled meeting, there is a full financial and business review and discussion, including trading and financial performance to date against annual budget and financial plan previously approved by the Board for that year. The details of meeting attendance of each individual director are as follows:

	Meeting attendance in 2012
YB Dato' Nasarudin bin Hashim (Chairman)	8/9
Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed	9/9
Dato' Wan Hashimi Albakri bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri	7/9
Dato' Abd Karim bin Ahmad Tarmizi	8/9
Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai	9/9
Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin	7/9
Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa (appointed on 27/02/2013)	-

The Board has also delegated certain responsibilities to other Board committees, which operate within clearly defined terms of reference. Standing committees of the Board include the Audit Committee (please refer to the Report of Audit Committee set out on pages 34 to 36), and Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Board has also set up a Finance and Business Development Committee ("FBDC") to assist the Board to evaluate major operating issues which arise out of the ordinary course of business and new businesses being assessed. The FBDC also reviews Annual Budgets before they are submitted to the

Board and annual salary reviews of the employees of the Company. The FBDC comprises an Independent Non-Executive Director, the GCEO (the Group Chief Financial Officer as his alternate) and headed by the Chairman of the Board. During the financial year, FBDC meetings were held on 17 January, 29 March, 29 May and 22 October.

Middle Management is constantly being informally appraised to assess their capability of taking over the Senior Management positions within the organisation.

#### **Supply of Information**

Each Board member receives quarterly operating results, including comprehensive review and analysis. Prior to each Board meeting, directors are sent an agenda and a full set of Board papers for each agenda item to be discussed at the meeting. This is issued in sufficient time to enable the directors to obtain further explanations, where necessary, in order to be properly informed before the meeting.

Directors have access to all information within the Company whether as full board members or in their individual capacity, in furtherance to their duties. Directors have also direct access to the services of the Company Secretaries who are responsible for ensuring the Board procedures are followed.

#### **Appointments of the Board and Re-election**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") comprises three Non-Executive Directors, two of whom are independent. The Committee is headed by Dato' Wan Hashimi AlBakri bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri and other members are Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin and Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai. The NRC is empowered to bring to the Board recommendations as to the appointment of any new executive or non-executive director upon evaluation of the candidate's ability to discharge the expected responsibilities. The Chairman of the NRC is not the Senior Independent Director, who is currently the Audit Committee Chairman, for better segregation of duties among directors.

The Board through the NRC ensures that it recruits to the Board individuals of sufficient calibre, knowledge, integrity, professionalism and experience to fulfill the duties of a director. The Chairman of the Board together with the GCEO shall give informal briefings to the new directors. All the Directors have attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme as prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("BMSB") on their appointment as directors of the Company as part of the induction exercise on joining the Board.

The NRC shall evaluate annually the effectiveness of each individual director and of the Board as a whole. In addition, the Board shall undertake an assessment on independence annually of its independent directors whose tenure shall not exceed cumulative term of nine (9) years.

In addition, all directors are encouraged to continuously undertake training and regularly update and refresh their skills and knowledge to enable them to effectively discharge their duties. In this connection, the directors have adopted the Guidelines for Directors' Training Needs as recommended by the NRC. The guidelines require each director to attend at least one (1) seminar/course/workshop during the financial year.

The Company has organised site visits and briefings by the management of the core subsidiaries to give the directors a better understanding of their operations. In addition, some of the directors have also attended talks, seminars and conferences to further enhance their skills and knowledge.

The directors have direct access to the advice and the services of the Company Secretaries, who are responsible for ensuring that all appointments are properly made and all necessary information is obtained from directors, both for the Group's own records and for the purposes of complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 1965, BMSB Main Market Listing Requirements and other regulatory requirements. Upon appointment, directors are advised of their legal and other obligations as a director of a public listed company.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, all directors who are appointed by the Board are subject to re-election at the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") after their appointment. The Articles also provided that at least one-third of the Board is subject to re-election at regular intervals of at least once every three years. In addition, pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, directors who are over the age of 70 years are required to submit themselves for re-appointment annually.

During the financial year, NRC meetings were held on 28 February and 29 August. The attendance of the members is as follows:

	Meeting attendance in 2012
Dato' Wan Hashimi Albakri bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri (Chairman)	2/2
Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai	2/2
Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin	1/2

#### **Directors' Training**

From time to time, Directors also receive further training on developments which may have a bearing on their duties and contribution to the Board, from professional bodies, regulatory institutions and corporations. Basically, all the directors of the Company had complied with the Guidelines for Directors' Training Needs for the year 2012 as they were briefed on technical updates in terms of the BMSB Main Market Listing Requirements, Accounting and Taxation matters internally on a quarterly basis during the year. The directors who have attended the training programmes are as follows:

YB Dato' Nasarudin bin Hashim	•	The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012
Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed	•	Role of the Audit Committee in Assuring Audit Quality
	•	Corporate Governance Blueprint 2011 and Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012
Dato' Wan Hashimi Albakri bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri	•	Core Executive Programme 4
Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin	•	Managing Corporate Risk and Achieving Internal Control through Statutory Compliance

#### **SECTION 2: DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

#### **Remuneration Policy and Procedure**

For the remuneration policy, the NRC reviews the annual fees, attendance allowance and other benefits for the directors of the Company. The decision to determine the level of remuneration shall be the responsibility of the Board as a whole after considering recommendations from the NRC with ultimate approval of shareholders at the AGM.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

The aggregate remuneration of the current directors (excluding Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa who was appointed only on 27 February 2013), all of whom are non-executives of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 is as follows:

	RM
Company: fees and attendance allowances	258,550
Subsidiary company: salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind	134,875
Total	393,425

The number of directors of the Company whose total remuneration (which includes the remuneration from a subsidiary) for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 within the following bands are as follows:

Band of remuneration	Non-Executive Directors
Below RM50,000	5
RM50,001 – RM100,000	_
RM100.001 - RM150.000	1

The Board of Directors is of the opinion that the non-disclosure of the individual remuneration of each Director will not significantly affect the understanding and evaluation of the Group governance.

#### **SECTION 3: SHAREHOLDERS**

#### Investor Relations and Shareholders Communication

The Board acknowledges the need for shareholders to be informed of all material business matters affecting the Company through the Annual Report, AGM and Extraordinary General Meeting (if required). Announcements and release of financial results on a quarterly basis, semi-annual returns and business acquisitions and disposals, provide the shareholders and the investing public with an overview of the Group's performance, operations and directions. Members of the public can obtain the full financial results and the Company's announcements from the BMSB's website and the Company's website [www.pkcorp.com.my].

In addition, nominees of the Company's substantial shareholders sit on the Board. This provides a platform for interactions and direct communications between the Board, management and shareholders. Any queries from other shareholders are communicated through the Company Secretaries.

#### **Annual General Meeting ("AGM")**

The AGM is the principal forum for dialogue with shareholders. Notice of the AGM and Annual Reports are sent out to shareholders at least 21 days before the date of meeting.

Besides, the usual agenda for the AGM, the Board provides opportunities for shareholders to raise questions pertaining to the business activities of the Group. The directors and the GCEO are available to provide responses to questions from the shareholders during the meeting.

For re-election of directors, the Board shall ensure that full information shall be disclosed through the notice of meeting regarding directors who are retiring and who are willing to serve if re-elected.

An explanatory statement to facilitate full understanding and evaluation of the issue involved shall accompany items of special business included in the notice of the meeting.

The Board shall encourage poll voting for substantive resolutions. However, with the current level of shareholders' attendance at AGMs, voting by way of a show of hands continues to be efficient. The Board will evaluate the feasibility of carrying out electronic polling at its general meetings in future.

Extraordinary General Meetings were held as follows:

Date	Resolution	Result
26 July 2012	Ordinary Resolution 1	Approved
	Proposed Partial Settlement of Debt By Perak Equity Sdn Bhd ("PESB") By Way Of Set Off Against The Total Purchase Consideration Of RM38.13 Million For Nine (9) Pieces Of Lands Located At Perak Hi-Tech Park, Kanthan, Perak To Be Acquired By The Company From PESB.	
	Ordinary Resolution 2	Approved
	Proposed Partial Settlement Of Debt By Perak Equity Sdn Bhd ("PESB") By Way Of Set Off Against The Total Purchase Consideration Of RM32.14 Million For Lands And Buildings At Teluk Dalam Resort, Pulau Pangkor, Perak To Be Acquired By The Company From PESB	
22 January 2013	Ordinary Resolution	Approved
	Proposed Settlement Of Debt By Perak Equity Sdn Bhd ("PESB") By Way Of Set-Off Against The Total Purchase Consideration Of RM40,480,868.80 For 25,300,543 Ordinary Shares Of RM1.00 Each In Integrax Berhad ("Integrax") Representing 8.41% Equity Interest In Integrax To Be Acquired By Perak Corporation Berhad From PESB.	

#### **SECTION 4: ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT**

#### **Financial Reporting**

For financial reporting through quarterly reports to BMSB and the annual report to shareholders, the directors have a responsibility to present a fair assessment of the Group's position and prospects. The Audit Committee assists the Board in scrutinising information for disclosure to ensure accuracy, adequacy and completeness. The Statement of Directors' Responsibilities pursuant to Section 169 of the Companies Act, 1965 is set out on page 42 of this Annual Report.

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board takes responsibility for the Group's risk management and internal control system and for reviewing its adequacy and integrity. The Board is of the view that the current system of risk management and internal control in place throughout the Group is sufficient to safeguard the Group's assets and shareholders' investment. The Group has in place an adequacy resourced internal audit department of the Company's ultimate holding corporation.

The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control as set out on pages 30 in this Annual Report provides an overview of the state of risk management and internal controls within the Group.

#### **Whistle Blowing Policy**

The Group has in place a Whistle Blowing Policy designed to create an avenue for employees and stakeholders to report genuine concerns about malpractice, unethical behaviour, misconduct or failure to comply with regulatory requirements without fear of reprisal. Any concerns raised will be investigated and a report and update shall be provided to the Audit Committee for further action.

#### **Relationship with Auditors**

The role of the Audit Committee in relation to the auditors can be found in the Report of Audit Committee set out on pages 34 to 36. The Company has always maintained a close and transparent relationship with its auditors in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with accounting standards in Malaysia.

#### **SECTION 5: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

The Company has established a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") framework which places a firm commitment towards achieving a balance between profitability and contribution in CSR activities.

With the CSR framework in place, the Company and its subsidiaries strive to integrate CSR initiatives in every aspect of its business focusing on its employees, its shareholders, its customers, the environment and society as a whole, in addition to complying with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

The Group has contributed and shall continuously endeavour to play a role towards the following CSR activities:

- (a) The Bandar Meru Raya township with the MSC Malaysia Cyber Centre status shall provide the community with improved and higher quality standard of living through enhancements of new infrastructure and a cleaner environment. Biodiversity (BioD) Initiatives have been launched in this township which is an integration of BioD conservation practice and socioeconomic development to achieve sustainable socio-economic growth.
- (b) The establishment of LMT BioHub shall provide the beneficial impact of the gradual changeover from high pollution fossil fuels to clean biofuels, which are renewable resources, on the overall reduction of carbon dioxide emissions and global warming.
- (c) The commitment towards the community by supporting and donating to charitable causes and disaster relief funds organised by the local governments and non-profitable organisations, providing financial assistance in the nurturing of youths with the potential to excel in sports activities and programmes for poverty stricken families by the provision of training opportunities to attain various business or working skills.
- (d) The development of Bumiputra skills in management and entrepreneurship in the various core activities of the Group.
- (e) Local communities being encouraged and assisted to participate actively in tourism products such as Homestay visitors programmes in Perak and the provision of facilities and support to 6 such Homestay programmes in Perak.
- (f) To promote a healthy balance between personal and career development of employees of the group by them attending seminars and training. In addition, they are encouraged to perform voluntary duties in various social activities.

# Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control

#### INTRODUCTION

The Board is responsible for the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and to maintain a sound system of internal control to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. Paragraph 15.26(b) of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("BMSB") Main Market Listing Requirements requires directors of listed companies to include a statement in annual reports on the state of the internal control of the listed issuer as a group. The recent guidelines on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers) ("Risk Management and Internal Control Guidance") further emphasizes the need for maintaining a sound system of risk management and internal control. Set out below is the Board's Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control Guidance.

#### **BOARD RESPONSIBILITY**

The Board of Directors recognises the importance of risk management practices and sound internal controls to good corporate governance. The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group's system of internal controls and risk management, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of those systems. Due to the limitations that are inherent in any system of internal control, the system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve corporate objectives. Accordingly, the system can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The system of internal control covers, inter alia, risk management and financial, organisational, operational and compliance controls. The Board confirms that there is an on-going process for identifying, evaluating, monitoring and managing the significant risks affecting the achievement of the Group's business objectives, which has been in place during the year and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. The Board shall regularly review this process and accords with the Risk Management and Internal Control Guidance.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK**

In accordance with the Risk Management and Internal Control Guidance, the Board confirms that there is an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing risks faced by the Group. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee has been extended to assist the Board towards the compliance of their responsibility. With the assistance of the internal audit department of the ultimate holding corporation, a structured risk management framework for the Group has been put in place. The Board has established a risk management framework, which consists of a formalised risk management policy and procedure for a systematic and consistent approach to evaluate and improve the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management process. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board, taking into account changes in the regulatory and business environment to ensure the adequacy and integrity of the system of risk management and internal control. The key element of the risk management framework involves the following:

#### 1. Group Risk Management Committee

The Group Risk Management Committee is responsible to identify continuously and communicate to the Audit Committee, which in turn would report to the Board, the critical risks the Group faces, their changes and the management action plans to manage the risks.

#### Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (Continued)

#### 2. Risk Management Policies and Procedures Manual

This manual serves as a documented risk management policies and procedures that outlines the risk management framework for the Group and would offer practical guidance to all employees on risk assessment, risk communication and risk monitoring. Such policies and procedures need to be updated and adapted to the current business activities and risk exposures from time to time.

#### 3. Key Management Staff

Nomination of qualified key management staff in each operating unit to prepare action plans, with implementation time-scales to address any risk and control issues.

#### 4. Risk Management Reporting

Quarterly risk management reporting by the head of operating units/ key management staff were submitted to the Group Risk Management Committee. The committee conducts an annual risk assessment exercise in the significant risk affecting the Group. The risk profile of the Group together with the Risk Register were updated and presented in the Risk Management Committee meeting.

The above risk management framework has been fully implemented to effectively address critical business risks along with an appropriate management action plan to manage or mitigate such risks exposures.

For the financial year under review, it has been established at the Group level that the continuous review of the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control and risk management practices shall include the following:

- Assess the competency and suitability of the members of respective subsidiaries risk management committee;
- Require regular risk management reporting (at least once every quarter) from each company within the Group to the holding company according to pre-determined schedule;
- Management action plans to manage or mitigate to be submitted by the respective risk management committees;
- To receive and discuss reports and executive summaries from the companies and thereafter to discuss these reports at the Audit Committee meeting of the Company on a quarterly basis.
- To incorporate progressively the improvement of the systems including the use of benchmarking and key performance indicators as effective operational and financial performance measures.

In order to sustain corporate resiliency, the Group shall continue to strengthen through continuous risk awareness and assessment to ensure proper mitigating actions to further improve the risk level and to address the various risk exposures in the forthcoming year.

#### **REVIEW OF INTERNAL CONTROL EFFECTIVENESS**

The Group, via the ultimate holding corporation's internal audit department, provides support to the Audit Committee in discharging its duties with respect to the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls within the Group. During the financial year under review, the Internal Auditors carried out audits of the operating units including subsidiaries based on an internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. Their audit reports were tabled at the Audit Committee meetings, where Audit Committee members reviewed the findings with management. Internal auditors shall ensure that recommendations to improve controls were implemented by management. These initiatives, together with management's adoption of the external auditors' recommendations for improvement on internal controls noted during their annual audit, provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place.

#### OTHER KEY ELEMENTS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Apart from key risk management and internal audit, the Group has in place the following key elements of internal control:

#### 1. Strategic Blue Print and Objectives

To chart the Group's business direction, the Company has produced the Group's blue print (2011-2015) where strategic thrusts to support the achievement of the Group's key business strategic objectives were identified and undertaken by the Group.

#### 2. Organisational Structure

The Group has in place an organisational structure with clearly defined lines of accountability and delegated authority for all aspects of the business as set out in the Board Charter and Limits of Authority to the Committees of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and operating units

#### 3. Policies and Operating Procedures Manual

There is an Operating Procedures Manual that sets out the policies, procedures and practices covering activities including the following:

#### 3.1 Financial Authority Limits

The Financial Authority Limits define financial limits of purchases of goods/services and capital expenditure for each level of management within the Group.

#### 3.2 Budgeting

Budgets are generated annually at each operating unit. The budgets will then be reviewed by the Finance and Business Development Committee and thereafter presented to the Board for final review and approval.

#### 3.3 Tender Committee

Major purchases of goods and services and contract works are required to be tendered out and submitted to the Board Tender Committee at subsidiary companies' level for review and approval.

#### Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control (Continued)

#### 4. Management Financial Report

Quarterly financial and performance reports are submitted to the Board which include the monitoring of results against budget, with major variances being explained and management action taken for improvement of results. This involves the inclusion of the Group Statements of Comprehensive Income, Group Statements of Financial Position, the Group Statements of Changes in Equity and Group Statements Cash Flows being presented to the Board.

#### 5. Investment Appraisal

Investment proposals covering acquisition of property and long term investments shall be thoroughly appraised by the Board. Post implementation reviews on these investments are conducted and reported to the Board on a regular basis. Likewise, similar action is taken in respect of disposal of property/long term investments/subsidiaries.

#### 6. Group Financial Management Meeting

Group Financial Management Meetings are held to monitor the progress and performance of each business unit and copy of the minutes are circulated to the Group Chief Executive Officer for his information.

#### **CONCLUSION**

For the financial year under review and up to the date of issuance of the Financial Statements, the Board considers the system of Risk Management and Internal Control in this Statement to be satisfactory and the risks to be at an acceptable level within the context of the Group's business environment. The Board has received assurance from the Audit Committee Chairman and Group Chief Financial Officer of the Company who were satisfied with the adequacy, integrity and effectiveness of the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management. Such assurances have also been received from the Chief Executive Officers and Finance Officers of the subsidiaries of the Group. No material losses, contingencies or uncertainties have arisen from any inadequacy or failure of the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management, except for a number of minor structural weaknesses which were identified and addressed during the year, that would require disclosure in the Group's Annual Report.

#### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

In accordance to paragraph 15.23 of BMSB Main Market Listing Requirements, the external auditors have reviewed this Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control for inclusion in the Annual Report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012. Their review was performed in accordance with Recommended Practice Guide ("RPG") 5 issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"). Based on their review, the External Auditors have reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that caused them to believe that this Statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process the Board has adopted in the review of the adequacy and integrity of internal control and risk management of the Group. RPG 5 does not require the external auditors to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

# **Report of Audit Committee**

#### **COMPOSITION**

	Meeting attendance in 2012
Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed (Chairman) Senior Independent Non-Executive	7/7
Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai Independent Non-Executive	7/7
Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin binti Wan Noordin Independent Non-Executive	5/7

#### **KEY FUNCTIONS, ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Audit Committee shall:

- (a) Recommend to the Board the appointment and reappointment of the external auditors, their audit fees and any question of their resignation or dismissal.
- (b) Discuss with the external auditors before the audit commences, the audit plan, their evaluation of the system of internal control and the audit reports on the financial statements and the assistance given by the Company's officers to the external auditors.
- (c) Review the quarterly financial reports and annual financial statements before submission to the Board focusing particularly on:
  - Changes in or implementation of major accounting policy changes;
  - Significant and unusual events; and
  - Compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.
- (d) Discuss the outcome of the interim and final audit, and any matters the auditors may wish to discuss ensuring that no management restrictions are being placed on the scope of their examinations.
- (e) Review the adequacy of the scope, function, competency and resources and the effectiveness of the internal audit function.
- (f) Review the internal audit programme, processes, the results of the internal audit programme, process or investigation undertaken and whether or not appropriate action is taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function.
- (g) Review the Risk Management Framework of the Group, the significant risks identified for the Group and the findings highlighted by the Internal Auditors.
- (h) Review any related party transaction and conflict of interest situation that may arise within the Company and the Group including any transaction, procedure or course of conduct that raises questions of management integrity.

#### **Report of Audit Committee (Continued)**

- (i) Maintain, through regularly scheduled meetings, a direct line of communication between the Board and the External Auditors as well as Internal Auditors.
- (j) Prepare a Report of Audit Committee, for the consideration of the Board at the end of each financial year, for inclusion in the Annual Report of the Company.
- (k) Report to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("BMSB") where the Committee is of the view that a matter reported by it to the Board has not been satisfactory resolved resulting in a breach of BMSB Main Market Listing Requirements.
- (I) Establish policies and procedures to assess the suitability and independence of the external auditors taking into account the provision of non-audit services will not impair their independence and to obtain written assurance from the external auditors that the conduct of audit engagement is in accordance with the terms of all relevant professional and regulatory requirements.
- (m) Carry out the responsibilities as required under Whistle Blowing Policy and Procedures upon receiving reports on misconduct, wrongdoing, corruption, fraud, waste and/or abuse.

#### **MEETINGS**

The Audit Committee shall meet at least four (4) times a year, although additional meetings may be called at any time at the Chairman's discretion and if requested by any member or internal or external auditors. The Committee may convene meetings with the external auditors, the internal auditors or both excluding the attendance of other directors and employees of the Company, whenever deemed necessary. The Committee may invite any person to be in attendance at each meeting.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee shall engage on a continuous basis with senior management, such as the Chairman of the Company, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the head of internal audit and the external auditors in order to be kept informed of matters affecting the Company.

A meeting shall be called by notice in writing of not less than seven (7) days or such shorter notice as may be agreed by the members.

The quorum for each meeting shall be two (2) members, the majority of members present must be independent members.

Minutes of each meeting shall be kept and distributed to each member of the Committee and the Board. The Chairman shall report on each meeting to the Board. The minutes book shall be opened to the inspection of any director of the Company. The secretary to the Committee shall be the Company Secretary.

### **SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES**

The Committee met 7 times during the financial year under review for the following purposes:

- To review the financial statements before the quarterly announcements to BMSB;
- To ensure that the financial statements comply with the applicable Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards
- To review the year end financial statements together with external auditors' management letter and management's response;
- To discuss with the external auditors, the audit plan and scope for the year, as well as the audit procedures to be utilised;
- To assess the suitability and independence of the External Auditors with reference to the policies and procedures as laid out.
- To discuss with the internal auditors on its scope of work, adequacy of resources and coordination with the external auditors;
- To review the reports prepared by the internal auditors on the state of internal control of the Group.
- To review related party transactions and recurrent related party transactions entered into by the Company and its subsidiary companies and Circulars to Shareholders related to such transactions.

In 2012, the Committee held meetings on the following dates: 17 January, 27 February, 29 March, 28 May, 28 August, 17 October and 26 November. The attendance of the members is as shown above.

### INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Board recognises that effective monitoring on a continuous basis is a vital component of a sound internal control system. In this respect, the Audit Committee is supported adequately by the internal audit department from the Company's ultimate holding corporation, which would outsource any consultant or professional firm if there was a requirement to do so. The main role of the internal audit function is to review the effectiveness of the system of internal control and this is performed with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care.

The internal audit activities have been carried out according to the internal audit plan, which has been approved by the Audit Committee. In 2012, a series of review of the risk management framework of the Group and the audits of the operating units including subsidiaries were carried out. The audit reports were tabled at the Audit Committee Meeting, where Audit Committee members reviewed the findings with management. Internal Auditors ensured that recommendations to improve controls were implemented by management. These initiatives, together with management's adoption of the external auditor's recommendations for improvement on internal controls noted during their annual audit, provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place. The cost incurred by the Company for the internal audit function amounted to RM100,000 in respect of the annual fee paid to the Company's ultimate holding corporation for the year 2012.

Further details of the activities of the internal audit function are set out in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 30 to 33.

# **Additional Compliance Information**

# RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS ("RRPTs") OF REVENUE NATURE

RRPTs of revenue nature conducted during the financial year are as follows:

Type of RRPT	Name of Related Party	Relationship with the Company	Actual Value Period: 1/1/12 – 31/12/12 (RM)
Rental of office premises from the Company	Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak ("PKNP")	Ultimate Holding Corporation	2,023,549
Management services provided to the Company	PKNP	Ultimate Holding Corporation	800,000
Project services provided to the Company	PKNP	Ultimate Holding Corporation	800,000
Rental and disbursements payable by the Company	PKNP	Ultimate Holding Corporation	351,782
Operation and maintenance provided by a subsidiary, Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn Bhd ("LMT")	Lekir Bulk Terminal Sdn Bhd ("LBT")	See note 1 below	32,731,674
Tug boat services provided to a subsidiary, LMT	Radikal Rancak Sdn Bhd ("RR")	See note 2 below	6,121,500

# Relationship with the Company:

- 1. LBT is a subsidiary of Pelabuhan Lumut Sdn Bhd ("PL"), which holds 80% of its equity interest, whereas the remaining equity interest of 20% is held by Tuah Utama Sdn Bhd, an unrelated company to PCB Group and its Directors.
- 2. RR is a wholly owned subsidiary of P.T. Tanah Laut, Tbk (formerly known as PT Indoexchange, Tbk), a limited company listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange which in turn is a 81.07% subsidiary of Equatorex Sdn Bhd ("ESB"). Harun Halim Rasip ("HHR") who is a substantial shareholder of ESB is a brother of Amin Halim Rasip, a director of LMT and PL. HHR is a director of RR and ESB.

# **Additional Compliance Information (Continued)**

## **MATERIAL CONTRACTS**

There were no material contracts other than in the ordinary course of business entered into by the Company or its subsidiaries involving the interest of the Directors and major shareholders except as disclosed in Note 38 of the Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2012.

# **Impositions of Sanctions/Penalties**

There were no sanctions and/or penalties imposed on the Company and its subsidiaries, Directors or management by relevant authorities.

## **Non-Audit Fees**

There were assurance related non-audit fees of RM5,000 (2011: RM5,000) and tax compliance services of RM37,900 (2011: RM31,592) payable by the Company and its subsidiaries to the External Auditors of the Company and to a company affiliated to them respectively.

# PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

# Analysis of Shareholdings as at 15 May 2013

Authorised Capital : RM500,000,000 Issued and Fully Paid-Up Capital : RM100,000,000

Class of Shares : Ordinary shares of RM1.00 each fully paid
Voting Rights : One vote per shareholder on a show of hands

One vote per ordinary share on a poll

# **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS** (Based on the Record of Depositors)

No. of holders	Holdings	Total shareholdings	%
262	Less than 100	12,451	0.01
146	100 to 1,000	86,711	0.09
1,724	1,001 to 10,000	6,013,260	6.01
310	10,001 to 100,000	9,321,600	9.32
59	100,001 to 4,999,999	26,934,728	26.94
2	5,000,000* and above	57,631,250	57.63
2,503		100,000,000	100.00

Notes: \* Denotes 5% of the issued capital

## **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (EXCLUDING BARE TRUSTEES)**

(Based on the Company's Register of Substantial Shareholders)

No. of shares he
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No.	Name of holders	Direct	%	Deemed	%
1.	Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak	52,271,253 *1	52.27	627,150 *2	0.63
2.	Sime Darby Property Berhad	6,125,000	6.13	_	_

## Notes:

\*1. Including 51,506,250 shares held through CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd

# **DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS** (Based on the Company's Register of Directors Shareholdings)

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No.	Name of holders	Direct	%	Deemed	%
1.	Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed	_	_	5,000 *1	0.01
2.	Dato' Dr Vasan a/l Sinnadurai	30,000	0.03	-	-

Note: \*1. Deemed interest through his spouse

<sup>\*2.</sup> Deemed interest through its wholly owned subsidiaries, Fast Continent Sdn Bhd, Cherry Blossom Sdn Bhd and Perak Equity Sdn Bhd

# Analysis of Shareholdings as at 15 May 2013 (Continued)

	RTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS (Based on the Record of Depositors)  Name	No. of shares held	%
1	CIMB Group Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd CIMB Bank Bhd for Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak (CBD-NR-PERAKCB)	51,506,250	51.51
2	Sime Darby Property Berhad	6,125,000	6.13
3	KAF Trustee Berhad KAF Fund Management Sdn Bhd for KAF Seagroatt & Campbell Berhad	4,378,000	4.38
4	DB (Malaysia) Nominee (Asing) Sdn Bhd Deutsche Bank Ag Singapore for Horizon Growth Fund N.V.	3,116,600	3.12
5	HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Chee Sai Mun	2,014,000	2.01
6	Lim Pei Tiam @ Liam Ahat Kiat	808,000	0.81
7	Kenanga Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Cantal Capital Inc.	800,000	0.80
8	Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak	765,003	0.76
9	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Teh Kian Lang (CEB)	612,500	0.61
10	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Chee Sai Mun (E-KLC)	560,100	0.56
11	Maybank Securities Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd for Chumpon Chantharakulpongsa	500,000	0.50
12	Renfield Investment Limited	500,000	0.50
13	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for So Kim Seng	500,000	0.50
14	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Hoo Pak @ Hor Ker Pay	481,400	0.48
15	Wong Shak On	462,600	0.46
16	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Joseph Lam Wai	440,000	0.44
17	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Chee Sai Mun	421,000	0.42
18	EB Nominees (Tempatan) Sendirian Berhad Pledged Securities Account for Teoh Beng Tiang (SFC)	420,000	0.42
19	Foo Lim Get	420,000	0.42
	Lim Boon Hing	400,000	0.40
21	CIMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Wong Siow Hu (SEGAMAT-CL)	376,400	0.37
22	Amanahraya Trustees Berhad Public Strategic Smallcap Fund	371,600	0.37
23	Cherry Blossom Sdn Bhd	367,150	0.37
24	KAF Trustee Berhad KAF Fund Management Sdn Bhd for Yayasan Istana Abdul Aziz	360,000	0.36
25	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Wong Ai Ming (E-KLC)	358,100	0.36
26	TA Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Loh Eng Cheang	351,100	0.35
27	KAF Trustee Berhad KAF Fund Management Sdn Bhd for DYMM Tuanku Bainun Mohd Ali	351,000	0.35
28	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Ooi Chin Hock (8058312)	346,900	0.35
	Tok Ler	320,000	0.32
30	RHB Capital Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account for Siow Chock Shume	301,000	0.30
		78,733,703	78.73

# PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

# Summary of Properties as at 31 December 2012

Location	Approximate Land Area (acres)	Tenure	Description	Date of Acquisition Approx. Age (Buildings) Net Book Value	Existing Use
Lot 6407N (PN 67134) Bandar Ipoh, Mukim Ulu Kinta, District of Kinta, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	0.73	Leasehold (99 years) expiring year 2081	9-storey office tower	10.01.1997 32 years RM9,660,854	Rented to Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak except for second and seventh floor occupied by the Company
Part of Lot 140407, 15437, 25459, 33004, 52566, 21310, 18202 Mukim Ulu Kinta, District of Kinta, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	141.53	Freehold	Agricultural land with approval for mixed development from Pejabat Pengarah Tanah & Galian	31.12.1997 RM23,242,502	Agriculture (proposed for mixed development)
No. HSD 98757, PT 167585 Negeri Perak, Mukim Ulu Kinta, District of Kinta, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	5.00	Freehold	3-storey institutional building	1.1.2002 11 years RM3,878,588	Rented to a third party
(a) No.HSD 159908, PT 213246	0.0616	Freehold	Double storey	30.9.2011	Vacant
(b) No.HSD 159909, PT 213247	0.0650	-	building	1 year RM1,267,500	
(c) No.HSD 159910, PT 213248	0.0650			11111,207,300	
Negeri Perak, Mukim Ulu Kinta, District of Kinta, Perak Darul Ridzuan.					
Lot PT 2273, Mukim Lumut, Daerah Manjung, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	27.46	Leasehold (99 years) expiring year 2094	Waterbody	30.9.1995 RM724,246	Port operations
Lot PT 6973, Mukim Lumut, Daerah Manjung, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	72.54	Leasehold (99 years) expiring year 2094	Wharf, warehouse & office complex building, and port land area	10.4.1997 17 years RM81,573,654	Port operations
H.S.(D) 204383 PT 245010 Mukim Ulu Kinta, District of Kinta, Perak Darul Ridzuan.	7.34	Freehold	Hotel, convention centre & 2 office towers (under construction)	24.12.2010 RM10,120,197	Proposed for hotel operations

# **Statement of Directors' Responsibilities**

# **In Respect Of The Annual Audited Financial Statements**

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at the end of the financial year and their results and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have:

- Complied with the applicable MASB approved accounting standards in Malaysia.
- Adopted and consistently applied appropriate accounting policies.
- Made judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable.

The Directors have responsibility for ensuring that the Company and the Group keep accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Company and the Group and which enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 1965.

The Directors have general responsibility for taking such steps that are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# 31 DECEMBER 2012

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# **Directors' report**

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2012.

# **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the Company consist of property and investment holding, real property development and provision of management services.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are described in Note 17 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

# Results

Results	Group RM	Company RM
Profit net of tax	56,593,354	6,995,099
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	38,056,022 18,537,332 56,593,354	6,995,099 - 6,995,099

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

### **Dividends**

The amount of dividend paid by the Company since 31 December 2011 was as follows:

**RM** 

In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2011 as reported in the directors' report of that year:

Final dividend of 3.0% less 25% taxation, on 100,000,000 ordinary shares, approved on 29 June 2012 and paid on 16 August 2012

2,250,000

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, the following dividend payments will be proposed for shareholders' approval:

**RM** 

In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2012:

Final dividends:

8.5% per share less 25% taxation, on 100,000,000 ordinary shares Tax exempt of 1.1 sen per share, on 100,000,000 ordinary shares

6,375,000 1,100,000 7,475,000

The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect these proposed dividends. Such dividends, if approved by the shareholders will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the next financial year ending 31 December 2013.

# **Directors**

The names of the directors of the Company in office since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are:

Dato' Nasarudin Bin Hashim

Dato' Wan Hashimi Albakri Bin Wan Ahmad Amin Jaffri

Tuan Haji Ab Rahman Bin Mohammed

Dato' Abd Karim Bin Ahmad Tarmizi

Dato' Dr Vasan A/L Sinnadurai

Datuk Dr Wan Norashikin Bt Wan Noordin

Dato' Aminuddin Bin Md Desa (appointed on 27 February 2013)

#### **Directors' benefits**

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that year, did there subsist any arrangement to which the Company was a party, whereby the directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

# **Directors' benefits (contd.)**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors as shown in Note 10 to the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company or its related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with any director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest, except as disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements.

### **Directors' interests**

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year were as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares of RM1 ea			
	1 January		31 December	
The Company	2012	Bought	Sold	2012
Tuan Haji Ab Rahman Bin Mohammed				
- indirect*	5,000	-	-	5,000
Dato' Dr Vasan A/L Sinnadurai - direct	30,000	-	-	30,000

<sup>\*</sup>deemed interest through his spouse/issue

None of the other directors in office at the end of the financial year had any interest in shares in the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

## Other statutory information

- (a) Before the statements of comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:
  - to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
  - (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

# Other statutory information (contd.)

- (b) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render:
  - (i) the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; and
  - (ii) the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.
- (c) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.
- (d) At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.
- (e) As at the date of this report, there does not exist:
  - (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
  - (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.
- (f) In the opinion of the directors:
  - no contingent or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due; and
  - (ii) no item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group or of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

## Significant and/or recurring events

The significant and/or recurring events during the financial year are as disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

# **Auditors**

The auditors, Ernst & Young, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 April 2013.

Dato' Nasarudin Bin Hashim

Tuan Haji Ab Rahman Bin Mohammed

Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan, Malaysia

# Statement by directors Pursuant to Section 169(15) of the Companies Act 1965

We, Dato' Nasarudin Bin Hashim and Tuan Haji Ab Rahman Bin Mohammed, being two of the directors of Perak Corporation Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 10 to 128 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2012 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.

The supplementary information set out in Note 44 to the financial statements on page 129 have been prepared in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profit or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

Signed on behalf of the Board in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 April 2013.

Dato' Nasarudin Bin Hashim

Tuan Haji Ab Rahman Bin Mohammed

Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan, Malaysia

# Statutory declaration Pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act 1965

I, Harbhajan Singh A/L Ujagar Singh, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Perak Corporation Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 10 to 129 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed Harbhajan Singh A/L Ujagar Singh at Ipoh in the State of Perak Darul Ridzuan on 25 April 2013

Harbhajan Singh A/L Ujagar Singh

Before me,

S. LETCHUMI DEVI (A 080) Commissioner for Oaths Independent auditors' report to the members of Perak Corporation Berhad (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# Report on the financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Perak Corporation Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2012 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 10 to 128.

## Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Perak Corporation Berhad (contd.)

## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2012 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

# Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- (a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- (b) We are satisfied that the financial statements of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the financial statements of the Company are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- (c) The auditors' reports on the financial statements of the subsidiaries were not subject to any qualification and did not include any comment required to be made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

# Other reporting responsibilities

The supplementary information set out in Note 44 on page 129 is disclosed to meet the requirement of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The directors are responsible for the preparation of the supplementary information in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA Guidance") and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. In our opinion, the supplementary information is prepared, in all material aspects, in accordance with the MIA Guidance and the directive of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

# Independent auditors' report to the members of Perak Corporation Berhad (contd.)

#### Other matters

- 1. As stated in Note 2.2 to the financial statements, Perak Corporation Berhad adopted Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards on 1 January 2012 with a transition date of 1 January 2011. These standards were applied retrospectively by the directors to the comparative information in these financial statements, including the statements of financial position as at 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2011, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2011 and related disclosures. We were not engaged to report on the comparative information and it is unaudited. Our responsibilities as part of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012 have, in these circumstances, included obtaining sufficient appropriate audit evidence that the opening balances as at 1 January 2012 do not contain misstatements that materially affect the financial position as of 31 December 2012 and financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended.
- 2. This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ernst & Young
AF: 0039
Chartered Accountants

No. 1231/03/15 (J) Chartered Accountant

Leong Chooi May

Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan, Malaysia

Date: 25 April 2013

# Statements of comprehensive income For the financial year ended 31 December 2012

		Group		Comp	oany
		2012	2011	2012	2011
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Revenue	3	157,383,001	128,908,036	12,190,549	10,576,216
Cost of sales	4	(58,178,459)	(48,120,071)	-	(1,803,925)
Gross profit	-	99,204,542	80,787,965	12,190,549	8,772,291
Other items of income					
Interest income	5	5,928,828	7,697,833	1,447,103	2,875,378
Other income	6	4,034,865	3,826,814	2,217	65,458
Other items of expense					
Administrative expenses		(26,761,624)	(20,710,635)	(1,798,286)	(1,504,223)
Finance costs	7	(4,052,007)	(4,529,952)	(10,232)	(8,012)
Other expenses		(2,458,284)	(3,431,873)	(2,203,222)	(1,896,826)
Profit before tax	8	75,896,320	63,640,152	9,628,129	8,304,066
Income tax expense	11	(19,302,966)	(16,256,809)	(2,633,030)	(1,807,037)
Profit net of tax		56,593,354	47,383,343	6,995,099	6,497,029
Other comprehensive income:					
Net gain/(loss) on available -for-sale financial assets - Gain/(Loss) on fair value					
changes	_	1,273,948	(6,403,771)		
Total comprehensive	-				
income for the year		57,867,302	40,979,572	6,995,099	6,497,029

# Statements of comprehensive income For the financial year ended 31 December 2012 (contd.)

		Gro	up	Comp	any
		2012	2011	2012	2011
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
Profit attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		38,056,022	29,598,142	6,995,099	6,497,029
Non-controlling interests		18,537,332	17,785,201	-	-
Tron controlling interests	_	56,593,354	47,383,343	6,995,099	6,497,029
	_				
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Owners of the parent		39,329,970	23,194,371	6,995,099	6,497,029
Non-controlling interests		18,537,332	17,785,201	-	-
Ŭ	_	57,867,302	40,979,572	6,995,099	6,497,029
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent (sen per share):					
Basic	12	38.06	29.60		
Diluted	12	38.06	29.60		

PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

Statements of financial position As at 31 December 2012

			Group			Company	
	Note	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	1.1.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	1.1.2011 RM
Assets							
Non-current assets							
Property, plant and equipment	13	67,255,044	49,330,982	47,652,365	9,978,369	10,058,535	10,113,876
Port facilities	4	84,827,661	86,305,980	86,445,961	1	ı	1
Investment properties	15	5,146,088	5,225,177	ı	1	ı	1
Land held for property development	16	14,658,319	17,426,502	18,948,975	1	ı	1
Investments in subsidiaries	17	ı	ı	ı	175,117,720	175,117,720	175,117,720
Investments in associate		1	1	1,985,562	1	ı	3,992,793
Other investments	18	29,747,740	28,018,028	33,016,341	15,640	16,341	16,341
Intangible assets	19	23,811,003	23,811,003	23,811,003	1	ı	1
		225,445,855	210,117,672	211,860,207	185,111,729	185,192,596	189,240,730
Current assets							
Property development costs	16	131,793,677	146,018,976	151,226,298	78,524,319	68,927,059	52,200,366
Inventories	20	6,331,241	5,260,272	5,662,670	ı	ı	1
Trade and other receivables	21	186,595,322	166,070,551	140,263,036	120,130,371	134,959,058	151,142,255
Other current assets	22	254,685	206,077	231,132	ı	ı	1
Tax recoverable		1,530,777	870,677	က	421,989	388,120	1
Cash and bank balances	23	184,950,094	146,713,619	146,604,062	21,060,355	10,124,923	11,635,620
		511,455,796	465,140,172	443,987,201	220,137,034	214,399,160	214,978,241
Total assets		736,901,651	675,257,844	655,847,408	405,248,763	399,591,756	404,218,971

Statements of financial position As at 31 December 2012 (contd.)

	!		Group			Company	
No Equity and liabilities	Note	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	1.1.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	1.1.2011 RM
Current liabilities Retrenchment benefits Loans and borrowings Trade and other payables Tax payable	24 26 28	77,223,769 53,958,048 4,245,831	77,232,855 32,582,308 3,649,536	820,706 77,282,883 38,808,915 1,697,750	60,061,665	60,051,610 1,683,041	60,031,337 10,418,259 578,385
Net current assets	1 1	135,427,648 376,028,148	113,464,699 351,675,473	118,610,254 325,376,947	62,611,091	152,664,509	71,027,981
Non-current liabilities Retirement benefits Trade and other payables Loans and borrowings Deferred tax liabilities	255 28 29 	4,912,485 30,419,003 5,108,687 40,440,175	257,445 - 35,549,182 5,569,993 41,376,620	221,445 - 40,363,593 5,340,164 45,925,202	160,449	124,981	80,895
Total liabilities Net assets	1	175,867,823 561,033,828	154,841,319	164,535,456	62,771,540	61,859,632	71,108,876

Statements of financial position As at 31 December 2012 (contd.)

			Group			Company	
	Note	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	1.1.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	1.1.2011 RM
Equity attributable to owners of the parent							
Share capital	30	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Share premium	31	172,770,440	172,770,440	172,770,440	172,770,440	172,770,440	172,770,440
Fair value adjustment							
reserve	32	(2,176,023)	(3,449,971)	2,953,800	ı	1	1
Retained earnings	33	197,848,179	162,042,157	134,319,015	69,706,783	64,961,684	60,339,655
		468,442,596	431,362,626	410,043,255	342,477,223	337,732,124	333,110,095
Non-controlling interests		92,591,232	89,053,899	81,268,697	ı	ı	1
Total equity		561,033,828	520,416,525	491,311,952	342,477,223	337,732,124	333,110,095
Total equity and liabilities		736,901,651	675,257,844	655,847,408	405,248,763	399,591,756	404,218,971

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of changes in equity
For the financial year ended 31 December 2012

				Attributable to owners of the parent	owners of the p	arent	Ī	
			Equity attributable to owners of	Non  distribu	Non distributablel	Distributable	Non distributable Fair value	Non-
2012 Group	Note	Equity total RM	the parent total RM	Share capital RM	Share premium RM	Retained earnings RM	adjustment reserve RM	controlling interests RM
At 1 January 2012	1	520,416,525	431,362,626	100,000,000	172,770,440	162,042,157	(3,449,971)	89,053,899
Total comprehensive income		57,867,302	39,329,970	,	1	38,056,022	1,273,948	18,537,332
Dividend paid by a subsidiary to a non-controlling shareholder	i i	(14,999,999)	1	1	1	1	1	(14,999,999)
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Dividend	34	(2,250,000)	(2,250,000)	1	1	(2,250,000)	1	1
At 31 December 2012	•	561,033,828	468,442,596	100,000,000	172,770,440	197,848,179	(2,176,023)	92,591,232

PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

Statements of changes in equity For the financial year ended 31 December 2012 (contd.)

				Attributable to owners of the parent	owners of the p	arent		
			Equity attributable	Non  distrib	Non -distributablel	Distributable	Non distributable	<u> </u>
2011 Group	Note	Equity total RM	to owners or the parent total RM	Share capital RM	Share premium RM	Retained earnings RM	rair value adjustment reserve RM	non- controlling interests RM
At 1 January 2011	•	491,311,952	410,043,255	100,000,000	172,770,440	134,319,015	2,953,800	81,268,697
Total comprehensive income	•	40,979,572	23,194,371			29,598,142	(6,403,771)	17,785,201
Dividend paid by a subsidiary to a non-controlling shareholder	<u>.</u>	(6,999,999)	,			1	1	(666'666'6)
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Dividend	8.	(1,875,000)	(1,875,000)			(1,875,000)	1	
At 31 December 2011	•	520,416,525	431,362,626	100,000,000	172,770,440	162,042,157	(3,449,971)	89,053,899

Statements of changes in equity For the financial year ended 31 December 2012 (contd.)

Non

			distributable		Distributable
		Equity total	Share capital	Share	Retained earnings
Company	Note	RM	RM	RM	R
At 1 January 2012		337,732,124	100,000,000	172,770,440	64,961,684
Total comprehensive income		6,995,099		1	6,995,099
Transactions with owners Dividend At 31 December 2012	34	(2,250,000) 342,477,223	100,000,000	172,770,440	(2,250,000) 69,706,783
At 1 January 2011		333,110,095	100,000,000	172,770,440	60,339,655
Total comprehensive income		6,497,029	1		6,497,029
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Dividend  At 31 December 2011	34	(1,875,000) 337,732,124	-	-172,770,440	(1,875,000 <u>)</u> 64,961,684

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statements of cash flows For the financial year ended 31 December 2012

Comparing activities		Gro	up	Com	pany
Operating activities           Profit before tax         75,896,320         63,640,152         9,628,129         8,304,066           Adjustments for:         Allowance for impairment loss         - cereivables         1,059,987         - 48,028           - other investment         701         - 701         - 701         - 206,322           - other investment         831,718         774,533         232,607         206,322           - port facilities         2,497,068         2,448,557         - 6         - 7           - investment properties         79,089         6,500         - 7         - 7           Dividend income         (874,112)         (3,200,000)         - 7         - 7           - a subsidiary         - 7         (9,999,000)         (6,666,667)         1           Interest expenses         (4,052,007         4,529,952         10,232         8,012           Interest expenses         (5,928,828)         (4,997,214)         (1,447,103)         (15,697,66)           Gain on disposal of investments in associate         (7,999)         (84,999)         - 7         (16,497)           Property, plant and equipment written off         1,922         329         - 7         - 7           Prot facilities written off		_			
Profit before tax   Adjustments for:   Allowance for impairment loss   Freceivables   3,424,726   1,059,987   - 701		RM	RM	RM	RM
Adjustments for: Allowance for impairment loss - receivables - other investment - property, plant and equipment - port facilities - other investment - port facilities - investment properties - other investment - other investment - port facilities - other investment - property, plant and equipment - other investment					
Allowance for impairment loss - receivables - other investment Depreciation - property, plant and equipment - port facilities - other investment Dividend income - other investment - ot	Profit before tax	75,896,320	63,640,152	9,628,129	8,304,066
- receivables	Adjustments for:				
- other investment Depreciation - property, plant and equipment - port facilities 2,497,068 2,448,557	Allowance for impairment loss				
Depreciation - property, plant and equipment - property properties - property, plant and equipment - property, plant and equipment - property, plant and equipment - a subsidiary - property, plant and equipment - property, plant an	- receivables	3,424,726	1,059,987	-	48,028
- property, plant and equipment	- other investment	701	-	701	-
- port facilities - investment properties	Depreciation				
- investment properties	<ul> <li>property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	831,718	774,533	232,607	206,322
Dividend income - other investment - a subsidiary -	- port facilities	2,497,068	2,448,557	-	-
- other investment	- investment properties	79,089	6,500	-	-
- a subsidiary Interest expenses Interest income Gain on disposal of - property, plant and equipment - port facilities Gain on disposal of investments in associate Property, plant and equipment written off Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of debts  - 4,052,007 4,529,952 (4,997,214) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,497) (1,447,103) (1,497) (1,40) (1	Dividend income	·			
- a subsidiary Interest expenses Interest income Gain on disposal of - property, plant and equipment - port facilities Gain on disposal of investments in associate Property, plant and equipment written off Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of debts  - 4,052,007 4,529,952 (4,997,214) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,569,766) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,447,103) (1,497) (1,447,103) (1,497) (1,40) (1	- other investment	(874,112)	(3,200,000)	-	-
Interest expenses	- a subsidiary	-	-	(9,999,000)	(6,666,667)
Interest income   Gain on disposal of   Gain on disposal of   Caproperty, plant and equipment   Caproperty	•	4,052,007	4,529,952	, , , ,	
Gain on disposal of - property, plant and equipment - port facilities         (4,099) (34,995) - (16,497) - (16	·			· ·	•
- property, plant and equipment	Gain on disposal of		, , ,		
- port facilities (7,999) (84,999) - Gain on disposal of investments in associate - (2,014,438) - (7,207)  Property, plant and equipment written off 1,922 329 Port facilities written off 865 157,675 - Provision for retirement benefits 21,000 36,000 - Reversal of provision for retirement benefits no longer required 1,922 1,000 Provision for retirement benefits no longer required 1,925 Provision for retirement benefits no longer required 1,926 Provision for retirement benefits no longer required 1,99,896 Provision for retirement benefits no longer required 1,99,896 Provision for retirement loss in receivables 1,200 Provision for 1,200 P	•	(4,099)	(34,995)	-	(16,497)
Gain on disposal of investments in associate Property, plant and equipment written off Port facilities written off Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required Reversal of provision for retirement benefits no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of leate payment interest Waiver of debts  (2,014,438)  - (2,014,438) - (7,207)  (2,014,438) - (7,207)  (2,014,438) - (7,207)  (329 - (7,417)		` '	` '	-	-
investments in associate Property, plant and equipment written off Port facilities written off Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retirement benefits no longer required no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of debts  - (2,014,438) - (2,014,	•	( , , ,	, ,		
Property, plant and equipment written off Port facilities written off Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of debts  1,922 329 157,675 2 157,675 36,000 - (7,417) - (7,41	•	-	(2,014,438)	-	(7,207)
written off         1,922         329         -         -           Port facilities written off         865         157,675         -         -           Provision for retirement benefits         21,000         36,000         -         -           Reversal of provision for retirement benefits         -         (7,417)         -         -           no longer required         (99,896)         -         -         -           Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables         (46,226)         (625,643)         -         -           Waiver of late payment interest         -         (2,700,619)         -         (1,305,612)           Waiver of debts         (2,147,278)         (50,000)         -         -	Property, plant and equipment		( , , , ,		
Port facilities written off Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required no longer required retirement benefits no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of debts  Respond to the second		1,922	329	-	-
Provision for retirement benefits Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required retirement benefits no longer required no longer required retirement benefits no longer required Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of late payment interest Waiver of debts  21,000 36,000 - (7,417) - (7,417) - (7,417) - (625,643) - (625,643) - (2,700,619) - (1,305,612) - (1,305,612)	Port facilities written off		157,675	-	-
Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required - (7,417) Reversal of provision for retirement benefits no longer required (99,896) Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables (46,226) (625,643) Waiver of late payment interest (2,700,619) (1,305,612) Waiver of debts (2,147,278) (50,000)		21,000	,	-	-
retrenchment benefits no longer required Reversal of provision for retirement benefits no longer required (99,896) Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables Waiver of late payment interest Waiver of debts  (7,417)  (7,417)  (825,643)  - (825,643)  - (1,305,612)  (2,147,278)  (50,000)	Reversal of provision for	,	,		
Reversal of provision for retirement benefits       (99,896)       -	•				
Reversal of provision for retirement benefits       (99,896)       -	no longer required	-	(7.417)	-	-
retirement benefits no longer required (99,896) Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables (46,226) Waiver of late payment interest Waiver of debts (2,147,278)  (99,896)	· ·		(,,,,,,		
no longer required (99,896)	•				
Reversal of allowance for impairment loss in receivables       (46,226)       (625,643)       -       -         Waiver of late payment interest Waiver of debts       (2,147,278)       (50,000)       -       (1,305,612)		(99.896)	-	_	_
impairment loss in receivables       (46,226)       (625,643)       -       -         Waiver of late payment interest       -       (2,700,619)       -       (1,305,612)         Waiver of debts       (2,147,278)       (50,000)       -       -	·	(33,333)			
Waiver of late payment interest       -       (2,700,619)       -       (1,305,612)         Waiver of debts       (2,147,278)       (50,000)       -       -		(46.226)	(625.643)	-	_
Waiver of debts (2,147,278) (50,000)	•	-	` '	_	(1 305 612)
		(2.147.278)	,	_	-
	Total adjustments	1,800,658	(4,701,792)	(11,202,563)	(9,303,387)

# Statements of cash flows For the financial year ended 31 December 2012 (contd.)

	Gro	up	Com	pany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Operating cash flows before				
changes in working capital	77,696,978	58,938,360	(1,574,434)	(999,321)
Changes in working capital:				
Property development costs	14,225,299	6,729,795	(9,597,260)	(16,726,693)
Inventories	(1,070,969)	402,398	-	-
Payables	28,435,503	(3,206,618)	866,385	(7,110,236)
Receivables	(14,639,656)	(27,160,348)	15,914,196	17,045,305
Other current assets	(48,608)	25,055	-	-
Total changes in working capital	26,901,569	(23,209,718)	7,183,321	(6,791,624)
Cash flows from/(used in)				
operations	104,598,547	35,728,642	5,608,887	(7,790,945)
Retirement benefits paid	(178,549)	-	-	-
Retrenchment benefits paid	-	(813,289)	-	-
Taxes paid	(19,948,753)	(14,145,868)	(351,899)	(1,106,875)
Net cash flows from/(used in)				
operating activities	84,471,245	20,769,485	5,256,988	(8,897,820)
Investing activities				
Dividends received	874,112	2,400,000	7,684,000	5,000,000
Interest received	4,975,848	3,767,708	361,595	340,260
Proceeds from disposal of				
<ul> <li>property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	4,123	35,000	-	16,500
- port facilities	8,000	85,000	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of				
investments in associate	-	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
Purchase of other investments	(456,465)	(1,405,458)	-	-
Purchase of investment properties	-	(1,300,000)	-	-
Purchase of port facilities	(1,019,615)	(2,466,252)	-	-
Purchase of property, plant				
and equipment	(23,889,760)	(4,039,936)	(52,441)	(50,984)
Net cash flows (used in)/from	//			
investing activities	(19,503,757)	1,076,062	7,993,154	9,305,776

# Statements of cash flows For the financial year ended 31 December 2012 (contd.)

	Gro	up	Comp	any
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Financing activities				
Dividend paid	(2,250,000)	(1,875,000)	(2,250,000)	(1,875,000)
Dividend paid to non-controlling				
interests	(14,999,999)	(9,999,999)	-	-
Interest paid	(4,052,007)	(4,529,952)	(10,232)	(8,012)
Placement of bank				
balances pledged	(988,800)	(142,067)	-	-
Placement of deposits pledged	(766,532)	(15,805)	-	-
Placement of deposits with				
maturity period more than three				
months	(38,316,765)	-	-	-
Drawdown from revolving credit				
for share financing	12,000,000	-	-	-
Repayment of				
<ul> <li>hire purchase and lease</li> </ul>				
financing	(429,007)	(331,039)	(54,478)	(35,641)
- BalDs	(5,000,000)	(5,000,000)	-	-
<ul> <li>Margin loan for share financing</li> </ul>	(12,000,000)	-		
Net cash flows used in				
financing activities	(66,803,110)	(21,893,862)	(2,314,710)	(1,918,653)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	(,)	(		/ · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and cash equivalents	(1,835,622)	(48,315)	10,935,432	(1,510,697)
Cash and cash equivalents	407.007.557	407.055.070	40.404.000	44.005.000
at 1 January	137,907,557	137,955,872	10,124,923	11,635,620
Cash and cash equivalents	136,071,935	137,907,557	21,060,355	10 124 022
at 31 December	130,071,933	137,907,337	21,000,333	10,124,923
Cash and cash equivalents				
comprise:				
Cash and bank balances	54,946,645	12,714,807	3,424,096	74,923
Deposits with licensed banks	130,003,449	133,998,812	17,636,259	10,050,000
Deposits with nochaed bariks	184,950,094	146,713,619	21,060,355	10,124,923
Bank balances pledged	(9,487,083)	(8,498,283)	-	-
Deposits with licensed banks with	(0, 107,000)	(0, 100,200)		
maturity period more than three				
months	(38,316,765)	_	_	_
Deposits pledged for	(,,,			
guarantees and other				
banking facilities granted to				
certain subsidiaries	(1,074,311)	(307,779)	-	-
	136,071,935	137,907,557	21,060,355	10,124,923
		, ,		, ,

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Notes to the financial statements For the financial year ended 31 December 2012

# 1. Corporate information

Perak Corporation Berhad ("the Company") is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The registered office of the Company is located at D-3-7, Greentown Square, Jalan Dato' Seri Ahmad Said, 30450 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 2nd Floor, Wisma Wan Mohamed, Jalan Panglima Bukit Gantang Wahab, 30000 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan.

The immediate and ultimate holding corporation of the Company is Perbadanan Kemajuan Negeri Perak, a body corporate established under Perak Enactment No. 3 of 1967.

The principal activities of the Company consist of property and investment holding, real property development and provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are described in Note 17.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year.

# 2. Significant accounting policies

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 1965 in Malaysia.

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group and the Company prepared their financial statements in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") in Malaysia. These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 are the first the Group and the Company have prepared in accordance with MFRS as disclosed in Note 2.2.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis unless otherwise stated in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM").

# 2.2 First-time adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards

These financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2012, are the first the Group and the Company have prepared in accordance with MFRS as issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"). For the periods up to and including the year ended 31 December 2011, the Group and the Company prepared their financial statements in accordance with FRS. Except for certain differences, the requirements under FRS and MFRS are similar. The significant accounting policies adopted in preparing these financial statements are consistent with those of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011.

The Group and the Company have prepared financial statements which comply with MFRS applicable for periods ending on or after 31 December 2012, together with the comparative period data as at and for the year ended 31 December 2011, as described in the accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Group's and the Company's opening statements of financial position were prepared as at 1 January 2011, the Group's and the Company's date of transition to MFRS.

MFRS 1 First-Time Adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards allows first-time adopters certain exemptions from the retrospective application of certain requirements under MFRS. The Group and the Company have not applied any of the exemptions except as discussed below:

# (a) Business combination

MFRS 1 provides the option to apply MFRS 3 Business Combinations, prospectively from the date of transition or from a specific date prior to the date of transition. This provides relief from full retrospective application of MFRS 3 which would require restatement of all business combinations prior to the date of transition.

## Acquisition before date of transition

The Group has elected to apply MFRS 3 prospectively. In respect of acquisitions prior to the date of transition,

- (i) The classification of former business combinations under FRS is maintained;
- (ii) There is no re-measurement of original fair values determined at the time of business combination (date of acquisition); and
- (iii) The carrying amount of goodwill recognised under FRS is not adjusted.

# 2.2 First-time adoption of Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (contd.)

## (b) Estimates

The estimates at 1 January 2011 and at 31 December 2011 were consistent with those made for the same dates in accordance with FRS. The estimates used by the Group to present these amounts in accordance with MFRS reflect conditions at 1 January 2011, the date of transition to MFRS and as of 31 December 2011.

There are no adjustments arising from the transition to MFRS. Accordingly, notes related to the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company as at date of transition to MFRS are not presented.

# 2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective

The Group and the Company have not adopted the following standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective:

## Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

# Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)

MFRS 3 Business Combinations (IFRS 3 Business Combinations issued by IASB in March 2004)

MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

MFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

MFRS 12 Disclosure of interests in Other Entities

MFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

MFRS 119 Employee Benefits

MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements

MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

MFRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

(IAS 27 as revised by IASB in December 2003)

Amendment to IC Interpretation 2 Members' Shares in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)

IC Interpretation 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

# 2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective (contd.)

# Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 (contd.)

Amendments to MFRS 7: Disclosures – Offsetting Financial

Assets and Financial Liabilities

Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian

Financial Reporting Standards – Government Loans

Amendments to MFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Malaysian

Financial Reporting Standards – Annual Improvements

2009-2011 Cycle

Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment

(Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)

Amendments to MFRS 132: Financial Instruments: Presentation

(Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)

Amendments to MFRS 134: Interim Financial Reporting

(Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)

Amendments to MFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements:

**Transition Guidance** 

Amendments to MFRS 11: Joint Arrangements:

**Transition Guidance** 

Amendments to MFRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other

**Entities: Transition Guidance** 

## Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

Amendments to MFRS 132: Offsetting Financial Assets and

Financial Liabilities

Amendments to MFRS 10, MFRS 12 and MFRS 127:

Investment Entities

# Effective for financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

MFRS 9 Financial Instruments

# 2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective (contd.)

Except for Amendments to MFRS 101, MFRS 9, MFRS 10, MFRS 11, MFRS 12, MFRS 13, MFRS 127, MFRS 128 and MFRS 3 the directors expect that the adoption of the other standards and interpretations above will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application. The nature of the impending changes in accounting policy on adoption of Amendments to MFRS 101, MFRS 9, MFRS 10, MFRS 11, MFRS 12, MFRS 13, MFRS 127, MFRS 128 and MFRS 3 are described below:

# (a) Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial Statements (Annual Improvements 2009-2011 Cycle)

The amendments to MFRS 101 change the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified (for example, actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans and revaluation of land and buildings). The amendment affects presentation only and has no impact on the Group's financial position and performance.

# (b) MFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement

MFRS 9, as issued, reflects the first phase of the IASB's work on the replacement of IAS 39 and applies to classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as defined in IAS 39. The standard was initially effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, but Amendments to MFRS 9 Mandatory Effective Date of MFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures, issued in December 2011, moved the mandatory effective date to 1 January 2015. In subsequent phases, the IASB will address hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets. The adoption of the first phase of MFRS 9 will have an effect on the classification and measurement of the Group's and the Company's financial assets, but will not have an impact on the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. The Group and the Company will quantify the effect in conjunction with the other phases, when the final standard including all phases is issued.

# 2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective (contd.)

# (c) MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

MFRS 10 replaces part of MFRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that deals with consolidated financial statements and IC Interpretation 112 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities.

Under MFRS 10, an investor controls an investee when (a) the investor has power over an investee, (b) the investor has exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its investment with the investee, and (c) the investor has ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Under MFRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, control was defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

MFRS 10 includes detailed guidance to explain when an investor that owns less than 50 per cent of the voting shares in an investee has control over the investee. MFRS 10 requires the investor to take into account all relevant facts and circumstances, particularly the size of the investor's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders.

Based on the preliminary analysis performed, MFRS 10 is not expected to have any impact on the currently held investments of the Group.

# (d) MFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

MFRS 11 replaces MFRS 131 Interests in Joint Ventures and IC Interpretation 113 Jointly-Controlled Entities – Non-monetary Contributions by Venturers.

The classification of joint arrangements under MFRS 11 is determined based on the rights and obligations of the parties to the joint arrangements by considering the structure, the legal form, the contractual terms agreed by the parties to the arrangement and when relevant, other facts and circumstances. Under MFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures.

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

MFRS 11 removes the option to account for jointly controlled entities ("JCE") using proportionate consolidation. Instead, JCE that meet the definition of a joint venture must be accounted for using the equity method.

Based on the preliminary analysis performed, MFRS 11 is not expected to have any impact on the currently held investments of the Group.

# 2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective (contd.)

## (e) MFRS 12 Disclosures of Interest in Other Entities

MFRS 12 includes all disclosure requirements for interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. A number of new disclosures are required. This standard affects disclosures only and has no impact on the Group's financial position or performance.

# (f) MFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

MFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance under MFRS for all fair value measurements. MFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather provides guidance on how to measure fair value under MFRS when fair value is required or permitted. The Group is currently assessing the impact that this standard will have on the financial position and performance, but based on preliminary analysis, no material impact is expected.

# (g) MFRS 127 Separate Financial Statements

As a consequence of the new MFRS 10 and MFRS 12, MFRS 127 is limited to accounting for subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associates in separate financial statements.

#### (h) MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

As a consequence of the new MFRS 11 and MFRS 12, MFRS 128 is renamed as MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures. This new standard describes the application of the equity method to investments in joint ventures in addition to associates.

(i) MFRS 3 Business Combinations (IFRS 3 Business Combinations issued by IASB in March 2004) and MFRS 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (IAS 27 as revised by IASB in December 2003)

An entity shall apply these earlier versions of MFRS 3 and MFRS 127 only if the entity has elected to do so as allowed in MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. The adoptions of these standards are not expected to have any significant impact to the Group and the Company.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied to like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Acquisition of subsidiaries are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group elects for each individual business combination, whether noncontrolling interest in the acquiree (if any) is recognised on the acquisition date at fair value, or at the present ownership instruments' proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any) and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill in the statement of financial position. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control effectively ceases.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- derecognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity;

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (contd.)

- recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- recognises the fair value of any investment retained;
- recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income.

The accounting policies for goodwill are disclosed in Note 2.4(e).

#### (b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

# (c) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not held directly or indirectly by the Group. Non-controlling interests are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income of the Group and within equity in the statement of financial position of the Group, separately from parent shareholder's equity.

All total comprehensive income is proportionately allocated to non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

#### (d) Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a joint venture, in which the Group has significant influence. An associate is equity accounted for from the date the Group obtains significant influence until the date the Group ceases to have significant influence over the associate.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (d) Associates (contd.)

The Group's investment in associate is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in associate is measured in the statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate. Goodwill relating to an associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the investment is excluded from the carrying amount of the investment and is instead included as income in the determination of the Group's share of the associate's profit or loss for the period in which the investment is acquired.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Group's investment in its associates. The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the amount in profit or loss.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared as of the same reporting date as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in associates are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

#### (e) Intangible assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill acquired is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (e) Intangible assets (contd.)

## Goodwill (contd.)

The cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired, by comparing the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit, including the allocated goodwill, with the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cash-generating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operations disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

# (f) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life, at the following annual rates:

Buildings	2%
Leasehold land and buildings	2%

Other assets

Equipment, furniture and fittings 5% - 25% Computer 20%

Motor vehicles 10% - 25%

Refurbishment and renovations 20%

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (f) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (contd.)

Assets under capital work in progress are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual values, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year-end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

#### (g) Port facilities

Port facilities are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All expenditure incurred, associated with development of port facilities inclusive of interest cost capitalised in accordance with Note 2.4(q) are amortised over the estimated useful life.

The principal annual rates of depreciation are:

Leasehold port land over 99 years
Port structure over 50 years
Port equipment over 10 – 20 years

Amortisation of the port structure is based on the revenue method where the cost is amortised based on the total actual revenue in the year over total expected revenue to be generated from the port operations during the period of its estimated useful life.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (h) Investment properties

Investment property is a property which is held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. Such property is initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated. Depreciation of building on freehold land is provided for on a straight-line basis to write-off the cost of the property to its residual value over its estimated useful life, at 2% per annum.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the investment property.

Investment property is derecognised when either it has been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

# (i) Land held for property development and property development costs

#### (i) Land held for property development

Land held for property development consists of land where no development activities have been carried out or where development activities are not expected to be completed within the normal operating cycle. Such land is classified as non-current and is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Land held for property development is reclassified as property development costs at the point when development activities have commenced and where it can be demonstrated that the development activities can be completed within the normal operating cycle.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

# (i) Land held for property development and property development costs (contd.)

#### (ii) Property development costs

Property development costs comprise all costs that are directly attributable to development activities or that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to such activities.

When the financial outcome of a development activity can be reliably estimated, property development revenue and expenses are recognised in profit or loss by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs.

Where the financial outcome of a development activity cannot be reliably estimated, property development revenue is recognised only to the extent of property development costs incurred that is probable will be recoverable, and property development costs on properties sold are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Any expected loss on a development project, including costs to be incurred over the defects liability period, is recognised as an expense immediately.

Property development costs not recognised as an expense are recognised as an asset, which is measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The excess of revenue recognised in profit or loss over billings to purchasers is classified as accrued billings within trade receivables and the excess of billings to purchasers over revenue recognised in profit or loss is classified as progress billings within trade payables.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (j) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units ("CGU")).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

As assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (k) Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of tools and spares comprises costs of purchase and cost of bringing the inventories to their present location.

Completed properties held for sale are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the specific identification basis and includes cost of land, construction and appropriate development overheads.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# (I) Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

When the financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group and the Company determine the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition, and the categories include financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets.

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets held for trading are derivatives (including separated embedded derivatives) or financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or net losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss do not include exchange differences, interest and dividend income. Exchange differences, interest and dividend income on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised separately in profit or loss as part of other losses or other income.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (I) Financial assets (contd.)

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (contd.)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss could be presented as current or non-current. Financial assets that are held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current whereas financial assets that are not held primarily for trading purposes are presented as current or non-current based on the settlement date.

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables.

Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Loans and receivables are classified as current, except for those having maturity dates later than 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as non-current.

# (iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to-maturity when the Company has the intention and ability to hold the investment to maturity.

Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the held-to-maturity investments are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Held-to-maturity investments are classified as non-current, except for those having maturity within 12 months after the reporting date which are classified as current.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (I) Financial assets (contd.)

## (iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the three preceding categories.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Any gains or losses from changes in fair value of the financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except that impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary instruments and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment when the financial asset is derecognised. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on an available-for-sale equity instrument are recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current unless they are expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired. On the derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date ie, the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (m) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired.

# (i) Trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost

To determine whether there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets has been incurred, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments. For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are subsequently assessed for impairment on a collective basis based on similar risk characteristics.

Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Group's and the Company's past experience of collecting payments, and increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period and observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

If any such evidence exists, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable becomes uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date. The amount of reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (m) Impairment of financial assets (contd.)

#### (ii) Unquoted equity securities carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Significant or prolonged decline in fair value below cost, significant financial difficulties of the issuer or obligor, and the disappearance of an active trading market are considerations to determine whether there is objective evidence that investment securities classified as available-for-sale financial assets are impaired.

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment losses on available-for-sale equity investments are not reversed in profit or loss in the subsequent periods. Increase in fair value, if any, subsequent to impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. For available-for-sale debt investments, impairment losses are subsequently reversed in profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss in profit or loss.

#### (n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at bank and deposits with licensed financial institutions, but do not include deposits with licensed financial institutions which have been pledged for guarantee and other bank facilities granted to the Group and the Company as collaterals, and net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

# (o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. if it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

#### (p) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or other financial liabilities.

#### (i) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities held for trading include derivatives entered into by the Group and the Company that do not meet the hedge accounting criteria. Derivative liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently stated at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. Net gains or losses on derivatives include exchange differences.

The Group and the Company have not designated any financial liabilities as at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (p) Financial liabilities (contd.)

## (ii) Other financial liabilities

The Group's and the Company's other financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and loans and borrowings.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Loans and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Borrowings are classified as current unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

For other financial liabilities, gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditure and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group and the Company incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (r) Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS")

The BaIDS are bonds issued in accordance with the Islamic finance concept of Bai Bithaman Ajil.

BaIDS are initially recognised at cost, being fair value of the consideration received. After initial recognition, the profit element attributable to the BaIDS in each period are recognised in profit or loss as finance cost, at a constant rate of maturity of each series respectively.

#### (s) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

#### (ii) Defined contribution plans

As required by law, the Group makes contributions to the statutory pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss as incurred.

#### (iii) Defined benefit plans

A subsidiary operated an unfunded defined benefit scheme for its eligible employees, ("the Scheme") under a Collective Agreement with the National Union of Hotel, Bar and Restaurant Workers, Peninsular Malaysia. The Group's obligation under the scheme, calculated using Projected Benefit Valuation Method, was determined by an actuarial valuation carried out every three years by a qualified actuary, through which the amount of benefit that employees had earned in return for their service in the current and prior years was estimated.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (s) Employee benefits (contd.)

#### (iii) Defined benefit plans (contd.)

That benefit was discounted in order to determine its present value. Actuarial gains and losses were recognised as income or expense over the expected average remaining working lives of the participating employees. Past service costs were recognised immediately to the extent that the benefits were already vested, and otherwise were amortised on a straight-line basis over the average period until the amended benefits became vested.

The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations adjusted for unrecognised actuarial gains and losses and unrecognised past service costs. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the net total of any unrecognised actuarial losses and past service costs. The last valuation of the Scheme was carried out in March 2006.

Upon the disposal of the hotel property in 2009, no actuarial valuation on the Scheme has been carried out by the subsidiary. The provision for the retirement benefits made in the financial statements is in respect of the remaining employees under the said Scheme.

#### (iv) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits as a liability and an expense when the Group has a detailed formal plan for the termination and without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

Termination benefits of a subsidiary are provided based on existing contractual obligations under a Collective Agreement with the National Union of Hotel, Bar and Restaurant Workers, Peninsular Malaysia.

# 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (t) Leases

## (i) As lessee

Assets acquired by way of hire purchase or finance leases are stated at an amount equal to the lower of their fair values and the present value of the minimum hire purchase or lease payments at the inception of the hire purchase or leases, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The corresponding liability is included in the statements of financial position as loan and borrowings. In calculating the present value of the minimum hire purchase or lease payments, the discount factor used is the interest rate implicit in the hire purchase or lease, when it is practicable to determine; otherwise, the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used. Any initial costs are also added to the carrying amount of such assets.

Hire purchase or lease payments are apportioned between the finance costs and the reduction of the outstanding liability. Finance costs, which represent the difference between the total hire purchase or leasing commitments and the fair value of the assets acquired, are recognised in profit or loss over the term of the relevant hire purchase or lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the remaining balance of the obligations for each accounting period.

The depreciation policy for hire purchase or leased assets is in accordance with that for depreciable property, plant and equipment and port facilities as described in Note 2.4(f) and 2.4(g) respectively.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the relevant lease. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### (ii) As lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Initial direct cost incurred in negotiating an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same bases as rental income. The accounting policy for rental income is set out in Note 2.4(u)(vii).

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (u) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

#### (i) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.

#### (ii) Hotel related operations

Revenue from hotel related operations comprising rental of hotel rooms, sale of food and beverage and other related income are recognised when the services are provided.

#### (iii) Management fees

Management fees in respect of the management services provided by the Company are recognised when the services are provided.

#### (iv) Mobilisation fees

Mobilisation fees are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (v) Port services

Revenue from port services and provision of container services are measured at fair value of the consideration receivable and are recognised in profit or loss on a rendered basis.

Revenue from Operation and Maintenance of deepwater bulk terminal and facility is recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (u) Revenue (contd.)

# (vi) Proceeds from bus fare collection and provision of charter and tour related services

Proceeds received from bus fare collection and provision of charter and tour related services are recognised when services are rendered.

#### (vii) Rental income

Rental income is recognised over the term of the tenancy.

# (viii) Sale of goods

Revenue relating to sale of goods is recognised net of discounts and rebates when transfer of risks and rewards have been completed.

# (ix) Sale of completed properties

Sale of completed properties is recognised when transfer of risks and rewards have been completed.

#### (x) Sale of land

Revenue relating to sale of port development land is recognised on a percentage of completion basis.

Revenue relating to sale of other vacant land is recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred upon finalisation of the sale and purchase agreements.

# (xi) Sale of development properties

Where property is under development and agreement has been reached to sell such property when construction is complete, the directors consider whether the contract comprises a contract to construct a property or a contract for the sale of a completed property.

Where a contract is judged to be for the construction of a property, revenue is recognised using the percentage of completion method as described in Note 2.4(i)(ii).

# 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (u) Revenue (contd.)

## (xi) Sale of development properties (contd.)

Where the contract is judged to be for the sale of a completed property, revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the real estate have been transferred to the buyer. If, however, the legal terms of the contract are such that the construction represents the continuous transfer of work in progress to the purchaser, the percentage-of-completion method of revenue recognition is applied and revenue is recognised as work progresses. Continuous transfer of work in progress is applied when:

- (i) The buyer controls the work in progress, typically when the land on which the development takes place is owned by the final customer and;
- (ii) All significant risks and rewards of ownership of the work in progress in its present state are transferred to the buyer as construction progresses, typically, when buyer cannot put the incomplete property back to the Group

In such situations, the percentage of work completed is measured based on the costs incurred up until the end of the reporting period as a proportion of total costs expected to be incurred.

#### (v) Income taxes

#### (i) Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

#### (v) Income taxes (contd.)

## (ii) Deferred tax (contd.)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

#### 2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (contd.)

### (v) Income taxes (contd.)

## (ii) Deferred tax (contd.)

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and same taxation authority.

# (w) Segment reporting

For management purposes, the Group is organised into operating segments based on their products and services which are independently managed by the respective segment managers responsible for the performance of the respective segments under their charge. The segment managers report directly to the management of the Group who regularly review the segment results in order to allocate resources to the segments and to assess the segment performance. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 42, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

#### (x) Share capital and share issuance expenses

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Ordinary shares are equity instruments.

Ordinary shares are recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable incremental transaction costs. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised in equity in the period in which they are declared.

#### 2.5 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

# (a) Judgements made in applying accounting policies

The following are the judgements made by management in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:-

# (i) Classification between investment properties and property, plant and equipment

The Group has developed certain criteria based on MFRS 140 in making judgement whether a property qualifies as an investment property. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group would account for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property.

#### 2.5 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (contd.)

### (a) Judgements made in applying accounting policies (contd.)

#### (ii) Impairment of available-for-sale investments

The Group reviews its investments in quoted shares classified as available-for-sale investments at each reporting date to assess whether they are impaired. The Group also records impairment charges on available-for-sale equity investments when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost.

The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates, among other factors, historical share price movements and the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment is less than its cost. The Group's policy considers a significant decline to be one in which the fair value is below the weighted-average cost by more than 30% and a prolonged decline to be in which the fair value is below the weighted-average cost for greater than twelve (12) months or more.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2012, no impairment loss has been recognised for available-for-sale financial assets.

## (iii) Operating lease commitments - as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial properties leases on its investment properties. The commercial properties combined leases of land and buildings. At the inception of the lease, it was not possible to obtain a reliable estimate of the split of the fair values of the lease interest between the land and the buildings. Therefore, the Group evaluated based on terms and conditions of the arrangement, whether the land and buildings were clearly operating leases or finance leases. The Group assessed and determined that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties, thus accounted for the contracts as operating leases.

#### 2.5 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (contd.)

#### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

# (i) Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash-generating units ("CGU") to which goodwill is allocated. Estimating a value-in-use amount requires management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The net carrying amount of goodwill as at 31 December 2012 was RM23,811,003 (2011: RM23,811,003). Further details are disclosed in Note 19.

#### (ii) Property development

The Group recognises property development revenue and expenses in profit or loss by using the stage of completion method. The stage of completion is determined by the proportion that property development costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total property development costs.

Significant judgement is required in determining the stage of completion, the extent of the property development costs incurred, the estimated total property development revenue and costs, as well as the recoverability of the development projects. In making the judgement, the Group evaluates based on past experience and by relying on the work of specialists.

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the Group arising from property development activities are disclosed in Note 16.

#### (iii) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses and capital allowances can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### 2.5 Significant accounting estimates and judgements (contd.)

### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (contd.)

#### (iii) Deferred tax assets (contd.)

Assumptions about generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. These depend on estimates of future production and sales volume, operating costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions. Judgement is also required about application of income tax legislation. These judgements and assumptions are subject to risks and uncertainty, hence there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will alter expectations, which may impact the amount of deferred tax assets recognised in the statements of financial position and the amount of unrecognised tax losses and unrecognised temporary differences. The total carrying value of unrecognised business losses and unabsorbed capital allowances of the Group was RM330,046 (2011: RM1,281,497). Further details are disclosed in Note 29.

## (iv) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and port facilities

The cost of plant and equipment and port facilities are depreciated on the basis as set out in Notes 2.4(f) and 2.4(g).

Management estimates the useful life of building and port facilities to be 50 years based on the level of expected usage. Management also estimates that these assets will have minimal residual values at the end of their useful lives. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amounts of the Group's property, plant and equipment and port facilities at the reporting date are disclosed in Notes 13 and 14.

#### (v) Impairment of loans and receivables

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. To determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment, the Group considers factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

Where there is objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristics. The carrying amount of the Group's loans and receivables at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 21.

# 3. Revenue

	Group		Company	
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Dividend income				
- subsidiary	-	-	9,999,000	6,666,667
- other investment	874,112	3,200,000	-	-
Sales of land	77,313,413	51,811,645	-	1,718,000
Sales of completed properties	125,000	195,000	-	-
Management fees	-	-	132,000	132,000
Port services	75,333,533	69,142,131	-	-
Proceeds received from bus				
fare collections and provision				
of charter services	12,800	42,849	-	-
Sales of goods	529,220	598,700	-	-
Project management fees	1,135,374	1,858,162	-	-
Rental income	2,059,549	2,059,549	2,059,549	2,059,549
	157,383,001	128,908,036	12,190,549	10,576,216

# 4. Cost of sales

	Group		Com	pany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Property development costs				
(Note 16(b))	43,647,330	23,829,513	-	1,803,925
Cost of completed properties				
sold	97,301	181,762		
	43,744,631	24,011,275	-	1,803,925
Cost of goods sold	494,659	1,637,569	-	-
Cost of services rendered	13,939,169	22,471,227		
	58,178,459	48,120,071		1,803,925

# 5. Interest income

	Group		Comp	any
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Interest income from:				
Loans and receivables	952,980	1,229,506	1,085,508	1,229,506
Short term money market				
funds and fixed deposits	4,975,848	3,767,708	361,595	340,260
	5,928,828	4,997,214	1,447,103	1,569,766
Waiver of late payment interest		2,700,619	<u>-</u> _	1,305,612
	5,928,828	7,697,833	1,447,103	2,875,378

# 6. Other income

	Gro	Group		pany
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Accounting fees Gain on disposal of	-	-	-	11,492
<ul> <li>property, plant and equipment</li> <li>port facilities</li> </ul>	4,099 7,999	34,995 84,999	-	16,497 -
Gain on disposal of investments in associate	-	2,014,438	-	7,207
Management fees	360,000	360,000	-	-
Miscellaneous income Waiver of debt	1,469,263 2,147,278	649,322 50,000	2,217	30,262
Reversal of allowance for	, ,	,		
impairment loss in receivables Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits	46,226	625,643	-	-
no longer required	-	7,417	-	-
	4,034,865	3,826,814	2,217	65,458

# 7. Finance costs

Tillance costs	Group		Com	pany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
BaIDS financing cost	2,968,750	3,343,750	-	-
Interest on margin loan financing	667,139	1,140,008	-	-
Interest on revolving credit	227,293	-	-	-
Interest on hire purchase and				
finance lease liabilities	38,714	46,194	10,232	8,012
Interest on advances	150,111	-	-	-
	4,052,007	4,529,952	10,232	8,012

# 8. Profit before tax

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax:

	Group		Comp	any
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Auditors' remuneration				
Statutory audits				
- current year	130,900	116,600	36,300	33,000
<ul> <li>underprovision in prior year</li> </ul>	-	8,700	-	5,000
Non-audit fees				
<ul> <li>assurance related</li> </ul>	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
<ul> <li>tax and other non-audit</li> </ul>				
services	39,700	39,500	5,000	5,000
Allowance for impairment loss				
on financial assets:				
- trade receivables (Note 21)	3,424,726	1,059,987	-	-
- other receivables (Note 21)	-	-	-	48,028
- other investment	701	-	701	-
Depreciation				
<ul> <li>property, plant and</li> </ul>				
equipment (Note 13)	831,718	774,533	232,607	206,322
- port facilities (Note 14)	2,497,068	2,448,557	-	-
- investment properties				
(Note 15)	79,089	6,500	-	-
Direct operating expenses of				
investment properties				
- revenue generating during the				
year	2,292	10,969	_	-
Employee benefits expense	,	,		
(Note 9)	11,767,732	9,118,290	1,317,919	1,059,856
Interest income	(5,928,828)	(4,997,214)	(1,447,103)	(1,569,766)
Waiver of late payment interest	-	(2,700,619)	-	(1,305,612)
Gain on disposal of		, , ,		, , ,
- property, plant and equipment	(4,099)	(34,995)	-	(16,497)
- port facilities	(7,999)	(84,999)	_	-
Gain on disposal of	( , , ,	( , ,		
investments in associate	_	(2,014,438)	_	(7,207)
Non-executive directors'		( ,- ,,		( , - ,
remuneration (Note 10)	1,237,570	717,521	258,550	174,400
Provision for retirement	-,,	, , ,		.,,
benefits (Note 25)	21,000	36,000	_	_
	, 0 0 0	55,000		

# 8. Profit before tax (contd.)

The following items have been included in arriving at profit before tax (contd.):

	Gro	u <b>p</b>	Company	
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
	Kivi	KW	IXW	IXIVI
Property, plant and equipment				
written off (Note 13)	1,922	329	-	-
Port facilities written off				
(Note 14)	865	157,675	-	-
Rental of port equipment	0.000.404	0.404.470		
and office equipment	6,923,101	6,484,176	-	-
Reversal of allowance for	(40,000)	(005.040)		
impairment loss in receivables	(46,226)	(625,643)	-	-
Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits				
no longer required (Note 24)		(7,417)		
Reversal of provision for	-	(7,417)	-	-
retirement benefits no longer				
required (Note 25)	(99,896)	_	_	_
Rental of premises	288,899	288,900	163,243	194,547
Rental income	200,000	200,000	100,210	10 1,0 11
- investment properties	_	(50,000)	_	_
- others	(2,099,509)	(2,237,304)	(2,059,549)	(2,059,549)
Waiver of debts	(2,147,278)	(50,000)		

# 9. Employee benefits expense

Group		p Company	
2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
10,016,640	7,724,510	1,130,896	944,785
1,098,236	826,618	85,424	67,775
77,543	72,513	3,160	2,380
575,313	494,649	98,439	44,916
11,767,732	9,118,290	1,317,919	1,059,856
	2012 RM 10,016,640 1,098,236 77,543 575,313	2012 RM RM 10,016,640 7,724,510 1,098,236 826,618 77,543 72,513 575,313 494,649	2012 RM         2011 RM         2012 RM           10,016,640         7,724,510         1,130,896           1,098,236         826,618         85,424           77,543         72,513         3,160           575,313         494,649         98,439

# 10. Directors' remuneration

The details of remuneration receivable by directors of the Group and the Company during the year are as follows:

	Grou	р	Compa	ıny
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Non-Executive:				
Directors of the Company:				
Fees	358,000	272,000	228,000	152,000
Other emoluments	30,550	22,400	30,550	22,400
Other directors:				
Fees	569,090	148,587	-	-
Other emoluments	279,930	274,534	-	-
Total non-executive directors' remuneration (excluding				
benefits-in-kind) Estimated money value of	1,237,570	717,521	258,550	174,400
benefits-in-kind	8,925	9,500	-	-
Total non-executive directors' remuneration (including				4=4.465
benefits-in-kind)	1,246,495	727,021	258,550	174,400

The number of directors of the Company whose total remuneration during the year fell within the following bands are analysed as follows:

	Number of directors	
	2012	2011
Non-executive directors:		
Below RM50,000	6	6
RM50,001 - RM100,000	-	-
RM100,001 - RM150,000	-	-
RM150,001 - RM200,000	-	-
RM200,001 - RM250,000		_

# 11. Income tax expense

# Major components of income tax expense

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011 are:

2011 010.	Group		Com	pany
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Statement of comprehensive income:				
Current income tax:				
Tax expense for the year (Over)/Under provision in	19,778,255	16,034,339	2,601,530	1,843,590
previous years	(13,983)	(7,359)	31,500	(36,553)
	19,764,272	16,026,980	2,633,030	1,807,037
Deferred income tax (Note 29): Relating to origination and reversal of temporary	/a a .a.			
differences Under provision in previous	(657,246)	115,682	-	-
years	195,940	114,147	-	-
	(461,306)	229,829	-	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	19,302,966	16,256,809	2,633,030	1,807,037
•				

Current income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 25% of the estimated assessable profit for the year.

# 11. Income tax expense (contd.)

# Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit

The reconciliation between tax expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable corporate tax rate for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Profit before tax	75,896,320	63,640,152	9,628,129	8,304,066
Tax at Malaysian statutory				
tax rate of 25%	18,974,080	15,910,038	2,410,823	2,076,017
Adjustments:				
Non-deductible expenses	858,880	916,050	190,707	107,812
Income not subject to tax	(531,410)	(685,205)	-	(336,453)
Other items	47,446	(5,966)	-	(3,786)
Deferred tax assets not recognised on tax losses and unabsorbed capital				
allowances	36,468	15,104	-	-
Utilisation of previously unrecognised deferred				
tax assets	(264,455)	-	-	-
(Over)/Under provision of current tax in previous years Under provision of	(13,983)	(7,359)	31,500	(36,553)
deferred tax in previous years	195,940	114,147	-	-
Income tax expense recognised	,			
in profit or loss	19,302,966	16,256,809	2,633,030	1,807,037

# 12. Earnings per share

# (a) Basic

The basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

	Group		
	2012 RM	2011 RM	
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of			
the Company (RM)	38,056,022	29,598,142	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	100,000,000	100,000,000	
Basic earnings per share (sen) for:			
Profit for the year	38.06	29.60	

# (b) Diluted

There is no dilutive effect on earnings per share as the Company has no potential issue of ordinary shares.

# 13. Property, plant and equipment

3. Property, plant and equipment				
	Land and buildings* RM	Other assets** RM	Capital work in progress RM	Total RM
Group				
Cost				
At 1 January 2011	48,110,469	5,066,209	55,508	53,232,186
Additions	-	1,093,479	5,291,682	6,385,161
Disposals	-	(366,818)	-	(366,818)
Write off (Note 8) Reclassification to investment	-	(239,623)	-	(239,623)
properties (Note 15)	(4,030,058)	(60,891)	_	(4,090,949)
At 31 December 2011	44,080,411	5,492,356	5,347,190	54,919,957
	,,	-,,	-,,	- 1,0 10,001
At 1 January 2012	44,080,411	5,492,356	5,347,190	54,919,957
Additions	494,473	486,074	23,198,955	24,179,502
Disposals	-	(64,835)	-	(64,835)
Write off (Note 8)	-	(106,500)	-	(106,500)
Transfer to property development cost (Note 16)	(4,201,655)	_	_	(4,201,655)
Transfer to inventory	(1,220,121)	-	_	(1,220,121)
Reclassification	1,878,625	_	(1,878,625)	-
At 31 December 2012	41,031,733	5,807,095	26,667,520	73,506,348
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2011	2,083,007	3,496,814	-	5,579,821
Depreciation charge for the year				
(Note 8)	189,073	585,460	-	774,533
Disposals	-	(366,813)	-	(366,813)
Write off (Note 8)  Reclassification to investment	-	(239,294)	-	(239,294)
properties (Note 15)	(141,004)	(18,268)	_	(159,272)
At 31 December 2011	2,131,076	3,457,899		5,588,975
	, ,	, ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
At 1 January 2012	2,131,076	3,457,899	-	5,588,975
Depreciation charge for the year				
(Note 8)	145,364	686,354	-	831,718
Disposals	-	(64,811)	-	(64,811)
Write off (Note 8) At 31 December 2012	2,276,440	(104,578) 3,974,864	<u>-</u>	(104,578) 6,251,304
At 31 December 2012	2,270,440	3,974,004		0,231,304
Net carrying amount				
At 31 December 2011	41,949,335	2,034,457	5,347,190	49,330,982
At 31 December 2012	38,755,293	1,832,231	26,667,520	67,255,044

\*Land and buildings

Group	Freehold land RM	Buildings RM	Leasehold land and buildings RM	Total RM
Gloup				
Cost				
At 1 January 2011 Reclassification to investment properties	33,826,409	2,350,060	11,934,000	48,110,469
(Note 15)	(1,679,998)	(2,350,060)	-	(4,030,058)
At 31 December 2011	32,146,411	-	11,934,000	44,080,411
At 1 January 2012 Addition Transfer to property	32,146,411 494,473	- -	11,934,000	44,080,411 494,473
development cost (Note 16)	(4,201,655)	_	_	(4,201,655)
Transfer to inventory	(1,201,000)	(1,220,121)	-	(1,220,121)
Reclassification	-	1,878,625	-	1,878,625
At 31 December 2011	28,439,229	658,504	11,934,000	41,031,733
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2011 Depreciation charge for	-	94,003	1,989,004	2,083,007
the year	-	47,001	142,072	189,073
Reclassification		(141,004)	-	(141,004)
At 31 December 2011		-	2,131,076	2,131,076
At 1 January 2012 Depreciation charge for	-	-	2,131,076	2,131,076
the year		3,294	142,070	145,364
At 31 December 2012		3,294	2,273,146	2,276,440
Net carrying amount				
At 31 December 2011	32,146,411	-	9,802,924	41,949,335
At 31 December 2012	28,439,229	655,210	9,660,854	38,755,293

# \*\*Other assets

Group	Equipment, furniture and fittings and computer RM	R Motor vehicles RM	efurbishment and renovations RM	Total RM
Cost				
At 1 January 2011	3,176,741	1,780,369	109,099	5,066,209
Additions	151,023	942,456	-	1,093,479
Disposals	-	(366,818)	-	(366,818)
Write off	(239,623)	-	-	(239,623)
Reclassification to investment	( ()			( 1)
properties (Note 15)	(60,891)	<u>-</u>	-	(60,891)
At 31 December 2011	3,027,250	2,356,007	109,099	5,492,356
	0.007.050	0.050.007	400.000	F 400 050
At 1 January 2012	3,027,250	2,356,007	109,099	5,492,356
Additions	239,669	246,405	-	486,074
Disposals	(13,515)	(51,320)	-	(64,835)
Write off	(101,500)	(5,000)	-	(106,500)
At 31 December 2012	3,151,904	2,546,092	109,099	5,807,095
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2011	2,172,145	1,246,894	77,775	3,496,814
Depreciation charge for the year	ar 310,771	264,007	10,682	585,460
Disposals	-	(366,813)	-	(366,813)
Write off	(239,294)	-	-	(239,294)
Reclassification to investment				
properties (Note 15)	(18,268)	-	-	(18,268)
At 31 December 2011	2,225,354	1,144,088	88,457	3,457,899
At 1 January 2012	2,225,354	1,144,088	88,457	3,457,899
Depreciation charge for the year	ar 337,729	341,183	7,442	686,354
Disposals	(13,492)	(51,319)	-	(64,811)
Write off	(99,579)	(4,999)	-	(104,578)
At 31 December 2012	2,450,012	1,428,953	95,899	3,974,864

\*\*Other assets (contd.)

	Equipment, furniture	R	efurbishment	
á	and fittings and computer RM	Motor vehicles RM	and renovations RM	Total RM
Group				
Net carrying amount				
At 31 December 2011	801,896	1,211,919	20,642	2,034,457
At 31 December 2012	701,892	1,117,139	13,200	1,832,231

	Leasehold land and building RM	Equipment, furniture and fittings RM	Motor vehicles RM	Total RM
Company				
Cost				
At 1 January 2011 Additions Disposals	11,934,000	190,504 5,994	338,669 144,990 (158,841)	12,463,173 150,984 (158,841)
At 31 December 2011	11,934,000	196,498	324,818	12,455,316
At 1 January 2012 Additions	11,934,000	196,498 7,332	324,818 145,109	12,455,316 152,441
At 31 December 2012	11,934,000	203,830	469,927	12,607,757
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2011 Depreciation charge for	1,989,004	142,944	217,349	2,349,297
the year (Note 8) Disposals	142,072 -	21,043	43,207 (158,838)	206,322 (158,838)
At 31 December 2011	2,131,076	163,987	101,718	2,396,781
At 1 January 2012 Depreciation charge for	2,131,076	163,987	101,718	2,396,781
the year (Note 8)	142,070	20,750	69,787	232,607
At 31 December 2012	2,273,146	184,737	171,505	2,629,388
Net carrying amount				
At 31 December 2011	9,802,924	32,511	223,100	10,058,535
At 31 December 2012	9,660,854	19,093	298,422	9,978,369

(a) Net carrying amount of property, plant and equipment held under hire purchase and finance lease arrangements are as follows:

	Gro	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	
Motor vehicles	678,168	904,901	140,273	223,100	

(b) During the year, the property, plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company were acquired by means of:

	Gro	up	Comp	oany
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Cash payments Finance lease	23,889,760	4,039,936	52,441	50,984
arrangements Contra in settlement	289,742	466,600	100,000	100,000
of trade receivables		1,878,625	-	
	24,179,502	6,385,161	152,441	150,984

(c) Included in the property, plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company are the following costs of fully depreciated assets which are still in use:

	Gro	up	Comp	oany
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Other assets:				
Equipment, furniture,				
fittings and computer	1,012,033	1,449,360	98,378	63,392
Motor vehicles	213,787	691,105	-	-
Refurbishment and				
renovations	62,365	-	-	_
-	1,288,185	2,140,465	98,378	63,392

(d) On 26 December 2012, a subsidiary entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("the Agreement") with Bumi Semarak Development Sdn. Bhd. ("BSDSB"), a company incorporated in Malaysia, to dispose a portion of its freehold land with carrying amount of RM4,374,276 for a total consideration of RM10,262,736.

Upon execution of the Agreement, the subsidiary received a deposit of RM1,026,274 from BSDSB.

As at reporting date, the sale of the land has yet to be completed as the terms and conditions of the Agreement have yet to be fullfilled.

14.		
	Port f	

τ.	Group	Leasehold port land RM	Port structure RM	Port equipment RM	Total RM
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2011 Additions Disposals Write off (Note 8) At 31 December 2011	14,753,610 - - - - 14,753,610	84,067,548 2,256,914 - - - 86,324,462	11,583,348 209,338 (520,000) (242,930) 11,029,756	110,404,506 2,466,252 (520,000) (242,930) 112,107,828
	At 1 January 2012 Additions Disposals Write off (Note 8) At 31 December 2012	14,753,610 - - - 14,753,610	86,324,462 397,366 - - 86,721,828	11,029,756 622,249 (124,800) (368,103) 11,159,102	112,107,828 1,019,615 (124,800) (368,103) 112,634,540
	Accumulated depreciation				
	At 1 January 2011 Depreciation charge for the	2,147,234	13,192,032	8,619,279	23,958,545
	year (Note 8) Disposals Write off (Note 8) At 31 December 2011	148,936 - - - 2,296,170	1,746,000 - - - 14,938,032	553,621 (519,999) (85,255)	2,448,557 (519,999) (85,255)
	At 1 January 2012 Depreciation charge for the	2,296,170	14,938,032	8,567,646 8,567,646	25,801,848 25,801,848
	year (Note 8) Disposals Write off (Note 8) At 31 December 2012	148,941 - - - 2,445,111	1,794,400 - - - 16,732,432	553,727 (124,799) (367,238) 8,629,336	2,497,068 (124,799) (367,238) 27,806,879
	Net carrying amount	2,110,111	10,102,102	0,020,000	21,000,010
	At 31 December 2011	12,457,440	71,386,430	2,462,110	86,305,980
	At 31 December 2012	12,308,499	69,989,396	2,529,766	84,827,661

# 14. Port facilities (contd.)

(a) Net carrying amount of port facilities held under hire purchase and finance lease arrangements are as follows:

	Group		
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	
Port equipment	212,583	269,783	

- (b) In accordance with financing procedures under Bai Bithaman Ajil, a subsidiary has agreed to enter into an asset purchase agreement dated 22 November 2004 with a bank to sell the port structure at RM60,000,000. Subsequent to the execution of this agreement, the said subsidiary entered into an asset sale agreement dated 22 November 2004 with the bank to repurchase the port structure at RM99,937,500.
- (c) During the year, additions to port facilities of the Group were acquired by means of:

	Group		
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	
Cash payments	1,019,615	2,466,252	

(d) Included in port facilities of the Group are the following costs of fully depreciated assets which are still in use:

	Gro	up
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Port equipment	5,912,747	5,607,704

# 15. Investment properties

	Group	
	2012	2011
	RM	RM
Cost		
At 1 January	5,390,949	-
Additions	-	1,300,000
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment		
(Note 13)	-	4,090,949
At 31 December	5,390,949	5,390,949
Accumulated depreciation		
At 1 January	165,772	-
Depreciation charge for the year (Note 8)	79,089	6,500
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment	,	•
(Note 13)	-	159,272
At 31 December	244,861	165,772
Net carrying amount		
At 31 December	5,146,088	5,225,177

The fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RM9,300,000 (31.12.2011 : RM8,800,000).

The fair value of investment properties have been determined based on valuation performed by accredited independent valuers with recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The valuations are based on the comparison method that makes reference to recent transaction value.

# 16. Land held for property development and property development costs

# (a) Land held for property development

	Group		
	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	
Freehold land			
Carrying amount			
At 1 January	17,426,502	18,948,975	
Transfer to property development costs	(2,768,183)	(1,522,473)	
At 31 December	14,658,319	17,426,502	

# 16. Land held for property development and property development costs (contd.)

# (b) Property development costs

,	Troporty development	Group		Company	
		2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
	At 31 December 2012				
	Cumulative property development costs				
	At 1 January				
	Freehold land	85,308,610	87,835,338	33,253,477	34,395,027
	Leasehold land	1,527,226	30,069,065	8,640,000	-
	Development costs	59,183,140	121,259,533	27,033,582	17,805,339
		146,018,976	239,163,936	68,927,059	52,200,366
	Costs incurred during the year: Freehold land	-	30,140	-	-
	Leasehold land	- 22 452 402	540,000	0 507 260	8,640,000
	Development costs	22,452,193 22,452,193	<u>16,529,578</u> 17,099,718	9,597,260 9,597,260	9,890,618
	•	22,432,193	17,099,710	9,597,200	10,330,010
	Reversal of costs arising from completed sale of land:				
	Freehold land	(16,770,740)	(4,673,219)	-	(1,141,550)
	Leasehold land	(641,969)	(10,858,700)	-	-
	Development costs	(26,234,621)	(96,235,232)		(662,375)
		(43,647,330)	(111,767,151)	-	(1,803,925)

# 16. Land held for property development and property development costs (contd.)

# (b) Property development costs (contd.)

	Gro	up	Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cumulative costs recognised in profit or loss				
At 1 January	-	(87,937,638)	-	-
Cost recognised during the year (Note 4) Reversal of costs arising	(43,647,330)	(23,829,513)	-	(1,803,925)
from completed sale of land At 31 December	43,647,330	111,767,151	<u>-</u>	1,803,925
Transfers: From land held for				
property development	2,768,183	1,522,473	-	-
From property, plant and equipment	4,201,655	-	_	_
-	6,969,838	1,522,473		
Property development costs at 31 December	404 700 077	440.040.070	70.504.040	00 007 050
2012	131,793,677	146,018,976	78,524,319	68,927,059

<sup>(</sup>a) Titles of certain land totalling RM24,326,304 (2011 : RM38,176,304) have yet to be issued to the subsidiaries concerned.

<sup>(</sup>b) A freehold development land with a carrying amount of RM19,516,331 (31.12.2011 : RMNil) of the Company is pledged to a financial institution as security for bank facilities granted to a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

# 17. Investments in subsidiaries

Company		
31.12.2012	31.12.2011	
RM	RM	
1,602,509	1,602,509	
(509)	(509)	
1,602,000	1,602,000	
173,515,720	173,515,720	
175,117,720	175,117,720	
	31.12.2012 RM 1,602,509 (509) 1,602,000 173,515,720	

The subsidiaries, all of which are incorporated in Malaysia, are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Equity interest held (%) 31.12.2011		Principal activities
Magni D'Corp Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Property investment
PCB Development Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding and real property development
Premium Meridian Sdn. Bhd.*	100	100	Property development and project management
Taipan Merit Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Investment holding
Trans Bid Sdn. Bhd.	51	51	Distribution, operation and management of water supply services
Held by PCB Development Se	dn. Bhd.		capply convioce
PCB Trading & Manufacturing Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Trading and manufacture of building materials
BioD Leisure and Recreation Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Provision of transport and travel services
Held by Taipan Merit Sdn. Bh	nd.		
Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn. Bhd.	50 plus 1 share	50 plus 1 share	Development of an intregated privatised project encompassing ownership and operations of multipurpose port facilities, operation and maintenance of a bulk terminal, sales and rental of port related land and other ancillary activities

# 17. Investments in subsidiaries (contd.)

Name of subsidiaries	Equity inter 31.12.2012	rest held (%) 31.12.2011	Principal activities				
Held by Taipan Merit Sdn. Bhd. (contd.)							
Casuarina Hotel Management Sdn. Bhd.	79.57	79.57	Hotelier, restaurateur and property developer				
Held by Lumut Maritime Ter	minal Sdn. Bhd	l <b>.</b>					
LMT Capital Sdn. Bhd.  Held by Casuarina Hotel Ma	100 nagement Sdn.	100 Bhd.	Issuance and redemption of Redeemable Preference Shares. The Redeemable Preference Shares were fully redeemed in 2003. The company is currently dormant				
-	100	100	Davidanment of tourism				
Silveritage Corporation Sdn. Bhd.	100	100	Development of tourism projects				
Held by Silveritage Corporation Sdn. Bhd.							
Cash Complex Sdn. Bhd.	73.91	73.91	Investment holding				

<sup>\*</sup> On 18 May 2012, the subsidiary increased its issued and paid up share capital from RM2 to RM500,000 by way of bonus issue of 499,998 ordinary shares of RM1 each, in the proportion of 249,999 new ordinary shares for every one (1) ordinary share held, through capitalisation of RM499,998 of its retained profits.

## Equity loans to subsidiaries

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and not repayable on demand by the respective subsidiaries and as such, the fair value of these amounts cannot be reliably measured, and consequently, these amounts have been measured at cost and been classified as equity contribution by the Company in the respective subsidiaries.

The directors are of the opinion that the fair values of the subsidiaries are not less than their carrying values as at 31 December 2012 and 2011. The Company and its ultimate holding corporation will continue to assist in the development of the projects undertaken by the respective subsidiaries as and when required.

## 18. Other investments

	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Non-current				
Available-for-sale financial assets:				
- Quoted shares in Malaysia *	29,732,100	28,001,687		-
At cost:				
Unquoted shares in Malaysia Less: Accumulated	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
impairment losses	(9,360)	(8,659)	(9,360)	(8,659)
	15,640	16,341	15,640	16,341
_	29,747,740	28,018,028	15,640	16,341

<sup>\*</sup> Certain quoted shares with carrying amount of RM27,800,000 (31.12.2011 : RM26,600,000) are pledged as security for bank facilities granted to a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 26.

Subsequent to reporting date, a subsidiary, as a nominated appointee to the Company, accepted the transfer of 25,300,543 ordinary shares of RM1 each in Integrax Berhad ("Integrax"), representing an 8.41% equity interest in Integrax, for a total consideration of RM40,480,869 arising from the settlement of debt between the Company and Perak Equity Sdn. Bhd.. Upon completion on 27 February 2013, the subsidiary holds total of 46,690,543 ordinary shares, representing a 15.74% equity interest in Integrax. Further details are disclosed in Note 38(e).

## 19. Intangible assets

	Group		
	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	
Goodwill			
Cost			
At 1 January and at 31 December	23,829,682	23,829,682	
Accumulated impairment losses			
At 1 January and at 31 December	18,679	18,679	
Net carrying amount			
At 31 December	23,811,003	23,811,003	

The carrying amount of goodwill is attributable to the acquisition of Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn. Bhd. ("LMTSB"), which is a 50% + one share owned subsidiary of Taipan Merit Sdn. Bhd. which in turn is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The principal activities of LMTSB are described in Note 17.

# 19. Intangible assets (contd.)

The annual impairment test of goodwill was based on its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined based on value-in-use which was assessed by management using the estimated future net operating cashflows of the various strategic business units within LMTSB with an annual growth rate of 0% discounted at 13% annually to their present value covering a period of 5 years.

There is no impairment of goodwill as at reporting date as the value-in-use was in excess of its carrying amount.

## 20. Inventories

	Group		
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	
At cost: Completed properties Tools and spares	1,733,919 4,597,322 6,331,241	316,759 4,943,513 5,260,272	

## 21. Trade and other receivables

	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Current				
Trade receivables				
Third parties	46,497,101	37,611,997	-	1,360,100
Amounts due from related parties:				
Ultimate holding corporation	-	2,000,000	-	-
Companies in which certain				
directors of certain subsidiaries have or are				
deemed to have				
substantial interests	12,889,442	12,997,661		
_	59,386,543	52,609,658	-	1,360,100
Less:				
Allowance for impairment	(4 407 400)	(4.000.000)		
Third parties _	(4,487,496)	(1,308,996)	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
Trade receivables, net	54,899,047	51,300,662		1,360,100

	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Current	KW	IXIVI	KW	KIVI
Other receivables Amounts due from related parties:				
Ultimate holding corporation Subsidiaries Fellow subsidiaries of ultimate holding	20,365,528	5,023,424 -	235,884 11,117,636	183,717 27,314,169
corporation Companies in which certain directors of certain subsidiaries have or are deemed to have	110,017,261	108,724,217	108,722,432	106,148,850
substantial interests	121,109	67,042		
Deposits Others	130,503,898 929,918 262,459 131,696,275	113,814,683 65,028 890,178 114,769,889	120,075,952 250 102,197 120,178,399	133,646,736 250 
Less:	131,030,273	114,703,003	120,170,000	133,040,300
Allowance for impairment - Amount due from a				
subsidiary			(48,028)	(48,028)
-	131,696,275	114,769,889	120,130,371	133,598,958
Total trade and other receivables Add: Cash and bank balances	186,595,322	166,070,551	120,130,371	134,959,058
(Note 23)	184,950,094	146,713,619	21,060,355	10,124,923
Total loans and receivables	371,545,416	312,784,170	141,190,726	145,083,981

# (a) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 60 days terms. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis. They are initially recognised at their cost when the contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another entity is established.

# (a) Trade receivables (contd.)

# Ageing analysis of trade receivables

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables is as follows:

	Group	
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	RM	RM
Neither past due nor impaired	32,615,184	42,815,616
1 to 30 days past due not impaired	7,053,682	126,875
31 to 60 days past due not impaired	3,477,549	782,857
61 to 90 days past due not impaired	962,533	569,243
91 to 120 days past due not impaired	2,520,989	346,137
More than 121 days past due not impaired	8,269,110	6,659,934
	22,283,863	8,485,046
Impaired	4,487,496	1,308,996
	59,386,543	52,609,658

## Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Included in trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are amounts totalling RM17,147,263 (31.12.2011: RM27,492,199) representing amounts receivable from land sales debtors in which these amounts are deemed collectible as the land titles are secured under the subsidiary's name and will only be transferred to the purchasers upon full settlement of the consideration. In the event that the purchaser defaults on the payments, it will be lawful under the Sale and Purchase Agreement ("Agreement") for the subsidiary to annul the sale of land and terminate the Agreement. The amounts paid up to 15% will be forfeited and the subsidiary is entitled to resell the land.

Included in trade receivables of the Group are amounts totalling RM6,743,680 (31.12.2011 : RM4,606,675) payable by means of contra for works to be performed as negotiated by a subsidiary.

The remaining balances in trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are customers with good payment records with the Group. None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

# Receivables that are past due but not impaired

Included in trade receivables that are past due but not impaired are:

(a) amounts due from a related party of a subsidiary amounting to RM5,697,284
 (31.12.2011: RM273,414) arising from trade sales made in the ordinary course of business for which consistent payments are received from this debtor;

# (a) Trade receivables (contd.)

Receivables that are past due but not impaired (contd.)

Included in trade receivables that are past due but not impaired are (contd.):

- (b) amounts due from related parties of a subsidiary amounting to RM4,887 (31.12.2011 : RM4,887) which have been long outstanding and unsecured in nature. The directors are of the opinion that these amounts are fully recoverable;
- (c) amounts due from land sales debtors amounting to RM13,313,495 (31.12.2011 : RM1,417,829). These amounts are deemed collectible as the land titles will only be transferred to the respective buyers upon their full payments being received;
- (d) amount due from ultimate holding corporation of RM2,000,000 in the previous year which was secured by bank guarantee;
- (e) amount due from a land sale debtors of RM1,360,100 in the previous year which was settled by way of contra for works performed; and
- (f) the remaining balances of trade receivables of RM3,268,197 (31.12.2011 : RM3,428,816) are due from creditworthy debtors which normally make payments beyond the credit period given with no recent history of default.

All the trade receivables that are past due but not impaired are unsecured in nature except as disclosed above.

## Receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are impaired at the reporting date and the movement of the allowance accounts used to record the impairment are as follows:

	Gro	Group	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	
Trade receivables - nominal amounts Less : Allowance for impairment	4,487,496 (4,487,496)	1,308,996 (1,308,996)	
Movement in allowance accounts:	2042	2014	
	2012 RM	2011 RM	
At 1 January	1,308,996	974,059	
Charge for the year (Note 8) Write off	3,424,726 (200,000)	1,059,987 (99,407)	
Reversal of impairment loss on receivables	(46,226)	(625,643)	
At 31 December	4,487,496	1,308,996	

# (a) Trade receivables (contd.)

Trade receivables that are determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral.

# (b) Related party balances (current)

## Amount due from ultimate holding corporation

The amount due from ultimate holding corporation included in other receivables of the Group is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable on demand by way of in-kind payment and contra of contract works for value of RM19,468,319 (2011: RM2,470,195) and RM661,352 (31.12.2011: RM661,325) respectively. The remaining balance will be settled in cash.

The amount due from ultimate holding corporation included in other receivables of the Company is unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and is to be settled in cash.

## Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries of ultimate holding corporation

Included in the amounts due from fellow subsidiaries of the ultimate holding corporation of the Group and of the Company are advances together with accrued interests amounting to RM107,197,216 (31.12.2011: RM104,623,134) due from Perak Equity Sdn. Bhd., ("PESB") a fellow subsidiary of its ultimate holding corporation, which are unsecured, bear interest rate of 3% (31.12.2011: 3%) per annum and repayable on demand.

The amounts due from fellow subsidiaries of the ultimate holding corporation of the Group and of the Company have been long outstanding. Based on the information available at the date these financial statements are authorised for issue, the directors are of the opinion that these amounts are fully recoverable as the ultimate holding corporation has undertaken to provide financial support to these fellow subsidiaries to meet their payment obligations.

## (b) Related party balances (current)

Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries of ultimate holding corporation (contd.)

On 28 February 2012, the Company entered into a conditional Settlement Agreement with PESB, to partially settle RM70.27 million of the total debts owing.

On 27 November 2012, the Company entered into a conditional Share Sale and Debt Settlement Agreement with PESB to settle RM40.48 million by way of set off against the PESB debt.

Further details of the above settlement agreements are disclosed in Note 38(d) and 38(e).

## 22. Other current assets

	Group	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Prepayments	254,685	206,077

## 23. Cash and bank balances

	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cash and bank balances	54,946,645	12,714,807	3,424,096	74,923
Deposits with licensed banks	130,003,449	133,998,812	17,636,259	10,050,000
	184,950,094	146,713,619	21,060,355	10,124,923

Included in cash and bank balances of the Group is an amount of RM176,708 (31.12.2011 : RM78,383) held in trust on behalf of the charity fund initiated by its ultimate holding corporation known as "Tabung Anak Yatim Islam dan Kebajikan PKNP".

Cash deposited in the designated disbursement and proceed accounts of a subsidiary amounting to RM9,487,083 (31.12.2011: RM8,498,283) is not available for use by the Group as these amounts are reserved for the redemption of Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS") as disclosed in Note 26.

Included in the deposits with licensed banks of the Group are amounts totalling RM1,074,311 (31.12.2011: RM307,779) pledged as securities for guarantees and other bank facilities granted to certain subsidiaries as referred to in Note 26.

# 23. Cash and bank balances (contd.)

The average interest rates of the deposits with licensed banks during the financial year range between 2.50% to 3.40% (31.12.2011 : 1.70% to 3.65%) per annum and the maturities of the deposits as at 31 December 2012 were between 1 day to 12 months (31.12.2011 : 1 day to 15 months).

## 24. Retrenchment benefits

	Group	
	2012 RM	2011 RM
At 1 January	-	820,706
Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits (Note 8)	-	(7,417)
Retrenchment benefits paid	-	(813,289)
At 31 December	-	-

The provision for retrenchment benefits in the previous year was made in accordance with additional claims by the National Union of Hotel, Bar and Restaurants Workers.

## 25. Retirement benefits

	Group		
	2012	2011	
	RM	RM	
At 1 January	257,445	221,445	
Provision for retirement benefits	21,000	36,000	
Reversal of provision for retirement benefits	(99,896)	-	
Retirement benefits paid	(178,549)	-	
At 31 December		257,445	
Analysed as:			
Current	-	-	
Non-current	-	257,445	
		257,445	

A subsidiary of the Company operated an unfunded defined benefit scheme for its eligible employees ("the Scheme"). Under the Scheme, eligible employees were entitled to retirement benefits based on 15 days pay based on the last drawn basic salary for every completed year of service on attainment of retirement age of 58.

Upon the disposal of the hotel operations in 2009, the subsidiary did not perform any valuation for the Scheme. The amount provided was mainly for the eligible remaining employees who were entitled to retirement benefits based on the said Scheme and would be retained in the financial statements until retirement of these employees.

The scheme was terminated during the year with amounts paid to the eligible remaining employees.

# 25. Retirement benefits (contd.)

The summary analysis of the defined benefit scheme based on actuarial valuation performed were as follows:

		Group	
		31.12.2012	31.12.2011
		RM	RM
(i)	Statement of financial position		
	The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position were determined as follows:		
	Present value of unfunded defined benefits obligations	-	257,445
	Unrecognised actuarial losses	-	, -
	Unrecognised past service costs		-
	Net liability		257,445
	Analysed as:		
	Current	-	-
	Non-current	_	257,445
	Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligations over the year were as follows:		
		Gro	-
		2012	2011
		RM	RM
	At 1 January	257,445	221,445
	Current service cost	5,205	8,923
	Interest cost	14,559	24,959
	Past service cost	1,236	2,118
	Reversal of provision	(99,896)	-
	Benefits paid by the plan	(178,549)	-
	At 31 December		257,445
<b>(::)</b>	Profit on loca		
(ii)	Profit or loss	Gro	un
		2012	2011
		RM	RM
	The amounts recognised in profit or loss were as follows:		
	Current service cost	5,205	8,923
	Interest cost	14,559	24,959
	Past service cost recognised	1,236	2,118
	(Income)/Expense recognised in profit or loss	21,000	36,000

# 25. Retirement benefits (contd.)

The amounts recognised in profit or loss were included in the following line items:

	Group	
	2012 RM	
Other operating expenses	21,000	36,000

# (iii) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

	Gro	Group	
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	
	%	%	
Discount rate	-	4.0	
Expected rate of salary increases	-	5.0	

# 26. Loans and borrowings

	J	Group		Company	
	Maturity	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Current	Maturity	KIVI	KIVI	KIVI	KIVI
Secured:					
Hire purchase and	b				
finance lease liabilities					
(Note 27)	2012	223,769	232,855	61,665	51,610
Bai Bithaman Ajil					
Islamic Debt					
Securities					
("BaIDS")	2012	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	-
Margin loan for	On domond		10 000 000		
share financing	On demand	12 000 000	12,000,000	-	-
Revolving credits	On demand_	12,000,000 17,223,769	17,232,855	61,665	51,610
	_	17,223,709	17,232,033	01,003	31,010
Unsecured:					
Revolving credits	On demand	60,000,000	60,000,000	60,000,000	60,000,000
J	_	, ,		, ,	, ,
		77,223,769	77,232,855	60,061,665	60,051,610

		Group		Company	
	Maturity	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Non-current	•				
Secured: Hire purchase and finance lease liabilities (Note 27) Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities	2013 - 2016 2013 -	419,003	549,182	160,449	124,981
("BaIDS")	2013 -	30,000,000	35,000,000	_	_
( = a • )		30,419,003	35,549,182	160,449	124,981
Total borrowings Hire purchase and lease liabilities (N Bai Bithaman Ajil I Debt Securities (' Margin loan for sha financing Revolving credits	finance lote 27) slamic 'BaIDS")	642,772 35,000,000 - 72,000,000	782,037 40,000,000 12,000,000 60,000,000	222,114 - - 60,000,000	176,591 - - 60,000,000
3		107,642,772	112,782,037	60,222,114	60,176,591
Maturity of borrow (excluding hire puting finance lease and	urchase and				
Within one year	ı	72,000,000	72,000,000	60,000,000	60,000,000

# Hire purchase and finance lease liabilities

The finance leases of the Group and of the Company bear interest at rates which range between 2.35% to 3.88% (31.12.2011:2.35% to 3.88%) per annum.

Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS")

-	•	<del></del>	Group	
			31.12.2012	31.12.2011
			RM	RM
Drimary handa			25 000 000	40 000 000
Primary bonds			35,000,000	40,000,000
Secondary bonds			8,062,500	11,062,500
			43,062,500	51,062,500
Less: Secondary bonds			(8,062,500)	(11,062,500)
			35,000,000	40,000,000
	31.12.	2012	31.12.	2011
	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary
	bonds	bonds	bonds	bonds
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Maturity of BaIDS:				
Not later than 1 year	5,000,000	2,625,000	5,000,000	3,000,000
Later than 1 year and not				
later than 5 years	30,000,000	5,437,500	35,000,000	8,062,500
-	35,000,000	8,062,500	40,000,000	11,062,500

Pursuant to the financing procedure under the Syariah principle of Bai Bithaman Ajil, a subsidiary has entered into an asset sale and re-purchase agreement on 22 November 2004 under which a bank has agreed to grant the subsidiary the BaIDS facility with an aggregate face value of RM60 million. The BaIDS are constituted by a Trust Deed dated 22 November 2004 between the subsidiary and the Trustee for the holders of the BaIDS.

The BaIDS are of negotiable value, non-interest bearing secured Primary Bonds together with non-detachable Secondary Bonds. The Primary Bonds were issued in 10 series, with maturities between 2007 to 2017.

Each series of BaIDS comprises Primary BaIDS with a face value of between RM5 million and RM10 million each, to which shall be attached an appropriate number of Secondary Bonds, the face value of which represents the semi-annual profit of the bonds. The Secondary Bonds are redeemable every 6 months commencing from the issue date and the last of which shall be payable on the maturity date. The face value of the Secondary Bonds are computed based on the profit rate of 7.5% per annum.

Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS") (contd.)

The BaIDS are secured by way of:

- (i) an assignment of the subsidiary's rights under the operations and maintenance agreements ("OMA") with Lekir Bulk Terminal Sdn. Bhd. ("LBT");
- (ii) a charge over a Designated Account of the subsidiary into which only the Fixed Project Consideration received from LBT under the OMA will be paid; and
- (iii) a Power of Attorney from the subsidiary for the appointment by the security trustee for the BaIDS, of a competent port operator as a sub-contractor of the subsidiary to fulfill its responsibilities in the event of non-performance by the subsidiary under the OMA.

The major covenants of the BaIDS are as follows:

Positive Covenants

The subsidiary shall:

- (i) maintain a debt to equity ratio of not exceeding 70:30;
- (ii) maintain all insurance necessary for its business as required under the OMA;
- (iii) cause and ensure that the current shareholders remain unchanged unless with the prior consent of the Trustee; and
- (iv) perform and carry out all and any of its obligations under the OMA.

**Negative Covenants** 

The subsidiary shall not without the prior written consent of the Trustee:

- reduce its authorised and/or issued ordinary shares save and except for redemption of preference share capital and any decrease in its issued capital resulting from purchases of its own shares;
- (ii) incur, assume, guarantee or permit to exist any debt that will in aggregate exceed its Debt to Equity Ratio of 70:30;

## Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS") (contd.)

- (iii) save for the Leasehold Industrial Land, dispose of any such assets which will materially and adversely affect its business operations;
- (iv) amend the OMA so as to affect the Fixed Project Consideration; and
- (v) declare, pay dividends or make any distribution to equity investors or payment on any subordinated debt if an event default has occurred or the proceeds accounts is at any time less than the profit and principal payment due within the next six months.

## Margin loan for share financing

The margin loan for share financing in the previous year bore interest at 9% per annum and was secured by way of quoted shares held by a subsidiary and ultimate holding corporation. The amount was fully settled during the financial year.

## Revolving credits (secured)

The revolving credits for share financing bear interest at 4.88% (31.12.2011 : Nil) per annum and are secured by way of :

- Third party first fixed legal charge over a piece of leasehold land of the Company as disclosed in Note 16;
- b) Quoted shares of a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 18;
- c) Deposits with licensed banks of a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 23; and
- d) Corporate guarantee of the Company.

## Revolving credits (unsecured)

The revolving credits of the Group and of the Company bear interest at 5.9% (31.12.2011 : 5.9%) per annum.

Interest on revolving credits is subject to floating interest rates which is repriced annually.

# 27. Hire purchase and finance lease commitments

	Gro	up	Comp	oany
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Minimum lease payments:				
Not later than 1 year	263,221	276,480	72,676	60,888
Later than 1 year and not				
later than 5 years	453,095	605,476	174,588	136,424
	716,316	881,956	247,264	197,312
Less: Finance charges	(73,544)	(99,919)	(25,150)	(20,721)
	642,772	782,037	222,114	176,591
Present value of payments: Amount due within				
12 months (Note 26) Amount due after	223,769	232,855	61,665	51,610
12 months (Note 26)	419,003	549,182	160,449	124,981
	642,772	782,037	222,114	176,591

# 28. Trade and other payables

	Gre	oup	Com	pany
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Non-current				
Other payables Amount due to related party: Ultimate holding corporation	4,912,485			
Current				
Trade payables				
•	3,263,600	2,768,553	-	-
parties:				
Companies in which certain				
deemed to have				
substantial interests	333,000	216,000		
	3,596,600	2,984,553		-
Current  Trade payables Third parties Amount due from related parties: Companies in which certain directors of certain subsidiaries have or are deemed to have	3,263,600			

# 28. Trade and other payables (contd.)

	Gro	oup	Comp	oany
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Other payables				
Subsidiary	-	-	565,409	-
Amounts due to related parties	•			
Ultimate holding corporation	632,369	696,337	-	-
Fellow subsidiary of ultimate holding				
corporation	31,461	-	-	-
Companies in which certain				
directors of certain				
subsidiaries have or are				
deemed to have				
substantial interests	20	8,859,663		<u> </u>
	663,850	9,556,000	565,409	-
Deposits received	354,293	1,722,072	214,288	214,288
Advances from purchasers	22,116,503	2,107,999	-	-
Tender deposits received				
from contractors	219,537	199,848	-	-
Accruals	6,405,830	4,886,473	1,769,729	1,468,753
Accruals for development				
expenditure	13,029,480	-	-	-
Amount payable for the				
purchase of land	-	5,776,916	-	-
Sundry payables _	7,571,955	5,348,447		-
_	50,361,448	29,597,755	2,549,426	1,683,041
_	53,958,048	32,582,308	2,549,426	1,683,041
Total trade and other				
payables	58,870,533	32,582,308	2,549,426	1,683,041
Add: Loans and borrowings				
(Note 26)	107,642,772	112,782,037	60,222,114	60,176,591
Total financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	166,513,305	145,364,345	62,771,540	61,859,632

# (a) Trade payables

These amounts are non-interest bearing. Trade payables are normally settled within 7 to 90 days.

# (b) Other payables

Included in sundry payables of the Group is an amount of RM1,011,161 (31.12.2011 : RM1,011,161) representing the balance of amount due arising from the acquisition of certain properties.

# 28. Trade and other payables (contd.)

# (c) Amounts due to related parties (current)

The amounts due to related parties of the Group and of the Company are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are repayable on demand.

Included in the amount are the Funds for Operations and Maintenance (O&M) of the Group amounting to RM20 (31.12.2011: RM8,850,663) which represents advances from Lekir Bulk Terminal Sdn. Bhd. ("LBT") to a subsidiary for the purpose of procuring parts/tools and equipment as stipulated under Clause 6.7 of the Operations and Maintenance Agreement dated 30 June 2000 between the subsidiary and LBT.

# (d) Amount due to related party (non-current)

The amount due to ultimate holding corporation is unsecured, bears administrative fee at a rate of 3% (31.12.2011 : RMNil) per annum and is repayable within a period of five years.

29. Deferred tax

Deferred income tax as at 31 December relates to the following:

Group  Deferred tax liabilities:	At 1 January 2011 RM	Recognised in profit or loss RM	At 31 December 2011 RM	Recognised in profit or loss RM	As at 31 December 2012 RM
Property, plant and equipment and port facilties	5,626,164	221,078	5,847,242	374,568	6,221,810
Deferred tax assets:					
Other provisions	(286,000)	8,751	(277,249)	(835,874)	(1,113,123)
	5,340,164	229,829	5,569,993	(461,306)	5,108,687

# 29. Deferred tax (contd.)

d tax asse	Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

		erences
Unutilised business losses	Unabsorbed capital allowances	Other deductible temporary differences

Potential deferred tax benefits @ 25%

up 31.12.2011 RM	(277,249) 5,847,242 5,569,993	up 31.12.2011 RM	956,343 325,154 226,057 1,507,554
Group 31.12.2012 RM	(1,113,123) 6,221,810 5,108,687	Group 31.12.2012 RM	230 329,816 265,561 595,607

376,889

148,902

# 30. Share capital

	Number o shares of	•	Amount		
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	
Authorised	500,000,000	500,000,000	500,000,000	500,000,000	
Issued and fully paid	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000	

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

# 31. Share premium

The share premium account may be applied in paying up unissued shares as fully paid bonus shares.

# 32. Fair value adjustment reserve

	Grou	u <b>p</b>
	2012 RM	2011 RM
At 1 January Available-for-sale financial assets:	(3,449,971)	2,953,800
- gain/(loss) on fair value changes	1,273,948	(6,403,771)
At 31 December	(2,176,023)	(3,449,971)

Fair value adjustment reserve represents the cumulative fair value changes, net of tax, of available-for-sale financial assets until they are disposed of or impaired.

# 33. Retained earnings

As at 31 December 2012, the Company has tax exempt profits available for distribution as tax exempt dividends of approximately RM1,134,000 (2011: RM1,134,000).

Prior to year of assessment 2008, Malaysian companies adopted the full imputation system. In accordance with the Finance Act 2007 which was gazetted on 28 December 2007, companies shall not be entitled to deduct tax on dividend paid, credited or distributed to its shareholders, and such dividends will be exempted from tax in the hands of the shareholders ("single tier system"). However, there is a transitional period of six years, expiring on 31 December 2013, to allow companies to pay franked dividends to their shareholders under limited circumstances. Companies also have an irrevocable option to disregard the 108 balance and opt to pay dividends under the single tier system. The change in the tax legislation also provides for the 108 balance to be locked-in as at 31 December 2007 in accordance with Section 39 of the Finance Act 2007.

The Company did not elect for the irrevocable option to disregard the 108 balance. Accordingly, during the transitional period, the Company may utilise the credit in the 108 balance as at 31 December 2007 to distribute cash dividend payments to ordinary shareholders as defined under the Finance Act 2007.

As at 31 December 2012, the Company has sufficient credit in the 108 balance and balance in the tax exempt income account to pay dividends amounting to approximately RM19,642,000 (31.12.2011: RM21,892,000) out of its retained earnings. The Company may distribute the balance of the retained earnings of approximately RM50,064,000 (31.12.2011: RM43,069,000) as dividends under the single tier system.

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	<u></u>	Grou	Group and Company		$\overline{}$
	_			Dividends	spu
	Dividen	Dividend in respect of Year	ear	Recognised in Year	d in Year
	2012	2011	2010	2012	2011
Recognised as at 31 December	R M	R E	R N	R N	R E
Final dividend for 2011: 3.0% less 25% taxation (2010 : 2.5% less 25% taxation) on 100,000,000 ordinary shares	,	2,250,000	1,875,000	2,250,000	1,875,000
Not recognised as at 31 December Proposed for approval at AGM					
Final dividend for 2012: 8.5% per share less 25% taxation, on 100,000,000 ordinary shares	6,375,000	ı	1	1	•
ordinary shares	1,100,000	- 250 000	- 1 875 000	- 250 000	- 1 875 000
		2,00,000	0000	2,500,000	000

At the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), the final dividends for 2012 will be proposed for shareholders' approval. The financial statements for the current financial year do not reflect these proposed dividends. Such dividends, if approved by the shareholders will be accounted for in equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the next financial year ending 31 December 2013.

# 35. Related party disclosures

	Gro	up	Comp	pany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Transactions with the				
ultimate holding				
corporation				
Advances received	4,900,000	115,254	-	_
Administrative fee	12,485	-	-	-
Management fee expense	800,000	800,000	800,000	800,000
Project expenditure	800,000	800,000	800,000	800,000
Rental payable	351,782	258,895	351,782	258,895
Project management				
income	(90,478)	(23,600)	-	-
Rental income	(2,023,549)	(2,023,549)	(2,023,549)	(2,023,549)
Transfer of debts	16,998,097	-	-	-
Purchase of land	-	540,000	-	-
Repayment of advances	2,489,132	231,421	19,600	100,953
Transactions with				
subsidiaries				
Repayment of advances	-	-	18,502,360	963,677
Advances paid	-	-	(8,706,409)	(1,177,700)
Accounting fees	-	-	-	(11,492)
Management fee income	-	-	(132,000)	(132,000)
Contra payments with			(4.000.400)	(0.000.000)
progress claims	-	-	(1,360,100)	(2,839,900)
Contra of lands for settlement of debts				8,640,000
Recharge of property	_	_	-	0,040,000
development cost			7,892,681	7,468,217
Transactions with fellow subsidiaries of the ultimate holding corporation				
Interest income	(954,022)	(910,136)	(954,022)	(910,136)
Advances paid	(3,379,007)	(5,018,963)	(3,216,507)	(3,112,122)
Management fees	(360,000)	(360,000)	-	-
Repayment of advances	4,936,658	3,303,805	1,596,447	3,298,805
Rental expenses	(31,461)			

# 35. Related party disclosures (contd.)

# **Transactions with related parties**

Companies in which a director of a subsidiary, Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn. Bhd., Amin bin Halim Rasip has substantial interests:

	Group		Company	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Fixed monthly charges	108,000	108,000	-	-
Port services receivable	(32,731,674)	(30,035,062)	-	-
Waiver of debts	<u>-</u>	(50,000)		

Account balances with significant related parties of the Group and of the Company at year end are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Account balances with the ultimate holding corporation	KIVI	KIVI	KIVI	KIWI
Receivables Payables	20,365,528 (632,369)	7,023,424 (696,337)	235,884	183,717
Account balances with subsidiaries				
Receivables (including equity loans)			184,633,356	200,829,889
Account balances with fellow subsidiaries of ultimate holding corporation				
Receivables Payables	110,017,261 (31,461)	108,724,217	108,722,432	106,148,850

#### 35. Related party disclosures (contd.)

Gro	up	Com	pany
31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
RM	RM	RM	RM

Companies in which a director of a subsidiary, Lumut Maritime Terminal Sdn. Bhd., Amin bin Halim Rasip has substantial interests:

Receivables	13,010,551	13,064,703	-	-
Payables	(333,020)	(9,075,663)		

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2012	2011	2012	2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Salaries and allowances	2,809,915	1,916,220	668,630	567,531

Included in the total remuneration of key management personnel are:

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2012 RM	2011 RM	2012 RM	2011 RM
Directors' remuneration	388,550	294,400	258,550	174,400

#### 36. Commitments

#### (a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure as at the reporting date are as follows:

31.12.2012   31.12.2011   RM   RM   RM   RM   RM   RM   RM			Gro	oup	Com	pany
Property, plant and equipment			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
equipment         10,000         55,000         10,000         15,000           Port facilities         10,757,471         1,087,000         -         -           Land and buildings         2,536,926         4,665,091         -         -           Renovations on building         2,815,501         500,000         -         440,000           Additional share purchase under other investments         22,980,000         19,540,000         -         -         -           39,099,898         25,847,091         10,000         455,000    (ii) Authorised and contracted for:  Port facilities  222,000	(i)					
equipment         10,000         55,000         10,000         15,000           Port facilities         10,757,471         1,087,000         -         -           Land and buildings         2,536,926         4,665,091         -         -           Renovations on building         2,815,501         500,000         -         440,000           Additional share purchase under other investments         22,980,000         19,540,000         -         -         -           39,099,898         25,847,091         10,000         455,000    (ii) Authorised and contracted for:  Port facilities  222,000		Property, plant and				
Land and buildings Renovations on building 2,815,501 500,000 - 440,000 Additional share purchase under other investments 22,980,000 19,540,000 39,099,898 25,847,091 10,000 455,000  (ii) Authorised and contracted for:  Port facilities 222,000 Land and buildings 66,753,218 71,075,963			10,000	55,000	10,000	15,000
Renovations on building   2,815,501   500,000   - 440,000   Additional share purchase under other investments   22,980,000   19,540,000		Port facilities	10,757,471	1,087,000	-	-
building 2,815,501 500,000 - 440,000 Additional share purchase under other investments 22,980,000 19,540,000		Land and buildings	2,536,926	4,665,091	-	-
Additional share purchase under other investments 22,980,000 19,540,000 39,099,898 25,847,091 10,000 455,000  (ii) Authorised and contracted for:  Port facilities 222,000 Land and buildings 66,753,218 71,075,963		Renovations on				
purchase under other investments 22,980,000 19,540,000		building	2,815,501	500,000	-	440,000
other investments         22,980,000         19,540,000         -						
(ii) Authorised and contracted for:     25,847,091     10,000     455,000       Port facilities     222,000     -     -     -       Land and buildings     66,753,218     71,075,963     -     -		•	22.980.000	19.540.000	_	_
contracted for:         Port facilities       222,000       -       -       -         Land and buildings       66,753,218       71,075,963       -       -		_			10,000	455,000
contracted for:         Port facilities       222,000       -       -       -         Land and buildings       66,753,218       71,075,963       -       -		_				
Land and buildings 66,753,218 71,075,963	(ii)					
Land and buildings 66,753,218 71,075,963		Port facilities	222.000	_	_	_
			•	71,075,963	_	_
00,973,210 71,073,903		<b>3</b> -	66,975,218	71,075,963		_

#### (b) Operating lease commitments - as lessor

A subsidiary has entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement to rent out an investment property to a third party.

This lease has a remaining non-cancellable lease term period of 5 years, commencing on 1 August 2011. The lease includes a clause with an option to renew the lease at the written request given not less than two months before the expiration of the lease term and upward revision of the rental charge on a yearly basis which shall not be more than ten percent of the last monthly rental upon renewal of the lease.

#### 36. Commitments (contd.)

#### (b) Operating lease commitments - as lessor (contd.)

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease contracted for as at the reporting date but not recognised as receivables are as follows:

	Gro	up
	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later	120,000	120,000
than 5 years	310,000	430,000
	430,000	550,000

The rental income recognised in profit or loss is disclosed in Note 8 and no contingent rent has been recognised during the financial year.

#### 37. Contingent liabilities

The Company has provided the following guarantee as at the reporting date:

	Comp	oany
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	RM	RM
Corporate guarantees given to banks for revolving credits		
facilities granted to a subsidiary (Note 26)	12,000,000	-

As at reporting date, no values are ascribed to the corporate guarantees provided by the Company to secure banking facilities granted to the subsidiary whereby the Company monitors the performance of the subsidiary concerned closely to ensure the subsidiary meets its financial obligations. In view that there is minimal risk of default, the directors regard the value of the credit enhancement provided by the corporate guarantees as minimal.

#### 38. Significant and/or recurring events

(a) In 2011, PCB Development Sdn. Bhd. ("PCBD"), a subsidiary agreed to dispose certain parcels of land ("the Land") to Casuarina Hotel Management Sdn. Bhd. ("CHMSB"), a subsidiary, for a total consideration of RM10,221,354.

On 29 April 2011, PCBD entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("the Agreement") with CHMSB ("the vendor") and Curah Bahagia Sdn. Bhd. ("the purchaser"), a company incorporated in Malaysia, to dispose the Land to the purchaser for a total consideration of RM12,181,554.

Upon execution of the Agreement, CHMSB received a deposit of RM1,218,154 from the purchaser.

The sale of the Land has been completed in September 2012.

(b) On 27 December 2011, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement ("the Agreement") with Premium Meridian Sdn. Bhd. ("PMSB"), a subsidiary, for the purpose of settlement of intercompany balances owed by PMSB to the Company amounting to RM9,640,000 ("the Sum Due").

Pursuant to the Agreement, the Sum Due will be settled by way of the following:

- (i) PMSB surrendering to the Company full rights and liabilities of ownership of certain parcels of land ("the Contra Land") comprising 48 acres of land located at Batang Padang, Mukim Hulu Bernam Timur, Perak at the agreed contra rate value of RM180,000 per acre, thereby setting off the sum of RM8,640,000;
- (ii) assignment of sales proceeds receivables by PMSB to the Company totalling RM500,000; and
- (iii) cash payment of RM500,000 within six months from the date of agreement.

PMSB surrendered the Contra Land to the Company upon execution of the Agreement and settled part of the amount as stated in Note 38(b)(iii) of RM100,000. The remaining sum due was in respect of Note 38(b)(ii) and balance of Note 38(b)(iii) as at the reporting date.

Subsequent to year end, the sum due in respect of Note 38(b)(iii) was settled.

(c) On 28 December 2011, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement ("the Agreement") with PCB Development Sdn. Bhd. ("PCBD"), a subsidiary, for the purpose of settlement of intercompany balances owed by PCBD to the Company amounting to RM33,737,361 ("the Sum Due").

Pursuant to the Agreement, PCBD had proposed a scheme of arrangement ("the Settlement Scheme") to repay the Sum Due by way of the following:

- (a) Contra of infrastructure contract work performed by PCBD for the Company totalling RM7,468,217 which has been completed at date of agreement;
- (b) Payment through the sale proceeds of land receivable by PCBD of RM2,674,367 which is due in January 2012;
- (c) Payment through the sale proceeds of land receivable by PCBD of RM592,416 which will be due in 2012;
- (d) Payment through the proceeds from the proposed sale of land to be made by PCBD in 2012 amounting to RM11,660,577;
- (e) Contra of infrastructure contract work to be performed by PCBD for the Company in 2012 amounting to RM7,892,681; and
- (f) Contra of other infrastructure contract work to be performed by PCBD for the Company or in cash amounting to RM3,449,103.

As at the reporting date, the remaining amount of the Sum Due is RM3,258,288.

(d) On 28 February 2012, the Company entered into a conditional Settlement Agreement ("Settlement Agreement") with Perak Equity Sdn. Bhd. ("PESB"), a fellow subsidiary of its ultimate holding corporation to partially settle the total debt of RM104.62 million owing as at 31 December 2011 by PESB to the Company by way of set-off against the total purchase consideration of RM70.27 million for two properties to be acquired by the Company from PESB ("Proposed Settlement").

In tandem with the execution of the Settlement Agreement on 28 February 2012, the Company entered into two separate conditional Sale and Purchase Agreements ("S&P Agreements") to acquire the Settlement Lands from PESB ("Proposed Acquisitions").

The Settlement Lands with a total attributed value of RM70.27 million consist of the following:

- (1) 1,002.939 acres of land to be provided with main infrastructure for the purpose of development of Bio-Tech Industrial Park, Forest Arboretum Technology Park and Herbal Park located at a proposed Perak Hi-Tech Park ("PHTP"), Off Jalan Kanthan/Sg Siput, Kanthan, Perak valued at RM38.13 million comprising:
  - (i) 96.118 acres of industrial land together with main infrastructure with an attributed value of RM17.80 million; and
  - (ii) 906.821 acres of agricultural land together with main infrastructure with an attributed value of RM20.33 million.

(collectively known as the "PHTP Lands")

#### (d) **(contd.)**

- (2) Lands and buildings at Teluk Dalam Resort located at Pantai Teluk Dalam, Pulau Pangkor, Perak, valued at RM32.14 million comprising:
  - (i) land measuring approximately 10.33 acres together with one block of main building, office, cafeteria, hall, 32 units of chalets (Tanjung-Seaview) and 69 units of chalets (Melati) erected on the land with an attributed value of RM23.63 million; and
  - (ii) land measuring approximately 4.17 acres together with 34 units of bungalow chalets erected on the land with an attributed value of RM8.51 million,

all in 35 titles of land all in the Mukim of Lumut, District of Manjung in the state of Perak Darul Ridzuan, with one title, namely, H.S.(D) 29371, P.T. No. 13222 in Mukim of Lumut, District of Manjung, State of Perak Darul Ridzuan, designated as Malay Reserved Land ("Reserved Land").

(collectively known as the "Teluk Dalam Lands")

#### (d) **(contd.)**

The Proposed Settlement and Proposed Acquisitions are subject to fullfillment of conditions precedent of the Agreements and the approvals of the following:

- (i) the Shareholders of the Company at an Extraordinary General Meeting to be convened; and
- (ii) the relevant authorities for the transfer and issue of the document of titles of the Settlement lands.

On 26 July 2012, the Proposed Settlement and Proposed Acquisitions have been duly approved by the Shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting.

As at reporting date, the Settlement Agreement has yet to be completed as certain conditions precedent in connection therewith have not been fully met.

(e) On 27 November 2012, the Company has entered into a conditional Share Sale and Debt Settlement Agreement with PESB to acquire 25,300,543 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each representing an 8.41% equity interest in Integrax Berhad from PESB for a total consideration of RM40.48 million to be settled by way of set off against the PESB debt ("Proposed Final Debt Settlement").

On 22 January 2013, the Company has received approval from the shareholders for the Proposed Final Debt Settlement.

On 27 February 2013, the transaction has been completed.

(f) On 23 March 2012, PCB Development Sdn. Bhd. ("PCBD") entered into a Heads of Agreement with Sanderson Project Development (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. ("SPDM") for the participation in a joint venture company ("JV") for the purpose of developing and operating an international standard animation theme park, resort hotel and serviced apartment on certain parcels of land at Bandar Meru Raya, Ipoh, Perak ("Project"). The intended equity participation in the JV shall be 20% to be held by PCBD and 80% to be held by SPDM.

#### (f) (contd.)

The rationale of the Project is to fulfil the BioD initiative development as well as to complement the development of BioD City and BioD Eco-Tourism undertaken by the Group to facilitate the national strategic policies providing various conducive environment for optimal economic growth.

PCBD and SPDM will enter into a Shareholders Agreement and a definitive Agreement within 6 months from the date of the Heads of Agreement or any extension as may be mutually agreed upon by the contracting parties to regulate the rights and obligations of the contracting parties and ensure the smooth running of the Project.

On 22 March 2013, PCBD entered into a Joint Venture Agreement and a shareholders' Agreement with SPDM and the special purpose joint venture company now identified as Animation Theme Park Sdn Bhd ("ATP") to formalise and regularise the rights and obligations of the respective contracting parties and to facilitate the implementation of the Project.

On the same date, PCBD also entered into a Lease Agreement and a Sale and Purchase Agreement with ATP pertaining to the lease of certain parcels of land at BioD City for a period of sixty (60) years ("Lease Period") intended for the construction and operation of the animation theme park incorporating BioD concept ("BioD ATP") and the sale of another parcel of land at BioD City for the development of the resort hotel and serviced apartments respectively (the aforesaid agreements collectively hereinafter referred to as the "Agreements").

PCBD shall ultimately hold up to a total of 20% equity interest in ATP at a total cost of up to RM3 million to be financed through internally generated funds of PCBD.

(g) On 10 July 2012, the Company entered into a Transfer of Asset Agreement with a subsidiary to enable the rights of a parcel of land to be transferred to the subsidiary for a total consideration of RM6,207,300. This is to enable the subsidiary to enter into a formal sale and purchase agreement with a third party.

On 17 July 2012, the subsidiary entered into a Sale and Purchase agreement with a third party to dispose the parcel of land for a total consideration of RM7,187,400.

Subsequently, the Company signed a supplemental agreement with the subsidiary, to further clarify certain terms and conditions to be fulfilled.

As at reporting date, the subsidiary has received deposit and partial payment totalling RM3,449,952 from the third party and the above transactions have yet to be completed pending the fulfillment of terms and conditions of the respective agreements.

(h) On 23 July 2012, the Company entered into a Transfer of Asset Agreement with a subsidiary to enable the rights of a parcel of land to be transferred to the subsidiary for a total consideration of RM4,883,076. This is to enable the subsidiary to enter into a formal sale and purchase agreement with a third party.

Subsequently, the Company signed a supplemental agreement with the subsidiary to further clarify certain terms and conditions to be fulfilled.

On 27 February 2013, the subsidiary entered into a Sale and Purchase agreement with a third party to dispose of the parcel of land for a total consideration of RM5,654,088.

As at reporting date, the subsidiary has received advance payment of RM1,130,817 from the third party and the above transactions have yet to be completed pending the fulfillment of terms and conditions of the respective agreements.

#### 39. Fair value of financial instruments

#### (a) Fair value of financial instruments that are carried at fair value

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments carried at fair value by level of fair value hierarchy:

Group At 31 December 2012	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments Level 1 RM	Significant other observable inputs Level 2 RM	inputs Level 3	Total RM
Financial assets: Available-for-sale financial assets - Quoted shares (Note 18)	29,732,100			29,732,100
As 31 December 2011				
Financial assets: Available-for-sale financial assets - Quoted shares (Note 18)	28,001,687_		_	28,001,687

#### Fair value hierarchy

The Group classifies fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices), and
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

#### 39. Fair value of financial instruments (contd.)

#### (a) Fair value of financial instruments that are carried at fair value (contd.)

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the financial years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011.

The Group does not have any financial liabilities carried at fair values nor any financial instruments classified as Level 2 and Level 3 as at 31 December 2012 and 2011.

#### **Determination of fair value**

Fair value of the quoted shares are determined directly by reference to their published market bid price at reporting date.

## (b) Fair value of financial instruments by classes that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of fair value

			oup 2.2012		npany 2.2012
	Note	amount RM	Fair value RM	amount RM	Fair value RM
Financial assets: Other investments (non-current) - Unquoted shares in Malaysia	18	15,640	#	15,640	#
Financial liabilities: Loans and borrowings (non-current) - Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS") - Hire purchase and	26	30,000,000	24,513,953	-	-
finance lease liabilities	27	419,003	481,055	160,449	166,821

#### 39. Fair value of financial instruments (contd.)

(b) Fair value of financial instruments by classes that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are not reasonable approximation of fair value (contd.)

		Gro 31.12	•	Comp 31.12.	•
		Carrying	.2011	Carrying	2011
	Note	amount RM	Fair value RM	amount RM	Fair value RM
Financial assets: Other investments (non-current) - Unquoted shares in Malaysia	18	16,341	#	16,341	#
Financial liabilities: Loans and borrowings (non-current) - Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic Debt Securities ("BaIDS" - Hire purchase and		35,000,000	27,991,993	-	-
finance lease liabilities	27	549,182	671,435	124,981	134,560

<sup>#</sup> Fair value information has not been disclosed for the Group's and the Company's investments in equity instruments that are carried at cost because fair value cannot be measured reliably.

### (c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value:

	Note
Other investments - unquoted shares (non-current)	18
Trade and other receivables (current)	21
Loans and borrowings (current)	26
Trade and other payables (current)	28

#### 39. Fair value of financial instruments (contd.)

### (c) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value (contd.)

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are repriced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.

The carrying amounts of the current portion of loans and borrowings are reasonable approximations of fair value due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

#### 40. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Group's businesses whilst managing its interest rate, liquidity, foreign exchange, credit and market price risks. The Group operates within clearly defined guidelines that are approved by the Board and the Group's policy is not to engage in speculative transactions.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

The Group's primary interest rate risk relates to interest-bearing debts, as the Group had no substantial long-term interest-bearing assets as at 31 December 2012 and 2011. The investments in financial assets are mainly short term in nature and they are not held for speculative purposes but have been mostly placed in fixed deposits or occasionally, in short term commercial papers which yield better returns than cash at bank.

The Group manages its interest rate exposure by maintaining a prudent mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings. The Group actively reviews its debt portfolio, taking into account the investment holding period and nature of its assets. This strategy allows it to capitalise on cheaper funding in a low interest rate environment and achieve a certain level of protection against rate hikes.

# (i) Interest rate risk (contd.)

Sensitivity analysis for the interest rate risk

		Effective interest rate per annum	terest rate	Group	an	Company	anv
	Note	31.12.2012 (%)	31.12.2011 (%)	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Loans and borrowings			•				
lease liabilities	(a)	2.35 - 3.88	2.35 - 3.88	642,772	782,037	222,114	176,591
- BaIDS	(Q)	7.50	7.50	35,000,000	40,000,000	1	ı
<ul> <li>Margin loan for share financing</li> <li>Revolving credits</li> </ul>	(C)	O	<b>o</b>	1	12,000,000	•	•
- secured	(c)	4.88	1	12,000,000	•	•	•
- unsecured	þ	5.9	5.9	60,000,000	000,000,000	000,000,09	000'000'09
				107,642,772	112,782,037	60,222,114	60,176,591

(a) Any fluctuation in interest rate is not expected to have a material impact on the financial performance of the Group and the Company.

The Group did not account for the fixed rate BaIDS at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the end of the reporting period would not affect the financial performance of the Group. **Q** 

The interest rate charged by the financial institution is at fixed rate. The amount is repayable on demand. The Group expects that any fluctuation or revision in interest rate will have no significant impact on the financial performance of the Group. <u>ပ</u>

The borrowings are given to a subsidiary of the ultimate holding corporation and all interest being charged by the bank are also being recharged to the fellow subsidiary. The Company also charged 3% administrative charges for any amount of interest that was paid on its behalf. Therefore, any fluctuation in interest rate is not expected to have a material impact on the financial performance of the D

#### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group or the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group actively manages its debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all refinancing, repayment and funding needs are met. As part of its overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient levels of cash or cash convertible investments to meet its working capital requirements. In addition, the Group strives to maintain available banking facilities of a reasonable level to its overall debt position. As far as possible, the Group raises committed funding from financial institutions and prudently balances its portfolio with some short term funding so as to achieve overall cost effectiveness.

## (ii) Liquidity risk (contd.)

# Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

At 31 December 2012	Note	Within 1 year RM	1 - 2 years RM	2 - 3 years RM	3 - 4 years RM	4 - 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM	Total RM
Group Financial liabilities:								
Trade and other payables Loan and borrowings	28	53,958,048	ı	ı	•	4,912,485	ı	58,870,533
- mie purchase and mance lease liabilities - Bai Bithaman Aiil Islamic	27	263,221	227,969	147,846	58,170	19,110	'	716,316
Debt Securities	26	7,625,000	7,250,000	11,875,000	11,125,000	5,187,500	1	43,062,500
- Revolving credits	26	72,000,000	•	•	ı	ı	ı	72,000,000

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(ii) Liquidity risk (contd.)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (contd.)

	Note	Within 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	3 - 4 ye	4 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
At 31 December 2012		N.	Ž.	Σ Σ	Ž Ž	N Y	Ž.	N.
Company								
Financial liabilities:								
Trade and other payables	28	2,549,426	ı	ı	ı	•	,	2,549,426
Loan and borrowings - Hire purchase and finance								
lease liabilities	27	72,676	64,716	50,593	40,167	19,112	1	247,264
- Revolving credits	26	60,000,000	•	1	1	1	•	60,000,000

40. Financial risk management objectives and policies (contd.)

(ii) Liquidity risk (contd.)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (contd.)

	Note	Within 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	3 - 4 years	4 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
At 31 December 2011		Z Y	Σ Σ	Σ Σ	ΣΥ	Σ Σ	Ž Y	Ā Ā
Group								
Financial liabilities:								
Trade and other payables Loan and borrowings	28	32,582,308	,	ı				32,582,308
- Hire purchase and finance								
lease liabilities	27	276,480	240,289	185,133	136,289	43,765	•	881,956
- Bai Bithaman Ajil Islamic								
Debt Securities	26	8,000,000	7,625,000	7,250,000	7,250,000 11,875,000 11,125,000	11,125,000	5,187,500	51,062,500
- Margin loan for share financing	26	12,000,000	•	•	•	•	•	12,000,000
- Revolving credits	26	000,000,09	-	1	-	-	-	60,000,000

40. Financial risk management objectives and policies (contd.)

(ii) Liquidity risk (contd.)

Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities (contd.)

	Note	Within 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	3 - 4 years	4 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
At 31 December 2011								
Company								
Financial liabilities:								
Trade and other payables Loan and borrowings	28	1,683,041	•	1	•	ı		1,683,041
lease liabilities - Revolving credits	27 26	60,888	49,744	41,784	27,661	17,235		197,312 60,000,000

#### (iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's sales transactions are mainly in Malaysian Ringgit and are thus not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

#### (iv) Credit risk

The Group's credit policy and guidelines assess, evaluate and monitor credit risk of trade receivables. Credit risk is controlled via credit worthiness checking, credit limits, credit term setting and approval and credit risk exception reporting. Trade receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis as well as on a case by case basis, especially for the purchasers of land.

#### Exposure to credit risk

At the reporting date, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

Information regarding credit enhancements for trade and other receivables is disclosed in Note 21.

At the reporting date, approximately 74% (31.12.2011: 77%) of the Group's trade and other receivables were due from related parties while 99% (31.12.2011: 99%) of the Company's receivables were balances with related parties.

#### Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Information regarding trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired is disclosed in Note 21. Deposits with banks and other financial institutions that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with or entered into with reputable financial institutions or companies with high credit ratings and no history of default.

#### Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired is disclosed in Note 21.

#### (v) Market price risk

The Group's principal exposure to market price risk arises mainly from changes in equity prices. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments to manage equity risk. Equity investments classified as non-current are held for the long term and the Group keeps itself updated on the latest financial performance and viability of such investments.

#### (v) Market price risk (contd.)

#### Sensitivity analysis for market price risk

At the reporting date, if the stock exchange quoted market bid prices had been 5% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's total comprehensive income for the year would have been approximately RM1,486,000 (31.12.2011: RM1,400,000) higher/lower, arising as a result of higher/lower fair value gains on available-for-sale financial assets.

#### 41. Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the businesses.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Group's policy is to ensure that the gearing ratio is kept low in order that it does not exceed 30% as far as possible to enable the Group to meet its financial obligations without encountering difficulties. The gearing equity ratios at 31 December 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

		Gro	up
	Note	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Total loans and borrowings	26	107,642,772	112,782,037
Trade and other payables	28	58,870,533	32,582,308
Less: Cash and bank balances	23	(184,950,094)	(146,713,619)
Net debt		(18,436,789)	(1,349,274)
Equity attributable to the owners of the parent Add: - Fair value adjustment reserve Total capital		468,442,596 2,176,023 470,618,619	431,362,626 3,449,971 434,812,597
Capital and net debt		452,181,830	433,463,323
Gearing ratio		0%	0%

#### 42. Segmental information

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments. No geographical segment analysis is prepared as the Group's business activities are predominantly located in Malaysia.

The Group is organised into three major business segments:

#### (i) Infrastructure

Maritime services in respect of the development of an integrated privatised project and encompassing operations of multipurpose port facilities, operation and maintenance of a bulk terminal, sales and rental of port related land and other ancillary activities;

#### (ii) Township development

Township development of real property and ancillary services; and

#### (iii) Management services and others

Provision of management services and other business segments which include property investment and distribution, none of which are of a sufficient size to be reported separately.

Except as indicated above, no operating segment has been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of the Group's business segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss which, in certain respects as explained in the table below, is measured differently from operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. Within the Group's business segments, the financing resources (including finance costs) and income taxes are not apportioned to the individual strategic operating units. These are managed and allocated as a whole against the total operating profit or loss of the business segments.

The directors are of the opinion that all inter-segment transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business and have been established on negotiated terms.

(3,407,875)**Σ** Per consolidated statements 157,382,465 536 5,928,828 874,112 (4,052,007)75,896,320 56,593,354 financial 157,383,001 Notes 4  $\mathbf{\omega}$ m U (35, 351, 819)(35, 351, 819)(24,999,001)R (132,528)(24,999,001)(22,684,001)Adjustments eliminations Total RM (3,407,875)157,382,465 25,873,113 (4,052,007)35,352,355 6,061,356 192,734,820 100,909,737 79,533,939 (381,830)(1,054,773)**8 ≥ Management** and others 15,115,215 40,246,216 25,873,113 29,176,029 services 26,382,633 25,131,001 3,002,321 (18,884)(242,690)**8** 10,221,354 23,800,785 Township development 43,941,692 54,163,046 17,680,128 447,525 (2,783,355)(2,978,350)Infrastructure 98,325,558 47,932,923 98,325,558 2,611,510 35,471,178 Reportable segment profit before income tax Reportable segment profit after income tax Inter-segment revenue External revenue Dividend income Interest income Finance costs

Total revenue

Results:

Revenue:

2012

Depreciation

42. Segmental information (contd.)

PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

42. Segmental information (contd.)

42.	42. Segmental information (contd.)			•	•			•	
		Infrastructure RM	Township development RM	Management services and others RM	Total	Adjustments and eliminations RM		Per consolidated financial statements RM	
	2012 (contd.)								
	Other non-cash items: Allowance for impairment loss in receivables	3,424,726	ı	•	3,424,726	•		3,424,726	
	Allowance for impairment loss in other investment	•	1	701	701	•		701	
	Gain on disposal of: - property, plant and equipment	(4,099)	•		(4,099)	ı		(4,099)	
	- port facilities	(2,999)	•	•	(2,999)	•		(2,999)	
	Property, plant and equipment written off	1,922	1	1	1,922	•		1,922	
	Reversal of provision for retirement benefits	000	•	ı	200	1		S	
	no longer required	ı	1	(78,896)	(78,896)	1		(78,896)	
	neversal or allowance for impairment loss in receivables	(46,226)	ı	1	(46,226)			(46,226)	
	Waiver of debts	(21,636)	1	(2,125,642)	(2,147,278)	1		(2,147,278)	
	At 31 December 2012								
	Assets and liabilities Additions to non-current assets								
	Property, plant and equipment	315,393	8,550	23,855,559	24,179,502	•	ш	24,179,502	
	Port facilities	1,019,615	1	1	1,019,615	1		1,019,615	
	Other investments	•	1	456,465	456,465	•		456,465	
	Reporting segment assets Reporting segment liabilities	212,987,329 (51,017,301)	157,022,207 (38,945,671)	651,642,747 (102,051,554)	1,021,652,283 (192,014,526)	(281,499,237) 13,151,898	ΔШ	736,901,651 (175,867,823)	
	) -								

PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD (210915-U)

42.	42. Segmental information (contd.)							
		Infrastructure RM	Township development RM	Management services and others RM	Total	Adjustments and eliminations RM		Per consolidated financial statements RM
	2011							
	Revenue External revenue	97,217,346	24,713,139	6,977,551	128,908,036	- (20 703	<	128,908,036
	Total revenue	97,217,346	26,171,139	26,222,884	149,611,369		<u> </u>	128,908,036
	Results							
	Interest income	1,768,885	1,602,929	4,326,019	7,697,833	•		7,697,833
	Dividend income	•	•	22,313,335	22,313,335	(19,113,335)	М	3,200,000
	Depreciation	(2,690,058)	(287,453)	(252,079)	(3,229,590)			(3,229,590)
	Finance costs	(3,356,890)	(20,599)	(1,152,463)	(4,529,952)			(4,529,952)
	Reportable segment profit before income tax	47,367,013	13,059,492	22,539,719	82,966,224		В	63,640,152
	Reportable segment profit after income tax	35,331,486	10,098,161	17,166,435	62,596,082	(15,212,739)	ပ	47,383,343
	Other non-cash items:							
	Allowance for impairment loss in receivables	1,059,987	1	48,028	1,108,015	(48,028)		1,059,987
	Fair value loss on other investments	ı	1	6,403,771	6,403,771			6,403,771
	Gain on disposal of:			ĺ	ĺ			ĺ
	- property, plant and equipment	1 (000	(18,498)	(16,497)	(34,995)			(34,995)
	- port facilities	(84,999)			(84,999)			(84,999)

42. Segmental information (contd.)

2. Segmental information (contd.)				_		-	-
	Infrastructure RM	Township development RM	Management services and others RM	Total	Adjustments and eliminations RM		Per consolidated financial statements RM
2011 (contd.)							
Other non-cash items: (contd.) Gain on disposal of investments in associate	1		(7.207)	(7.207)	(2.007.231)		(2.014.438)
Property, plant and equipment written off	329	,	` '	329			329
Port facilities written off	157,675	•	•	157,675			157,675
Provision for retirement benefits	1	•	36,000	36,000			36,000
Reversal of provision for retrenchment benefits no longer required	1	•	(7,417)	(7,417)			(7,417)
in receivables	(625,643)	•	1	(625,643)	•		(625,643)
Waiver of late payment interest Waiver of debts	- (50,000)	(1,395,007)	(1,305,612)	(2,700,619) (50,000)	1 1		(2,700,619) (50,000)
At 31 December 2011							
Assets and liabilities							
Additions to non-current assets	990 900	0 050 060	6 400 000	7 0 40 464			6 205 464
Property, plant and equipment Port facilities	2,466,252	2,333,202	. 193,033	2,466,252	(1,430,000)	ш	2,466,252
Investment properties	•	1,300,000	•	1,300,000			1,300,000
Other investments	•	•	1,405,458	1,405,458			1,405,458
Reporting segment assets	220,217,109	140,037,096	611,900,223	972,154,428	(296,895,584)	۵	675,258,844
Reporting segment liabilities	(63,718,259)	(40,191,086)	(80,031,618)	(183,940,963)	29,099,644	ш	(154,841,319)

#### 42. Segmental information (contd.)

Nature of adjustments and eliminations to arrive at amounts reported in the Note consolidated financial statements.

- A Inter-segment revenue are eliminated on consolidation.
- B The following items are added to/(deducted from) segment profit to arrive at "Profit before tax" presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

	2012 RM	2011 RM
Inter-segment dividends elimination Inter-segment sales elimination	(24,999,001) (10,221,354)	(19,113,335) (10,241,492)
Inter-segment costs elimination	10,221,354	10,028,755
	(24,999,001)	(19,326,072)

C The following items are added to/(deducted from) segment profit to arrive at "Profit net of tax" presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

	2012 RM	2011 RM
Inter-segment dividends elimination Inter-segment sales elimination	(24,999,001) (10,221,354)	(19,113,335) (10,241,492)
Inter-segment costs elimination	10,221,354	10,028,755
Unallocated corporate expenses	2,315,000	4,113,333
	(22,684,001)	(15,212,739)

**D** The following items are added to/(deducted from) segment assets to arrive at total assets reported in the consolidated statement of financial position:

	31.12.2012 RM	31.12.2011 RM
Inter-segment assets elimination		
- subsidiaries	(305,310,240)	(320,706,587)
Goodwill on consolidation	23,811,003	23,811,003
	(281,499,237)	(296,895,584)

#### 42. Segmental information (contd.)

Nature of adjustments and eliminations to arrive at amounts reported in the Note consolidated financial statements (contd.)

E The following items are added to/(deducted from) segment liabilities to arrive at total liabilities reported in the consolidated statement of financial position:

31.12.2012 31.12.2011 RM RM

Inter-segment assets/liabilities elimination - subsidiaries

13,151,898 29,099,644

#### 43. Authorisation of financial statements for issue

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 25 April 2013.

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### 44. Supplementary information - breakdown of retained profits into realised and unrealised

The breakdown of the retained profits of the Group and the Company as at 31 December 2012 into realised and unrealised profits is presented in accordance with the directive issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad dated 25 March 2010 and prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No.1 Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

	Group		Company	
	31.12.2012	31.12.2011	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Total retained profits of the Company and its subsidiaries				
- Realised	334,514,261	201,258,260	69,706,783	64,961,684
- Unrealised	(5,108,687)	(5,569,993)	-	-
	329,405,574	195,688,267	69,706,783	64,961,684
Less: Consolidation				
adjustments	(131,557,395)	(33,646,110)		
Retained profits as per	407.040.470	400 040 457	00 700 700	04.004.004
financial statements	197,848,179	162,042,157	69,706,783	64,961,684





#### FORM OF PROXY

	(FULL NAME IN BLOCK CAPITALS)		
of	(FULL ADDRESS)		
peine	g a member/members of <b>PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD</b> , hereby appoint		
- (	, ,		
	(FULL NAME IN BLOCK CAPITALS)		
of	(FULL ADDRESS)		
r fai	ling him/her,		
71 101			
	y/our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf, at the <b>TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL N</b>	IEETING of	the Company
	e held at Dewan Persidangan, Tingkat 4, Wisma Wan Mohamed, Jalan Panglima Bukit Gantang Wa		
	I Ridzuan on Wednesday, 26 June 2013 at 11:00 a.m. or at any adjournment thereof in the manne		
No.	Resolutions	For	Against
1.	To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2012 together with the Report of the Directors and Auditors thereon.		
2.	To approve the payment of a first and final dividend of 8.5 sen per share less income tax and a special tax exempt dividend of 1.1 sen per share for the year ended 31 December 2012.		
3.	To approve the increase in Directors' fees for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the payment of Directors' fees thereon.		
4.	To re-elect Tuan Haji Ab Rahman bin Mohammed who retires in accordance with Article 80 of the Company's Articles of Association.		
5.	To re-elect Dato' Abd Karim bin Ahmad Tarmizi who retires in accordance with Article 80 of the Company's Articles of Association.		
6.	To re-elect Dato' Aminuddin bin Md Desa who retires in accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association.		
7.	To re-appoint Messrs Ernst & Young as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.		
8.	As special business: Proposed Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature.		
9.	As special business: Proposed Amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company		
	se indicate with an "X" in the appropriate box above how you wish to cast your vote. If this formation as to how the proxy shall vote, the proxy shall vote or abstain as he/she thinks fit.)	is returne	d without any
Date	d this day of in the year		
	Number	er of ordinary	shares held
	ature/Seal		
.61.10			

#### Notes:

- A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy/proxies who may but need not be a member/ members of the Company to attend and vote in his/her stead and Section 149 (1)(b) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply.
- When a member appoints more than one proxy the appointments shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportion of his/her shareholding to be represented by each proxy.
- 3. Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint at least one proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said Securities Account.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his/her attorney duly authorised in writing or if the appointer is a corporation, either under its common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at D-3-7, Greentown Square, Jalan Dato' Seri Ahmad Said, 30450 Ipoh, Perak Darul Ridzuan at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the Annual General Meeting or at any adjournment thereof.
- Only members whose names appear in the Record of Depositors as at 19 June 2013 will be entitled to attend and vote at the above Meeting.
- 7. The registration for the above Meeting will commence on Wednesday, 26 June 2013 at 10:30 a.m.



Second Fold

	f Shareholder:	
	Passport No. / Company No	
Corresponde	ence Address:	
CDC Assess	-4 NT-	
CDS Accour	nt No	
Date:	Signature:	
First Fold		
— — — —		
		r
	THE SECRETARY	stamp
	PERAK CORPORATION BERHAD Co. No. 210915-U	Ĺj
	D-3-7, Greentown Square,	
	Jalan Dato' Seri Ahmad Said,	
	30450 Ipoh,	
	Perak Darul Ridzuan, Malaysia.	

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